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MINING TABLES

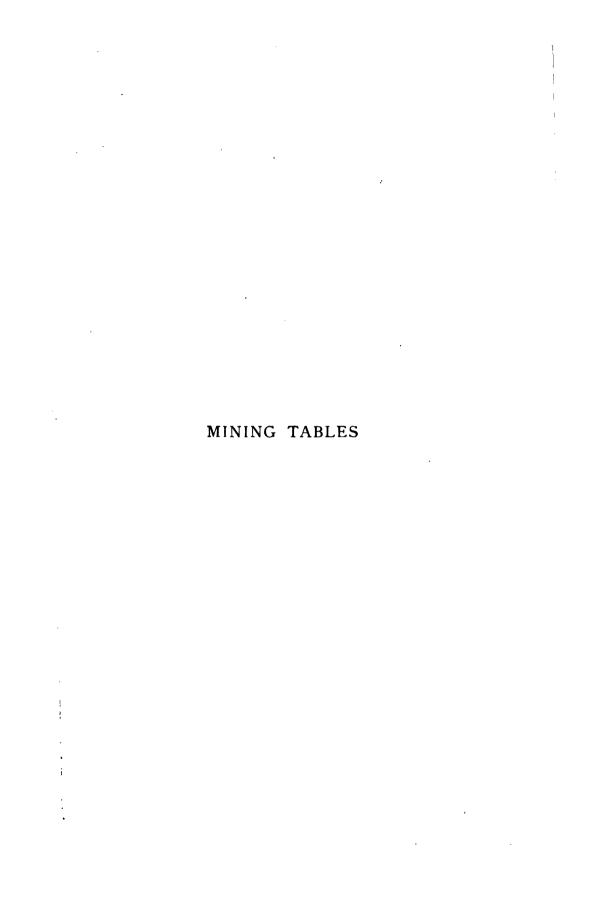
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MINING TABLES

BEING A COMPARISON OF THE UNITS OF WEIGHT,
MEASURE, CURRENCY, MINING AREA, ETC., OF
DIFFERENT COUNTRIES; TOGETHER WITH
TABLES, CONSTANTS & OTHER DATA
USEFUL TO MINING ENGINEERS
AND SURVEYORS

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PREFACE

Most engineers get together a quantity of formulae, constants and other data useful to them in the exercise of their profession, which are not always to be found in text-books. The authors, having arranged and tabulated a collection of this nature for their own use, decided to print it, believing that its pub lication would be of service to other workers in the same field.

The work thus begun has extended beyond the original plan, especially in regard to the tables of weight and measure, which have been compiled from the latest publications of the "Bureau international des Poids et Mesures" and of the Board of Trade. It appears that most published equivalents of the British Imperial and Metric measures of length are based either on a comparison made in Paris in 1818 by Arago and Kater, or on a comparison made in 1866 by Capt. A. R. Clarke of the Ordnance Survey. Similarly, Professor Miller's determination in 1844 of the avoirdupois pound as equal to 453.59265 grammes forms the usual basis of comparison for the weights of the British Imperial and Metric systems. The values adopted in this book are derived from determinations since made under the direction of the International Committee of Weights and Measures and of the Board of Trade, and legalised by Order in Council of the 19th May, 1898. In like manner the equivalents of the Russian weights and measures adopted are based on the results of Prof. D. Mendelieff's work in 1897, which were subsequently embodied in the Russian Weights and Measures Law of June, 1899.

The definitions of the electrical units given in Section II. of Part II. are taken chiefly from the Reports made to the Board of Trade in 1892 and 1894 by the Electrical Standards Committee, and the Order in Council made by her late Majesty on the

23rd August, 1894. They are defined in terms of the fundamental units of length (the centimetre), mass (the gramme), and time (the second), from which this system of units has come to be known as the c.g.s. (centimetre-gramme-second) system.

The compilation of the short section on thermal units disclosed the existence of much confusion in text-books, largely due to the various thermometric scales in use. There is also an absence of any agreement as to the terminology of the units. For instance, as Swinburne points out, there is no name for the unit of difference of temperature, "degree" being almost as primitive as "mark" or "notch." Again, the British thermal unit or pound-degree (Fahrenheit) has no name; and "calorie" may mean either the gramme-degree (Centigrade) or the kilogram-degree (Centigrade). In regard to specific heat, thermal capacity, calorific power and thermal efficiency, there is a lack of authoritative definition such as has fixed for all time the electrical units.

The mining data collected in Part V. refer rather to the physical properties of ore-bodies than to the mechanical devices for their extraction. Thus, hoisting, pumping and ventilation, to which many special treatises have been devoted, are not dealt with. On the other hand, tables are given by which the calculation and valuation of ore-reserves are assisted and simplified. The latest information regarding the question of underground temperatures is summarised. The various methods in use in different countries for expressing gold ore values and for stating copper prices are compared. Finally, there is a section on mining areas which has been carefully compiled from the laws now in force in the Colonies and in foreign countries where mining is carried on.

The data relating to surveying which comprise Part VI. include a description of the conventional methods in practical use for the coordination of survey points, also a description of the use of the tacheometer, and a table for the calculation of heights and distances from tacheometric readings.

¹ Entropy, by James Swinburne, Westminster, 1904.

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PART I. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

SECTION I. STANDARD UNITS.

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

Length.—The original intention of the founders of the Metric System was to select from nature itself some permanent and invariable unit of length, which could be measured with a high degree of precision, and might therefore be reproduced at will. The metre, which was the unit selected, was intended to be equal to one ten-millionth of a terrestrial meridian contained between the north pole and the equator.* The geodetic survey from Barcelona to Dunkirk, from which the length of the arc of the meridian was computed, was conducted by Méchain and Delambre between the years 1792 and 1798.

A platinum standard was then constructed and deposited in the

Since this book went to press the mass of a cubic decimetre of water at 4° C. has been finally agreed at 0.999972 kilogram by the delegates of the contracting States of the Metric Convention, at the General Conference, held in Paris last month. This value only differs by 2 in the sixth place of decimals from that given on page 4 (q.v.).

November, 1907.

purpose of constructing, restoring, and verifying new metric standards (now known as the international prototypes) to replace the standards of the Archives. Accurate copies of the new standards were also to be constructed for all the contracting States. Thirty-one standards of iridio-platinum, with a cross-section nearly of the shape of the letter X, known as the 'Tresca' form, were made, and compared with the Metre of the Archives and with one another. These were approved of by the International Committee in 1889, the standard most nearly approximating to the length of the Metre of the Archives being selected as the International Prototype Standard Metre and deposited in the Observatory at Breteuil. The remaining national prototype standards were distributed by lot to the different contracting States.

The British Prototype Standard Metre "is represented by the distance marked by two fine lines on the iridio-platinum standard bar numbered 16, when at the temperature of o° Centigrade. This bar is deposited with the Board of Trade." *

An elaborate series of researches carried on at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures has shown that it is possible, after all, to realise the desire of the founders of the Metric System to refer the metre to a natural unit; for the standard can be expressed in terms of wave-lengths of light. In 1893 Professor A. A. Michelson found that, by the interference method, 1553163.5 wave-lengths of the red ray of cadmium, measured in air at 15° C., under an atmospheric pressure of 760 millimetres, are equal to the length of the International Prototype Standard Metre.†

Weight.—The unit of weight in the Metric System is the Gramme, which was originally defined "as the absolute weight of a volume of pure water equal to a cube of the one-hundredth part of a metre, and at the temperature of melting ice." As this unit, however, is rather small for accurate weighings, a weight of 1000 grammes was adopted as the practical standard. The first step in the preparation of the original standard kilogram (1000)

^{*} Board of Trade Report, 367 of 1898, page 9.

[†] See "Détermination expérimentale de la valeur du mètre en longueurs d'ondes lumineuses," A. A. Michelson, vol. xi., Travaux et Mémoires, Bureau International des Poids et Mesures; also, Board of Trade Report, 373 of 1896, page 37.

grammes) was the determination of the weight in vacuo of a cubic decimetre (1000 cubic centimetres) of distilled water at its maximum density. This was found to be 18,827.15 grains of the Pile de Charlemagne. A platinum standard of that weight was then constructed and deposited in the Archives of the French Republic in 1799. It is known as the Kilogram of the Archives. In form it is cylindrical, with height equal to the diameter and with its edges slightly rounded. When the construction of new standards for the metre and the kilogram was authorised under the Metric Convention, it was decided, since the kilogram did not represent the mass of a cubic decimetre of water with scientific accuracy, to adopt the Kilogram of the Archives as the standard unit of weight, and subsequently to determine its true relation to the mass of a cubic decimetre of distilled water at its temperature of maximum density. Accordingly, in 1879, three iridio-platinum standard kilograms were made, cylindrical in form, and of a density of 21.55. They were compared with the Kilogram of the Archives and with one another; and in 1883 the one known as K III. was adopted as the International Prototype Standard Kilogram. It has since been designated by II, although it bears no mark. Forty cylindrical iridio-platinum national prototype kilograms were then made, and compared with and with one another. They were approved of by the International Committee in 1889, and distributed by lot to the different contracting States. The British Prototype Standard Kilogram "is represented by the cylindrical iridio-platinum standard kilogram weight numbered 18, which is deposited with the Board of Trade." *

Capacity.—The unit of capacity in the Metric System is the Litre, which was intended to be the volume of a cubic decimetre, so that a litre of distilled water at 4° C. should weigh exactly a kilogram. But on further investigation it was found that this was not scientifically accurate, and it was therefore decided by the International Committee to define the Litre as "the volume occupied by the mass one kilogram of pure water at its maximum density and under normal atmospheric pressure," this definition being sanctioned at the General Conference of 1901. Recent determinations of the weight in vacuo of a cubic decimetre of distilled water at its temperature of maximum

^{*} Board of Trade Keport, 367 of 1898, page 9.

density (4° C.) made independently by Benoît, Chappuis, Macé de Lépinay and Buisson, gave very uniform results, the mean of which was found to be 0.99974 kilogram.* This value has been provisionally adopted by the *Bureau international des Poids et Mesures* pending the completion of a further elaborate series of experiments now being made at the Bureau, the results of which will be announced at the sexennial General Conference of the delegates representing the contracting States of the Metric Convention, which is to be held at Paris in October, 1907. It is anticipated that any variation between the provisional and the new values will only affect the sixth decimal place. Consequently, for all practical purposes a litre can be regarded as the volume of a cubic decimetre, the error involved being only 26 parts in a million.

The British Standard Litre "is represented by the capacity at o° Centigrade of the cylindrical brass measure marked 'Litre, 1897' (which is deposited with the Board of Trade), and having a diameter equal to one half its height. This Litre at o° Centigrade when full contains one kilogram of distilled water at the temperature of 4° Centigrade, under an atmospheric pressure equal to that represented by a column of mercury 760 millimetres high at o° Centigrade, at sea level, and at latitude 45°; the weighing being made in air, but reduced by calculation to a vacuum." †

The Metric System is in use in the following countries, to the exclusion of the older systems, except where noted:

Argentine. Almost exclusively used.

Austria. Old system still sometimes used.

Belgium.

Brazil. In common use.

Bulgaria. Old system not entirely supplanted.

Chile. In common use.

Colombia. Both old and metric systems used.

Denmark. Used by State Railways; but not in general use. It has been made compulsory by a law passed in March, 1907.

Ecuador. Old system used in commerce, metric officially.

Egypt. Old system used in commerce, metric officially and by engineers, etc.

Finland.

^{*}See Procès-verbaux du Comité international des Poids et Mesures, Session 1905, p. 55.

⁺ Board of Trade Report, 367 of 1898, page 9.

France.

Germany. In general use, but old measures sometimes encountered.

Great Britain. Optional, but not in general use.

Greece. Very little used.

Guatemala. Used officially but not generally.

Hungary. In general use: old system dying out.

Italy. In general use, but old system still found in the south.

Japan. Not in general use.

Luxemburg. Old system practically obsolete.

Mexico. In general use: old system dying out.

Montenegro. In general use.

Netherlands. Almost entirely used, but old system sometimes encountered.

Norway.

Peru. Only used by Government.

Philippine Islands.

Porto Rico.

Portugal.

Russia. Optional, but not in general use.

Servia. In general use.

Siam. Used by railways and public works.

Spain. In general use, but old measures still encountered.

Sweden.

Switzerland.

United States of America. Optional, but not in general use.

Uruguay.

Venezuela. Only used officially.

THE BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEM.

Length.—The British Imperial Standard unit of length is the Yard. The 'line' standard constructed by Bird in 1760 having been lost in the fire which destroyed the Houses of Parliament in 1834, the present standard yard was made by Messrs. Baily and Sheepshanks in 1843, by reference to the 5-foot brass Shuckburgh scale of 1796, the two iron standards made for the Ordnance Survey in 1826-7, the brass tubular scale of the Royal Astronomical Society, and the Kater scale of 1831 made for the Royal Society.

It is a solid bar of 'Baily's metal' (16 parts by weight of

copper, $2\frac{1}{2}$ of tin, and 1 of zinc) 38 inches long, with a cross-section 1 inch square. Near its ends are two circular wells half an inch deep. At the bottom of these wells, and consequently on the 'neutral plane' of the bar, are gold studs, on which the fiducial lines are engraved, the distance between them forming the British Imperial Standard Yard at a temperature of 62° Fahr. It was legalised by the Standards Act of 1855. It is preserved at the Standards Office, Westminster, and has been in the custody of the Board of Trade since 1866.

Thirty-nine copies of this standard were made of the same material and dimensions. Four of these are specially designated Parliamentary Copies, which, by the Weights and Measures Act of 1878, must be compared with each other once in every ten years and with the Imperial Standard once in every twenty years, in order to ensure the perpetuation of the standard. These Parliamentary Copies are stamped with the temperature at which they represent the true standard, namely:

P.C. 2 in the custody of the Royal Mint: standard at 61.94° F.

P.C. 3 , Royal Society: standard at 62.10° F.

P.C. 4 ,, Royal Observatory, Greenwich: standard at 62.16° F.

P.C. 5 , New Palace, Westminster: standard at 61.98° F.

The remaining thirty-five copies were distributed to various nations and scientific institutions.

Weight.—The British Imperial standard unit of weight is the Avoirdupois Pound of 7000 grains. The standard troy pound of 5760 grains having been destroyed in the fire of 1834, the avoirdupois pound of 7000 grains was substituted as the standard, on the recommendation contained in a report submitted by the Parliamentary Standards Committee, Dec. 21, 1841; and the present standard pound was constructed by Prof. W. H. Miller in 1844 by reference to a troy pound belonging to the Royal Society, and a troy pound the property of Prof. Schumacher. It is of platinum, cylindrical in form, 1.35 inches high and 1.15 inches in diameter, with a density of 21.1572. It has a small groove in its circumference to permit of its being lifted with an ivory fork, and is marked 'P.S. 1844. I lb.'* on its upper surface. It was legalised in 1855, and is preserved at the Standards

* P.S. signifies Parliamentary Standard.

Office, Westminster, in the custody of the Board of Trade. As in the case of the unit of length, there are four Parliamentary Copies. Compared with the standard,

No. 1 P.C., which is in the custody of the Royal Mint, is 0.00051 grain too heavy.

No. 2 P.C., in the custody of the Royal Society, is 0.00089 grain too light.

No. 3 P.C., in the custody of the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, is 0.00178 grain too light.

No. 4 P.C., in the custody of the New Palace, Westminster, is 0.00314 grain too light.

The Weights and Measures Act of 1878 provides that one additional Parliamentary copy of the Standard Yard and of the Pound should be made. These were constructed and approved of by the Board of Trade, and were accordingly legalised by an Order in Council of Aug. 3, 1886.* The Board of Trade secondary standards, by which all other standards are tested, are required by the Act to be re-verified once every five years by comparison with these new Parliamentary copies.

Capacity.—The British Imperial standard unit of capacity is the Gallon, which is the volume of ten Imperial standard pounds of distilled water weighed in air against brass weights, with the water and air at a temperature of 62° Fahr. and under a barometric pressure of 30 inches. The standard is of brass, with a diameter equal to its depth, and bears the date of 1828. It is in the custody of the Board of Trade, and is deposited at the Standards Office, Westminster. A standard Bushel (equal to 8 gallons) is also preserved at the Standards Office as the unit of dry measure It is of gun-metal, with a diameter equal to twice its depth. It dates from 1824, and was verified in 1825.

The Weights and Measures Act of 1824 gives the weight of a cubic inch of distilled water under standard conditions as 252.458 grains, a value derived from weighings made by Sir George Shuckburgh in 1798† and Captain Henry Kater in 1821.‡ On this basis, 277.274 and 2218.192 cubic inches are the volumes of the Imperial gallon and bushel respectively.

^{*} Board of Trade Report 9, Sess. 2 of 1886, p. 1. This Parliamentary Copy of the pound is referred to as No. 5 P.C., and is deposited at the Standards Office.

[†] Philosophical Transactions, Royal Society, 1798, p. 133.

[‡] Phil. Trans., Roy. Soc., 1821, pp. 316, 326.

In 1889, Mr. H. J. Chaney determined the mass of a cubic inch of distilled water, freed from air, weighed in air against brass weights of a density of 8.143, with the water and air at a temperature of 62° Fahr. and the barometer at 30 inches, to be 252.286 grains ±.0002 grain.* The weight of a cubic foot of such water under similar conditions would therefore be 62.278601 lbs., and the volume of the Imperial gallon and of the bushel 277.46288 and 2219.70304 cubic inches respectively. Although no direct determination of the weight of a cubic inch of water has since been made, the foregoing values have been superseded. It has been found that I litre = 1.000026 cubic decimetres (see p. 4), and that 4.5459631 litres = I Imperial gallon (see p. 15); therefore, under standard conditions:

The weight of 1 cubic inch of water at 62° F. = 252.3253 grains.

and the volume of Timperial gallon inches

These values have been provisionally adopted by the Board of Trade Standards Department.

The Imperial Weights and Measures are now legally in force in the following Colonies, etc.:

Antigua. Tamaica. Sierra Leone. Barbadoes. Malta. Straits Settlements. Bermuda. Natal. South Australia. British Guiana. Nevis. St. Christopher. British Honduras. New Brunswick. St. Helena. Canada. New South Wales. St. Vincent. Cape of Good Hope. New Zealand. Transvaal. Cyprus. Nova Scotia. Tobago. Dominica. Orange RiverColony. Trinidad. Grenada. Queensland. Vancouver's Island, Hong Kong Rhodesia. Victoria.

Western Australia.†

An Act of 1897 permits the use of Metric Weights and Measures in the United Kingdom, and provides that the Board of Trade standards shall include metric standards.

^{*} Trans. Royal Society, 1892, pp. 331-354; also Board of Trade Report, 302 of 1889, p. 10.

[†] See Board of Trade Report 9, Sess. 2, 1886. The Orange River Colony, the Transvaal, and Rhodesia have since been included.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The weights and measures of the United States are practically identical with those of the British Imperial System, with the exception of the measures of capacity which, although defined in units having the same names and sub-divisions, have quite different volumes.

The use of the Metric System is recognised by an Act of 1866. Prototype standard meters, Nos. 21 and 27, and kilograms, Nos. 4 and 20, were received from the International Bureau of Weights and Measures in 1889, and Meter No. 27 and Kilogram No. 20 were adopted as the National Prototype Standards in 1890. In Bulletin No. 26 of the 5th April, 1893, issued by the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Government recognises "the International Prototype Meter and Kilogram* as fundamental standards," and states that "the customary units, the yard and the pound, will be derived therefrom in accordance with the Act of July 28, 1866." metric equivalents of the yard and the pound legalised by this Act differ in a slight degree from the British equivalents legalised in 1898, but the differences are so small that, for all practical purposes, they may be disregarded (see pp. 36 and 40). In 1901 the custody of the national standards was transferred from the Coast and Geodetic Survey to the Bureau of Standards, which was established in that year under the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Liquid Measure.—The standard unit of liquid measure is the U.S. Gallon, which is derived from the Queen Anne wine gallon of 1707. It is defined as having a volume of 231 cubic inches. It is also the standard unit of Apothecaries' Fluid Measure.

Dry Measure.—The standard unit of dry measure is the U.S. Bushel, which is derived from the old Winchester "struck" bushel. It is defined as having a volume of 2150.42 cubic inches. The U.S. Bushel measure has the form of an inverted frustum of a right cone of the following dimensions

^{*}i.e. the international metric standards deposited at Breteuil Observatory, near Paris.

(inside measurement): top diameter, $19\frac{1}{2}$ inches; bottom diameter, $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches; depth, 8 inches.

The dry measures are considerably larger than the *liquid* measures of the same name; for instance, the dry U.S. gallon $(\frac{1}{8}^{th} \text{ bushel}) = 268.8025$ cubic inches, while the *liquid* U.S. gallon = 231 cubic inches.

RUSSIA.

Length.—In 1833 the Russian units of length were defined in terms of British feet, and a standard Sagene (equal to 7 British feet) was constructed and compared with the British Imperial Standard Yard, and subsequently legalised by an Act of Oct. 1835. A standard Archine, equal to $\frac{1}{3}$ sagene, constructed by Prof. Kupffer, is recognised as the standard unit of length by a law passed in June 1899. It is an iridio-platinum 'line' standard of Tresca form, standard at $16\frac{2}{3}$ ° C. (62° F.), and is inscribed H 1894. It is defined as equal to 28 British inches or 0.711200 \pm 0.000001 metre.

Weight.—The standard unit of weight is the *Funt* or Russian pound. The standard Funt is of iridio-platinum of a density of 21.51 at $16\frac{2}{3}$ ° C., and is inscribed $\frac{H}{11}$ 1894. It was reproduced from the platinum funt of 1835, which was derived from a funt of 1747. It is defined as equal to 0.40951241 \pm 0.00000001 kilogram.

Capacity.—The standard units of liquid and dry measures are respectively the *Vedro* and the *Tchetverik*. The Vedro is defined as the volume of 30 funts, weighed *in vacuo*, of distilled water at a temperature of $16\frac{2}{3}$ ° C. The Tchetverik is defined as the volume of 64 funts of such water under similar conditions.

The national standards are deposited at St. Petersburg.

The law of June 1899, which became effective on Jan. 1, 1900, permits the use of the Metric System.

CHINA.

The Weights and Measures of China have different local names and values.* The only standards legally in use for international *See Dr. Williams' Chinese Commercial Guide.

SECT. I.]

purposes are those adopted in the foreign treaties for the payment of duties at the Foreign Maritime Customs. By Rule IV. of the Rules of Trade signed at Shanghai on Nov. 8, 1858, the weight of a Pikul (Tam) of 100 Katis (Kan or Chin) is defined as equal to 133\frac{1}{2} lbs. avoirdupois, and the length of a *Chang* of 10 Ch'ih as equal to 141 British inches. Similar equations were adopted in the Rules of Trade appended to other foreign treaties. standard Chinese weights verified for Hong Kong by the Board of Trade in 1900-ot were a Tam of 1331 lbs., a Kan of 11 lbs., The Standard Ying-tsao Ch'ih and a Tael of 11 oz. avoirdupois. or foot of the Chinese Board of Works, from which all measures connected with the Revenue, whether of length, capacity, or weight, are derived, is approximately equal to 12.5 British inches;* but different local commercial standards obtain A standard Chinese 'Chek' throughout the whole of China. (Ch'ih) of 145 inches, divided into 10 'Tsun,' and each Tsun into 10 'Fan,' was verified by the Board of Trade Standards Department in 1896-97 for Hong Kong, where both British and Chinese weights and measures are used.† Measures of capacity are seldom used-grains, liquids, etc., being mostly bought and sold by weight.

JAPAN.

In March 1891, a law was passed, with effect from Jan. 1, 1893, permitting the use of the Metric System. The same Act re-organised the national weights and measures, and defined them in terms of the metric units, prototype standards of which had been received in 1889.

Length.—The standard unit of length is the *Shaku*, which is defined as $\frac{10}{33}$ of the length of the national iridio-platinum prototype metre, standard at o°.15 Centigrade. The unit of square or land measure is the *Bu* or *Tsubo*, which is equal to a square, each side of which measures 6 shakus.

Weight.—The standard unit of weight is the *Kwan*, which is defined as equal to $\frac{1.5}{4}$ of the weight of the national iridio-platinum prototype kilogram. The density of a Japanese standard iridio-platinum Kwan weight of 3750 grammes was determined

^{*} Board of Trade Report 9, Sess. 2, 1886, pp. 46 and 49.

[†] Board of Trade Report, 392 of 1897, p. 6.

as 21.5423 at o° C. by the Board of Trade Standards Department in 1896-97.*

Capacity.—The standard unit of capacity is the Shô, which is defined as equal to 1.80391 litres.

The national standards are in the custody of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce at Tokio.

BRITISH INDIA.

Various weights and measures are in use in India, the local standards being kept by the district and municipal authorities.

Length.—The British Imperial yard, foot, and inch are statutory by the Measures of Length Act of 1889. This Act does not refer to square measures. A brass standard yard was verified by the Board of Trade Standards Department for the Government of India in 1889. It is inscribed: "Accurate copy of Imperial Standard Yard, 1889, Calcutta. Standard Yard at 85 degrees Fahrenheit." At the same time two similar standards were also supplied to the Presidencies of Bombay and Madras.†

Weight.—The standard unit of weight is the *Tola*, which is equal to 180 grains, the weight of the rupee. Primary standard iridio-platinum weights of 30, 20, and 10 Tolas were verified by the Board of Trade Standards Department for the Calcutta and Bombay Mints in 1892.‡

Capacity.—Measures of capacity are seldom used by the natives—grain, liquids, etc., being usually bought and sold by weight. Measures are made to contain certain weights of some commodities. They are really 'measures of weight,' and are named by the weights which they represent.

THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

The Straits Settlements Ordinance No. VII. of 1886 assimilates the weights and measures of the colony to the British Imperial System, with the exception of certain customary native weights, such as the Tahil, Kati, and Pikul, to which are assigned values in terms of British Imperial weights (see p. 30). The Board

^{*} Board of Trade Report, 392 of 1897, p. 6.

[†] Board of Trade Report, 302 of 1889, p. 6.

[#] Board of Trade Report, 364 of 1893, p. 13.

of Trade Standards Department assisted in the drawing up of the Ordinance, and verified a large number of copies of the Imperial standards for the colony.* They have also supplied other standards, such as the Kati = $1\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. avoirdupois, and a quarter-Chupah (2 Imperial gills), which contains ten fluid ounces of distilled water at 62° Fahr.† The standards of the colony are deposited at Singapore.

SOUTH AFRICA.

In Natal, the British Imperial is the legal system of weights and measures.‡ This is also the case in Cape Colony, British Bechuanaland, the Orange River Colony, the Transvaal, and Rhodesia, except that there is a special system of land measure. The unit of land measure is a foot "of such length that 1000 of such feet shall be equal to 1033 English feet as now by law defined and established for lineal measurement in England."§ This unit is termed the Cape Foot, and is a survival of the Rhynland foot used during the Dutch occupation of the Cape of Good Hope. Twelve Cape feet make a Rood and 600 square roods a Morgen. This system is used in all land surveys, and standard Roods are deposited with the Surveyor-General of each Colony.

EGYPT.

The use of the metric system is permitted by a decree issued by the Khedive Ismail in 1873. It has been adopted by the government for all purposes except the measurement of areas of land and the tonnage of ships, and is used by the public works, post office, customs and railway departments. A decree issued by the Khedive Mohamed Tewfik on the 28th April 1891, with effect from the 1st of January 1892, recognises the International Prototype Metre and Kilogram || as fundamental

^{*}Board of Trade Reports, 262 of 1887, p. 3, and 330 of 1888, p. 1.

[†] Board of Trade Keport, 302 of 1889, pp. 2 and 7.

[‡] See Natal Laws, No. 11 of 1852, No. 19 of 1872, and No. 39 of 1884.

[§] Cape Colony Law, No. 9 of 1859.

 $[\]parallel$ i.e. the international metric standards deposited at Breteuil Observatory, near Paris.

standards from which the Egyptian units of length, weight, and capacity are derived by means of equivalents stated in the decree (see page 17).

The old weights and measures are still in general use, the units being as follows:

Length.—There are several different units of length, namely: the *Diraâ baladi* or 'town' diraâ; the *Diraâ mimari*, which is used in building, etc.; the *Pike Istambuli* or Constantinople Pike, used in measuring cloth; and the *Kassabah*, used in land surveying. The *Feddan* of 333½ square kassabahs is the legal unit of land area.

Weight.—The standard unit of weight is the *Dirhem* (drachm). Capacity.—The standard unit of capacity is the *Ardeb*.

SECTION II. COMPARISON OF STANDARD UNITS.

THE METRIC AND BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEMS COMPARED.

In 1894-95 a comparison of the Yard with the Metre was made under the directions of the Board of Trade and the International Committee of Weights and Measures. The Parliamentary Copy of the Standard Yard, P.C. VI.. was first carefully compared with the Imperial Standard Yard at the Standards Office, Westminster. It was then taken to the International Bureau of Weights and Measures at Breteuil and compared with the International Prototype Standard Metre,* and the following result was confirmed at a meeting of the Metric Conference in September 1895.† At 16°.667 Centigrade the Imperial Yard is equal to 0.9143992 Metre, the temperature 16°.667 C. being taken as equal to 62° Fahrenheit; or, conversely, at 16°.667 C. (62° F.) the Metre is equal to 39.370113 inches.‡

In 1883 a comparison of the Pound and the Kilogram was made in the same manner. A copy of the pound was compared

^{*} Board of Trade Report, 432 of 1895, pp. 3 and 23.

⁺ Board of Trade Report, 373 of 1896, p. 37.

[‡] Determination du Rapport du Yard au Mêtre, by Dr. Benoît (Director of the International Bureau of Weights and Measures), Paris, 1896.

with the Imperial Standard at the Standards Office, and then with the International Prototype Kilogram at the International Bureau, with the following result: the Imperial Avoirdupois Pound weighed *in vacuo* at o° Centigrade is equal to 453.5924277 Grammes; or, conversely, the Kilogram is equal to 15432.35639 Grains.*

In comparing the units of capacity of the two systems, the weight in vacuo of distilled water at 4° C. contained in a Litre is compared with the weight in air of distilled water at 16°.667 C. (62° F.) contained in a Gallon. The Imperial Gallon is equal to 4.5459631 Litres; or, conversely, the Litre is equal to 1.75980 Pints. The Board of Trade equivalents of Metric and Imperial Weights and Measures, legalised by an Order in Council of May 19, 1898, are based on the foregoing comparisons, which may be summarised as follows:

```
1 Yard = 0.9143992 Metre.
1 Metre = 39.370113 Inches.
1 Pound = 453.5924277 Grammes.
1 Kilogram = 15432.35639 Grains.
1 Gallon = 4.5459631 Litres.
1 Litre = 1.75980 Pints.
```

The French Toise and the Austrian Klafter were the units of length formerly used in most of the European geodetic surveys. They are, however, no longer in use, having been superseded by the Metre. Compared with the Imperial Yard,

```
I Toise = 2.13151116 Yards.

I Klafter = 2.07403483 Yards.

I Metre = 1.09361426 Yards.†
```

THE UNITED STATES, THE METRIC, AND THE BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEMS.

Since 1893 the International Prototype Meter and Kilogram (deposited at Breteuil Observatory, near Paris) have been regarded in the United States as fundamental standards, from

^{*} Travaux et Mémoires, Comité international des Poids et Mesures, Tome IV., 1885; also Board of Trade Annual Weights and Measures Report, 1884.

[†] H. J. Chaney, Our Weights and Measures, London, 1897, p. 67.

which all units of weight and measure are derived in terms of the equivalents legalised by the Act of July 1866.* The U.S. yard is reproduced from the meter in terms of the equation:

1 yard = $\frac{3600}{3937}$ meter, while the British equivalent is: 1 yard = 0.9143992 metre. Therefore

1 U.S. Yard = 1.000002875 Imp. Yards,

a difference of only 2.875 in a million. U.S. and British measures of length can therefore be regarded as practically identical.

The British equivalent:

1 Avoirdupois Pound = 453.5924277 Grammes

has been adopted by the U.S. Bureau of Standards. U.S. and British weights are therefore exactly alike.

The Bureau of Standards equivalents of the U.S. units of capacity are:

- 1 U.S. Liquid Gallon of 231 cubic inches = 3.785434497 Liters.†
- 1 U.S. Bushel of 2150.42 cubic inches = 0.3523928160 Hectoliter.

The British equivalents are: 1 Imp. Gallon = 4.5459631 Litres, and 1 Imp. Bushel = 0.363677048 Hectolitre. Therefore

- 1 U.S. Liquid Gallon=0.83270 Imp. Gallon.
- I Imp. Gallon = 1.20001 U.S. Gallons.
- 1 Imp. Ganon = 1.20091 U.S. Ganons.
 1 U.S. Bushel = 0.96897 Imp. Bushel.
 - I Imp. Bushel = 1.03202 U.S. Bushels.

COMPARISON OF THE RUSSIAN WITH THE METRIC AND THE BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEMS.

In 1897 Prof. D. Mendelieff, acting on the authority of the Russian Government, determined the values of the Russian standard units in terms of those of the Metric System by a series of experiments made at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, which values were subsequently legalised by the Act of June 1899 (see page 10). The units of capacity are derived from the unit of weight by reference to the volume of distilled water at $16\frac{2}{3}$ ° C. The equivalents on which the conversion

^{*} Bulletin No. 26, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, 5th April, 1893.

[†]In the United States a liter is regarded as the volume of a cubic decimeter, which, according to the most recent determination (see p. 4), involves an error of only 26 parts in a million.

tables given on page 42 are based, may be summarised as follows:

```
I Archine = 28 British Inches or 0.711200 Metre.*
```

1 Funt = 409.51241 Grammes.

1 Vedro = 12.2993285 Litres.

I Tchetverik = 26.2385674

COMPARISON OF THE EGYPTIAN WITH THE METRIC AND THE BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEMS.

A decree issued by the Khedive Mohamed Tewfik on the 28th April, 1891, with effect from the 1st of January, 1892, defines the Egyptian units of length, weight, and capacity in terms of the international metric standards (deposited at Breteuil Observatory, near Paris) as follows:

1 Diraâ baladi = 0.580 Metre.

1 Diraâ mimari = 0.750 Metre.

I Kassabah = 3.550 Metres.

1 Dirhem = 3.12 Grammes.

1 Ardeb = 1.98 Hectolitres.

The decree also embodies a table of the legal Metric and British Imperial equivalents of the Egyptian weights and measures (see page 52).

In 1902 and 1903 the Board of Trade Standards Department verified standard Rotl and Oke weights for the Sudan Customs, 1 rotl being taken as equal to 0.990492 lb. and 1 oke as equal to 2.751367 lbs., these being the Egyptian legal equivalents.†

^{*28} British inches = 0.7111995 metre.

⁺ Board of Trade Reports, 334 of 1903, p. 7, and 348 of 1904, p. 6.

SECTION III. TABLES.

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

Weight.

	Uni	T.			Ѕұмвоі	VALUE IN GRAMMES		
Milligram,		•			mg.	.001 g.		
Centigram,	-	-	-	-	cg.	.01 g.		
Decigram,	-		-	-	dg.	.ı g.		
Gramme,	-	-	-	-	g.	1 g.		
Dekagram,	-			-	dag.	10 g.		
Hectogram,			-	-	hg.	100 g.		
Kilogram,			-		kg.*	1,000 g.		
Myriagram,	-		-	-		10,000 g.		
Quintal, -			-	-	q.	100,000 g.		
Tonne, Milli	er o	Met	ric To	on,-	t.	1,000,000 g.		

^{*}The abbreviation 'kilo' is frequently used for kilogram.

Lineal Measure.

	Uni	т.		Symbol.	Value in Metres.		
Micron, -					μ.	.000 001 m.	
Millimetre,	-	-	-	-	mm.	.001 m.	
Centimetre,	-			-	cm.	.01 m.	
Decimetre,	-	•		-	dm.	.1 m.	
Metre, -	-	-		-	m.	ı m.	
Dekametre,	-	-		-	dam.	IO m.	
Hectometre,		-			hm.	100 m.	
Kilometre,	-	-			km.	1,000 m.	
Myriametre,		•	-		Mm.	10,000 m.	
Megametre,				•		1,000,000 m.	

Square Measure.

Unit.	Symbol.	VALUE IN SQUARE METRES.
Square millimetre,	mm.2	.000 001 m. ²
Square centimetre,	cm.2	.0 001 m. ²
Square decimetre,	dm.2	.01 m. ²
Square metre or centiare, -	m.2 or ca.	I m.²
Are (square dekametre),	a.—dm.2	100 m. ²
Hectare (square hectometre),	ha.—hm. ²	10,000 m. ²
Square kilometre,	km.2	1,0 00,000 m. ²

Cubic Measure.

Unit.		Symbol.	VALUE IN (METRE:		
Cubic millimetre, -	-		mm.3	.000 000 00	or m. s
Cubic centimetre, -	-	-	cm.3*	.000 001	m.3
Cubic decimetre, -	-	-	dm.3	.001	m.3
Cubic metre or stere,	•	-	m.3 or s.		I m.3

^{*} The symbol c.c. is frequently used for the cubic centimetre,

Measure of Capacity.

Unit	•		Symbol.	VALUE IN LITRES.	es. Volume.		
Millilitre,			ml.	.001 l.	ı cm.		
Centilitre,			cl.	.or l.	10 cm. ⁵		
Decilitre,		-	dl.	.ı l.	100 cm.		
Litre, -		-	1.	r l.	ı dm.		
Dekalitre,	-		dal.	ro l.	10 dm.		
Hectolitre,		-	hl.	100 l.	100 dm.		
Kilolitre,		kl.	1000 l.	I m.3			

NOTE.—The weight *in vacuo* of a cubic decimetre of distilled water at 4°C. is .999974 kilogram (see page 4). Therefore for all practical purposes a litre may be regarded as the volume of a cubic decimetre, the error involved being only 26 parts in a million.

The above metric symbols are those adopted by the Comité international des Poids et Mesures.†

⁺ Procès-verbaux, Session 1905, p. 175.

THE BRITISH IMPERIAL SYSTEM.

Avoirdupois or Commercial Weight.

27.34375 grains = 1 drachm.

16 drachms = 1 ounce (oz.) = 437.5 grains.

16 ounces = 1 pound (lb.) = 256 drachms = 7000 grains.

28 pounds=1 quarter (qr.)=448 ounces.

4 quarters = 1 hundredweight (cwt.) = 112 pounds.

20 hundredweights = 1 ton = 80 quarters = 2240 pounds.

I stone=I4 pounds: I cental=I00 pounds: 20 centals=I 'short' ton of 2000 pounds.

The ton of 2240 lbs. is usually termed the 'long' ton, in contradistinction to the 'short' ton of 2000 lbs. To convert long into short tons, multiply by 1.12; or from short into long, divide by 1.12.

Ounces (avoir.) in Decimals of a Pound (avoir.).

Ounces.	Pound.	Ounces.	Pound.	Ounces.	Pound.
i i	.0156	5	.3125	101	.6562
1/2	.0312	51/2	·3437	11	.6875
2	.0468	6	∙375	1112	.7187
1	.0625	61/2	.4062	12	•75
11/2	.0937	7	·4375	121/2	.7812
2	. 1250	71/2	.4687	13	.8125
21/2	. 1 562	8	∙5	131/2	.8437
3	. 1875	81/2	.5312	14	.875
31/2	.2187	9	. 5625	141/2	.9062
4	.25	91	· 5937	15	.9375
41/2	.2812	10	.625	151/2	.9687

Troy Weight.

(Used for the weighing of precious metals.)

24 grains = 1 pennyweight (dwt.).

20 pennyweights = I ounce (oz. troy) = 480 grains.

12 ounces=1 pound (lb. troy)=240 pennyweights=5760 grains.

The grain is the same in both troy and avoirdupois weights.

The troy pound is seldom used.

The Diamond Carat and the Pearl Grain, although in general use, are not legal weights. They are thus defined by the Board of Trade: 151½ diamond carats or 600 pearl grains=1 troy ounce; therefore a diamond carat=3.1683 grains (205.30 milligrams) and a pearl grain =0.8 grain (51.84 milligrams).*

^{*}Board of Trade Reports, 330 of 1888, p. 13, and 302 of 1889, p.2.

Comparison of Avoirdupois and Troy weights.

```
I lb. avoir. = 14.583 oz. troy, logarithm = 1.1638568.

I oz. " = 0.9114583 oz. " = 9.9597368.

I oz. troy = 1.097143 oz. avoir., " = 0.0402632.
```

Grains and Dwts. in Decimals of a Troy Oz.

ı G	rain	=.0021	Oz.		I	Dwt.	=	.05	Oz.
2 G	rains	=.0042	,,		2	Dwts.	=	. I	,,
3	,,	=.0063	,,		3	,,	=	. 15	,,
4	,,	=.0083	,,		4	,,	=	.2	,,
5	,,	=.0104	,,		5	,,	=	.25	,,
6	,,	=.0125	,,		6	,,	=	٠3	,,
7	,,	=.0146	,,		7	,,	=	•35	,,
8	,,	=.0167	,,		8	"	=	٠4	,,
9	,,	=.0188	,,	ı	9	,,	=	٠45	,,
10	,,	=.0208	,,		10	,,	=	٠5	,,
11	,,	=.0229	,,		I	,,	=	.55	,,
12	,,	=.025	,,		12	,,		.6	,,
13	,,	=.0271	,,		13	,,	=	.65	,,
14	,,	=.0292	,,		14	,,	=	٠7	,,
15	,,	=.0313	,,		15	,,	=	•75	,,
16	,,	=.0333	,,		16	"		.8	,,
17	,,	=.0354	,,		17	,,	=	.85	,,
18	,,	=.0375	,,		18	,,	=	٠9	,,
19	,,	=.0396	,,	:	19	,,	=	•95	,,
20	,,	=.0417	,,	:	20	,,	= 1	0.1	,,
2 I	,,	=.0438	,,						
22	,,	=.0458	"						
23	,,	=.0479	,,						
24	,,	=.05	,,						

Grains in Decimals of a Dwt.

		=.0417					.5417	
2 (rain	s = .0833	,,	14	,,	==	. 5833	,,
3	,,	=.125	,,	15	,,	=	.625	,,
4	,,	=.1667	,,	16	,,	=	.6667	,,
5	,,	=.2083	,,	17	,,	=	.7083	,,
6	,,	=.25	,,	18	,,	=	·75	,,
7	,,	=.2917	,,	19	,,		.7917	,,
8	,,	=.3333	,,	20	,,		.8333	,,
9	,,	=.375	,,	21	,,	=	.875	,,
10	,,	=.4167	,,	22	"	=	.9167	,,
II	,,	=.4583	,,	23	"	=	.9583	,,
I 2	,,	=.5	,,	24	,,	=	1.0	,,

Apothecaries' Weight.

20 grains = 1 scruple (3.) 3 scruples = 1 drachm (5.)=60 grains. 8 drachms=1 ounce (3.)=480 grains. 12 ounces = 1 pound (lb.)=5760 grains.

Drugs are now often weighed by avoirdupois weight. The scruple and drachm are not introduced into the British Pharmacopæia, but are still used in prescriptions.

The ounce and pound are the same as in troy weight, while the grain is the same in avoirdupois, troy and apothecaries' weights.

Lineal Measure.

```
12 inches = 1 foot.
3 feet = 1 yard = 36 inches.
5½ yards = 1 rod, pole or perch = 16½ feet = 198 inches.
40 rods = 1 furlong = 220 yards = 660 feet.
8 furlongs = 1 statute mile = 1760 yards = 5280 feet.
```

I link=7.92 inches=0.66 foot; 100 links=1 Gunter's chain=66 feet; 80 chains=1 statute mile; 6 feet=1 fathom; 3 statute miles=1 league; 6075.6 feet=1 geographical mile.

Inches expressed in Decimals of a Foot.

Ins.	Foot.	Ins.	Foot.	Ins.	Foot.	Ins.	Foot.	Ins.	Foot.	Ins.	Foot.
0	.0000	2	.1667	4	•3333	6	.5000	8	.6667	10	.8333
1	.0208	1	.1875	1	.3542	1	.5208	1	.6875	1	.8542
$\frac{1}{2}$.0417	1/2	.2083	1/2	.3750	1/2	.5417	1/2	.7083	1/2	.8750
<u>3</u>	.0625	8 4	.2292	8 4	.3958	8 4	.5625	3 4	.7292	3	.8958
I	.0833	3	.2500	5	.4167	7	.5833	9	.7500	11	.9167
1	.1042	1	.2708	1	·4375	ł	.6042	1	.7708	1	.9375
1/2	.1250	1/2	.2917	1/2	.4583	1/2	.6250	1/2	.7917	1/2	.9583
$\frac{3}{4}$.1458	3	.3125	\$ 4	.4792	3 4	.6458	3 4	.8125	3 4	.9792

Fractions of an Inch expressed in Decimals of an Inch.

$\frac{1}{64} = .015625$	$\frac{17}{64} = .265625$	$\frac{33}{64} = .515625$	\$\frac{1}{2} = .765625
$\frac{1}{32} = .03125$	$\frac{9}{32} = .28125$	$\frac{1}{3}\frac{7}{3} = .53125$	3 = .78125
$\frac{3}{64} = .046875$	19 = .296875	$\frac{34}{2} = .546875$	\$1 = .796875
$\frac{1}{16} = .0625$	$\frac{5}{10} = .3125$	$1^{9}_{6} = .5625$.	18 = .8125
$\frac{5}{34} = .078125$	$\frac{21}{64} = .328125$	$\frac{87}{4} = .578125$	$\frac{53}{64} = .828125$
$\frac{3}{32} = .09375$	11 = .34375	$\frac{19}{32} = .59375$	$\frac{27}{32} = .84375$
$\frac{7}{64} = .109375$	83 = ⋅359375	8° = .609375	$\frac{11}{8} = .859375$
$\frac{1}{8} = .125$	$\frac{3}{8} = .375$	$\frac{5}{8} = .625$	$\frac{7}{8} = .875$
$\frac{9}{64} = .140625$	₹₹ = .390625	11 = .640625	$\frac{57}{64} = .890625$
$\frac{5}{32} = .15625$	$\frac{13}{32} = .40625$	$\frac{21}{32} = .65625$	₹§ = '90625
$\frac{11}{64} = .171875$	$\frac{27}{64} = .421875$	₹ 3 = .671875	發 = .921875
$\frac{3}{10} = .1875$	$\frac{7}{16} = .4375$	₽8 = .6875	18 = ⋅9375
$\frac{13}{64} = .203125$	$\frac{29}{64} = .453125$	₹ = .703125	81 = .953125
$g_{\overline{3}} = .21875$	$\frac{15}{32} = .46875$	$\frac{23}{32} = .71875$	31 = .96875
$\frac{15}{64} = .234375$	$\frac{31}{4} = .484375$	\$₹ = .734375	\$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{4} \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{2}
$\frac{1}{4} = .25$	$\frac{1}{2} = .5$	₹ = .75	1 = 1

Square Measure.

```
144 square inches = 1 square foot.
```

9 square feet = 1 square yard = 1296 square inches.

 $30\frac{1}{4}$ square yards = 1 square rod = $272\frac{1}{4}$ square feet.

40 square rods = 1 rood=1210 square yards=10890 square feet. 4 roods = 1 acre=160 sq. rods=4840 sq. yards=43560 sq.

= \mathbf{i} acre=100 sq. rods=4840 sq. yards=43500 sq. feet=10 sq. chains.

640 acres

= 1 square mile = 27,878,400 square feet.

In a square I acre in extent, each side measures 208.710 feet.

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, , $\frac{1}{2}$, , , ., 147.581 , , ., ., 104.355 ,

Cubic Measure.

1728 cubic inches = 1 cubic foot.

27 cubic feet = I cubic vard = 46656 cubic inches.

Imperial Measures of Capacity, both Liquid and Dry.*

```
4 gills = 1 pint (pt.) = 34.6775 cubic inches.
```

2 pints = 1 quart (qt.) = 69.355 ,, ,,

4 quarts = I gallon (gal.) = 277.420 ,, ,,

2 gallons = 1 peck (pk.) = 554.840 ,,

4 pecks = **r** bushel (bush.) = 2219.360 ,, ,,

8 bushels = 1 quarter (qr.) = 10.2748i cubic feet.

36 bushels = 1 chaldron (chal.) = 46.236 , ,

^{*}See page 8 for the determinations from which the volumes are derived.

I gallon (C.)

Apothecaries' Measure.

```
I fluid drachm (fl. dr.)=60 minims (min.)= 0.216734 cubic inch.
I fluid ounce (fl. oz.) = 8 fluid drachms = I.733875
                                                            inches.
                      =20 fluid ounces = 34.6775
1 pint (O.) '
                                                              ,,
                     = 8 pints
1 gallon (C.)
                                        =277.420
                                                              "
1 minim (m.) is the volume of 0.9114583 grain of distilled water at 62°F.
                             54.6875 grains
I fluid drachm (f.3.)
                                                  "
                                                          ,,
I fluid ounce (f.3.)
                             437.5
                                                          ,,
                                                                  "
1 pint (O.)
                             8,750
```

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

,,

70,000

Avoirdupois or Commercial Weight.

```
27.34375 grains = 1 dram.

16 drams = 1 ounce (oz.) = 437.5 grains.

16 ounces = 1 pound (lb.) = 7000 grains.

14 pounds = 1 stone.

2 stones = 1 quarter (qr.) = 28 pounds.

4 quarters = 1 hundredweight (cwt.) = 112 pounds.

20 hundredweights = 1 'long' ton = 80 quarters = 2240 pounds.

Also: 100 pounds = 1 quintal; 20 quintals = 1 'short' ton of 2000 pounds.
```

Troy Weight.

```
24 grains=1 pennyweight (dwt.).
20 pennyweights=1 ounce (oz. troy)=480 grains.
12 ounces=1 pound (lb. troy)=240 dwts.=5760 grains.
```

Apothecaries' Weight.

```
20 grains = 1 scruple (3).
3 scruples=1 dram (3)=60 grains.
8 drams = 1 ounce (3)=24 scruples=480 grains.
12 ounces = 1 pound=288 scruples=5760 grains.
```

In avoirdupois, troy, and apothecaries' weights the grain is of the same weight, and in troy and apothecaries' weights the ounce and pound are the same.

Lineal Measure.

```
12 inches = 1 foot (ft.).
```

3 feet = 1 yard (yd.) = 36 inches.

 $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards = 1 rod, pole or perch = $16\frac{1}{2}$ feet. 40 rods = 1 furlong = 220 vards = 660 feet.

8 furlongs = 1 statute mile = 1760 yards = 5280 feet.

= 1 league. 3 miles

Also: 7.92 inches=1 link; 100 links=1 Gunter's chain=66 feet; 80 chains = 1 mile.

3 inches=1 palm; 4 inches=1 hand; 9 inches=1 span.

6 feet = 1 fathom; 1 cable's length = 120 fathoms.

Square Measure.

144 square inches = 1 square foot.

9 square feet = 1 square yard = 1296 square inches.

30½ square yards = I square rod = 272½ square feet.

40 square rods = 1 rood = 1210 square yards.

4 roods = 1 acre=43560 square feet = 10 square chains.

640 acres = I square mile or section.

36 square miles = 1 township.

Cubic Measure.

1728 cubic inches = 1 cubic foot.

27 cubic feet = 1 cubic yard.

16 cubic feet = 1 cord. 24\frac{3}{4} cubic feet = 1 perch of stone or masonry.

128 cubic feet = 1 cord of wood.

Liquid Measure.

```
= 28.875 cubic inches.
              = 1 pint (pt.)
  4 gills
  2 pints
              = 1 quart (qt.)
                                 = 57.75
                                                ,,
              = I gallon (gal.)
  4 quarts
                                 =231.0
                                                 "
31 gallons
              = 1 barrel.
  2 barrels
              = I hogshead
                                  =63 gallons.
                                 = 126 gallons.
  2 hogsheads = I pipe or butt
                                  =252 gallons.
  2 pipes
              = I tun
```

Also: 42 gallons = I tierce; 2 tierces = I puncheon = 84 gallons.

Apothecaries' Fluid Measure.

```
60 minims (\mathbf{m}) = 1 fluid drachm (f.3) = 0.2256 cubic inch.
8 fluid drachms = I fluid ounce (f.3) = 1.8047
                                                     inches_
                                   = 28.875
16 fluid ounces = 1 pint (O.)
                                                       ,,
 8 pints
               = I gallon
                                   =231.0
```

Dry Measure.

```
2 pints = I quart = 67.2006 cubic inches.

4 quarts = I gallon = 268.8025 ,,

2 gallons = I peck = 537.605 ,,

4 pecks = I bushel = 2150.42 ,,

8 bushels = I quarter.

21½ bushels = I barrel (dry).

36 bushels = I chaldron.
```

Note that the dry measures are larger than the liquid measures of the same names.

RUSSIA.

Commercial Weight.

96 dolis = I zolotnik. 96 zolotniks=I funt. 40 funts = I pood.

Other weights sometimes used are: the loth=3 zolotniks; the lana =8 zolotniks; the berkovetz=10 poods; and the packen=3 berkovetz. Gold ore values are expressed in zolotniks per 100 poods (see pages 103 and 104).

Apothecaries' Weight.

```
60 medical grains = I medical drachme.

8 ,, drachmes = I ,, once.

12 ,, onces = I ,, funt = 84 zolotniks.
```

Drugs are now mostly weighed by metric weights.

Lineal Measure.

```
10 totchkas = 1 liniia.

17.5 liniias = 1 vershok.

16 vershoks = 1 archine.

3 archines = 1 sagene=48 vershoks.

500 sagenes = 1 verst.
```

The British Imperial foot and inch and the metre are also in use. The archine is used in mining and trade, the sagene in land measurement, and the foot and inch in engineering works.

Square Measure.

256 square vershoks = 1 square archine.

9 square archines = 1 square sagene = 2304 square vershoks.

2400 square sagenes = I dessiatina.

104.16 dessiatinas = 1 square verst = 250,000 square sagenes.

Cubic Measure.

4096 cubic vershoks = 1 cubic archine.

27 cubic archines = I cubic sagene = 110,592 cubic vershoks.

Liquid Measure.

10 tcharkas=1 schtoff.

10 schtoffs = 1 vedro.

16 boutylkas (bottles of wine) = 1 vedro.

20 boutylkas (bottles) = 1 vedro.

Dry Measure.

8 garnetz = I tchetverik.

4 tchetveriks=1 osmina.

2 osminas = 1 tchetvert.

12 tchetverts = 1 last.

1 cubic sagene = $\begin{cases} 789.67123 \text{ vedros.} \\ 46.2698 \text{ tchetverts.} \end{cases}$

CHINA.

Commercial Weight.

16 liang (taels or tabils) = 1 chin (kan or kati) = $1\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. avoir. 100 chin = tan (tam or pikul) = $133\frac{1}{3}$,

Silver Weight.

10 ssu = 1 hao (thousandths).

to hao = 1 li (hundredths—'cash').

10 li = 1 fên (tenths—'candareen').

10 fên = 1 ch'ien ('mace').

10 ch'ien = 1 liang (tael or tahil) = $1\frac{1}{3}$ oz. avoir.

Lineal Measure.

10 fan = 1 ts'un = 1.41 British inches. 10 ts'un = 1 ch'ih (covid) = 14.1 ,, 10 ch'ih = 1 chang (rod) = 141 ,,

The foregoing values are those of the British Treaty of 1858. They are used in the payment of duties at the Foreign Maritime Customs. At Hong Kong, where both British Imperial and Chinese weights and measures are in use, the present standard *chek* or *ch'ih* was verified by the Board of Trade. It measures 14½ inches, and is therefore 0.525 inch longer than the *ch'ih* of the British Treaty. The standard *ying-tsao ch'ih* of the Chinese Board of Works is approximately 12.5 inches. The Hong Kong weights are identical with those of the British Treaty.

Itinerary Measure.

5 ch'ih (covids)=1 pu (pace). 360 pu =1 li (about $\frac{1}{3}$ mile). 250 li =1 tu (degree).

Land Measure.

5 ch'ih (covids) = I kung (bow). 240 square kung = I mou (rood).

Cubic Measure.

100 cubic ch'ih = I fang or ma.

Measures of Capacity.

10 ho = 1 shêng=approx. 2 Imp. pints. 10 shêng=1 tou. 5 tou = 1 hu.

JAPAN.

Weight.

10 shi = 1 mô.
10 mô = 1 rin.
10 rin = 1 fun.
10 fun = 1 mommē.
160 mommē= 1 kin.
1000 mommē= 1 kwan.

Lineal Measure.

```
10 shi = 1 mô.
10 mô = 1 rin.
10 rin = 1 bu.
10 bu = 1 sun.
10 sun = 1 shaku.
6 shaku = 1 ken.
60 ken = 1 chô = 360 shaku.
36 chô = 1 ri = 12960 shaku.
```

For cloth measurement the kujira shaku is used. It is equal to I shaku 2 sun 5 bu.

Square Measure.

```
Io shaku = I gò.
Io gô = I bu or tsubo.
30 tsubo = I sē.
Io sē = I tan = 300 tsubo.
Io tan = I chô = 3000 tsubo.
```

A bu or tsubo equals 36 square shaku (1 square ken) of lineal measure.

Measures of Capacity.

```
Io shaku=I gô.
Io gô = I shô.
Io shô = I to.
Io to = I koku=100 shô.
```

In the above tables the same name is sometimes applied to units having no connection with each other. For instance, the *shaku* as a lineal measure is quite different from the *shaku* of square measure, which again has no connection with the *shaku* of capacity.

BRITISH INDIA.

The following weights are based on the tola, which is the weight of a rupee (180 grains). They are officially recognised, and are used on the railways, etc., but numerous local weights of varying value obtain throughout India. The Burmese viss of 100 tikals=3.65 lbs. avoir. exactly.*

^{*} See Board of Trade Report, 326 of 1901, p. 5.

Weight.

180 grains = I tola. 80 tolas = I seer. 40 seers = I maund. 20 maunds = I kandy.

Lineal Measure.

The Imperial yard, foot and inch are statutory by Act 2 of India, 1889. Various native measures, which are mostly based on the gus or yard, are also used.

Square Measure.

The biga is the common unit of land measure. It varies in size in almost every village.

The Bengal biga=approximately 1600 sq. yards.

The N.W. Province " = " 3025 " The Bombay " = " 3927 "

In Madras, the unit is the kani = approximately 6400 sq. yards.

THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

Ordinance No. VII. of 1886 assimilates the weights and measures used in the Straits Settlements to the British Imperial weights and measures, with the exception of the following weights:

10 hoons = 1 chee.

10 chee = 1 tahil (tael) = 1\frac{1}{3} oz. avoir.

16 tahils = 1 kati (kan) = 1\frac{1}{3} lbs ,,

100 katis = 1 pikul (tam) = 133\frac{1}{3} lbs ,,

40 pikuls = 1 koyan = 5333\frac{1}{3} lbs ,,

Measures of Capacity.

I pau or quarter chupah = 2 Imp. gills.

I half chupah = I ,, pint.

I chupah = I ,, quart.

I gantang = I ,, gallon.

SOUTH AFRICA.

The British Imperial system of weights and measures is used throughout British South Africa, but in the Cape Colony, British Bechuanaland, the Orange River Colony, the Transvaal and Rhodesia, a special system of land measure known as the Cape System is used:

Lineal Measure.

```
12 Cape inches = 1 Cape foot.

12 Cape feet = 1 rood.

425.94385 roods = 1 statute mile (1760 yards).

NOTE.—1 Cape foot = 1.033 British feet.
```

Square Measure.

```
    144 square Cape inches=I square Cape foot.
    144 square Cape feet =I square rood.
    600 square roods =I morgen.
```

EGYPT.

Commercial Weight.

```
12 dirhems (drachms) = 1 okieh.

12 okiehs = 1 rotl or rottolo = 144 dirhems.

400 dirhems = 1 oke.

36 okes

100 rotls

60 okes = 1 hamlah.

112 , = 1 Alexandria kantar.

200 , = 1 heml.
```

Jewellers' Weight.

```
4 kamhas=1 kirat.
16 kirats =1 dirhem.
24 , =1 mithkal.
```

Lineal Measure.

24 kirats = 1 diraâ baladi.

There are several diraâs (cubits or pikes) of different lengths in use, namely, the diraâ baladi or 'town' diraâ; the diraâ mimari, used in building, etc.; and the pike istambuli or Constantinople pike, used in measuring cloth.

The kassabah is the unit used in land surveying.

Square or Land Measure.

24	sohts	= 1	sahm.
4	sahms	= 1	da nek.
2	daneks	= I	habbah.
3	habbahs	= 1	kamel kirat.
24	kamel kirats	1 =	feddan (masri).
3331	square kassaba	ahs = 1	feddan (masri).

Measures of Capacity.

```
2 kirats
              = 1 karrūbah.
2 karrūbahs
              = 1 tūmnah.
2 tūmnahs
              = 1 rūbaah.
2 rūbaahs
               = 1 nesf kadah.
2 nesf kadahs= i kadah.
2 kadahs
              = 1 malwa.
2 malwas
               = ı rūb.
2 rūbs
               = 1 kilah.
2 kilahs
              = I webah.
6 webahs
               = I ardeb.
8 ardebs
               = 1 daribah.
7 rūbs
               = I small fard.
14 ,,
               = 1 large ,,
```

SECTION IV. CONVERSION TABLES.

In this section the scientific equivalents of the Metric and British Imperial weights and measures, together with the corresponding logarithms, are first given. These are followed by the Board of Trade legal equivalents of the Metric weights and measures, in which, as they are for use in trade, the same degree of accuracy is not required. The scientific equivalents of the United States and Metric weights and measures as published by the U.S. Bureau of Standards at Washington, and the shorter equivalents legalised in the United States by the Act of July 28, 1866, are also given. Then follow in the order named the Metric and British equivalents, together with the corresponding logarithms, of the Russian, Chinese, Japanese, British, Indian, Straits Settlements, Cape (S. Africa), and Egyptian weights and measures.

SCIENTIFIC EQUIVALENTS OF METRIC AND BRITISH IMPERIAL WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

METRIC TO BRITISH IMPERIAL.

Weight.

Metric.	Avoirdupois.	Logarithm.	
ı milligram (mg.)=	-	8.1884322	
I centigram (cg.) =		9.1884322	
1 decigram (dg.) =		0.1884322	
7 cramma (cr.) -	∫.00220462234 pound	7.3433342	
I gramme (g.)	= {.00220462234 pound 15.43235639 grains	1.1884322	
ı dekagram(dag.)=		9.5474542	
1 hectogram (hg.)=		0.5474542	
ı kilogram (kg.) =	= {2.20462234 pounds 15432.35639 grains	0.3433342	
		4.1884322	
	= 22.04622 pounds	1.3433342	
	= 1.96841 hundredweights	0.2941162	
I tonne (t.) =	$= \begin{cases} 0.98420640 \text{ tons of } 2240 \text{ lbs.} \\ 1.10231117 \text{ tons of } 2000 \text{ lbs.} \end{cases}$	9.9930862	
()	(1.10231117 tons of 2000 lbs.	0.0423042	
	Turn		
	Troy.	0	
ı gramme (g.) =	= {0.03215074248 ounce 0.64301485 pennyweight	8.5071910	
	(0.04301485 pennyweight	9.8082210	
	Apothecaries.		
	(0.25721 drachm	9.4102809	
1 gramme (g.) =	={0.77162 scruple	9.8874022	
	$= \begin{cases} 0.25721 & drachm \\ 0.77162 & scruple \\ 15.43235639 & grains \end{cases}$	1.1884322	
Lineal Measure.			
ı micron (μ.)	=.00003937 inch	5.5951667	
1 millimetre (mm.)	=.039370113 ,,	8.5951667	
I centimetre (cm.)	=.39370113 ,,	9.5951667	
1 decimetre (dm.)	= 3.9370113 inches	0.5951667	
	[39.370113 inches	1.5951667	
ı metre (m.)	= { 3.2808427654 feet	0.5159855	
	1.09361425513 yards	0.0388642	
ı dekametre (dam.		1.0388642	
1 hectometre (hm.		2.0388642	
ı kilometre (km.)	=0.62137173 mile	9.7933515	
	n.)=6.2137173 miles	0.7933515	
H.M.	c		

Sq	Logarithm.		
1 square millimetre (mm.2)	=.001550 square inch	7.1903333	
1 square centimetre (cm.2)	=.1550006 "	9.1903333	
square decimetre (dm.2)	= 15.50006 square inches	1.1903333	
1 square metre (m.²)	$= \begin{cases} 1550.005812 \text{ sq. inches} \\ 10.76392925 \text{ square feet} \\ 1.195992139 \text{ sq. yards} \end{cases}$	3.19033333 1.0319708 0.0777283	
1 are (sq. decametre) (adm.	2)=119.5992139 square yards	2.0777283	
ı hectare (ha.)	=2.4710581385 acres	0.3928830	
1 square kilometre (km.²)	=.386102834 square mile	9.5867030	
1 square myriametre (Mm.2)	= 38.6102834 ,, miles	1.5867030	
Cubic Measure.			
1 cubic millimetre (mm.3)	=.000061 cubic inch	5.7855000	
1 cubic centimetre (cm.3)	=.0610239 ,,	8.7855000	
1 cubic decimetre (dm.3)	=61.0239 cubic inches	1.7855000	
	61023.90426 cubic ins.	4.7855000	
I cubic metre or stere (m.3 or	1.5479563		
•	1.30795405226 cub. yds.	0.1165925	

Measures of Capacity.

I millilitre (ml.) = 16.89411 minims	1.2277353
I centilitre (cl.) =.07039 gill	8.8475241
1 decilitre (dl.) = .17598 pint	9.2454641
(1.75980 pints	0.2454641
I litre (l.) = $\begin{cases} 1.75980 \text{ pints} \\ .219975389 \text{ gallon} \end{cases}$	9.3423741
1 dekalitre (dal.)=2.19975389 gallons	0.3423741
I hectolitre (hl.) $= 2.74969236$ bushels	0.4392841
1 kilolitre (kl.) = 3.43711545 quarters	0.5361941

BRITISH IMPERIAL TO METRIC.

Weight.

	0.0 G-B	
Avoirdupois.	Metric.	Logarithm.
I grain	=64.79891824 milligrams	1.8115678
ı drachm	= 1.77185 grammes	0.5897191
I ounce	= 28.34953 ,,	1.4525458
7 nound	$= \begin{cases} 453.5924277 \text{ grammes} \\ .4535924277 \text{ kilogram} \end{cases}$	2.6566658
I pound		9.6566658
I stone	=6.35029 kilograms	0.8027938
ı quarter	= 12.70059 ,,	1.1038238
ı cental (1∞ lbs.)	=45.35924277 ,,	1.6566658
1 hundredweight	= 50.802352 ,,	1.7058838
I 'short' ton of 2000 l		9.9576958
I 'long' ton of 2240 lb	os. = 1.01604704 tonnes	0.0069138

Troy. Metric.	Logarithm.
1 grain = 64.79891824 milligrams	1.8115678
1 pennyweight = 1.555174 grammes	0.1917790
1 ounce $= 31.1034807566$ grammes	1.49 2809 0
Apothecaries. Metric.	Logarithm.
1 grain =64.79891824 milligrams	1.8115678
1 scruple $= 1.29598$ grammes	0.1125978
I drachm = 3.88794 grammes	0.5897191
1 ounce = 31.1034807566 grammes	1.4928090
Lineal Measure.	
ı inch = 25.39997 millimetres	1.4048333
I foot = .30479973 metre	9.4840145
1 yard = .9143992 metre	9.9611358
1 pole = 5.0291956 metres	0.7014985
I chain = 20.116782 ,,	1.3035585
I furlong = 201.16782 ",	2.3035585
1 statute mile=1.60934259 kilometres	0.2066485
Square Measure.	
1 square inch = 6.45158871 square centimetres	0.8096667
1 square foot = .092902877 square metre	8.9680292
1 square yard = .8361259 ,,	9.9222717
1 square perch = 25.2928084 square metres	1.4029970
1 rood = 1011.712335 ,,	3.0050570
1 acre = .404684934 hectare	9.6071170
1 square mile = 2.5899835784 square kilometres	0.4132970
Cubic Measure.	
1 cubic inch = 16.387021 cubic centimetres	1.2145000
I cubic foot =.02831677 cubic metre	8.4520437
I cubic yard=.76455285 "	9.8834075
W	
Measures of Capacity.	
Imperial. Metric.	Logarithm.
I gill = 1.42061 decilitres I pint = .56825 litre	0.1524759
1 quart = 1.13649 litres	9.7545359
1 quart = 1.13049 htres 1 gallon = 4.5459631 litres	0.0555659 0.6576259
	0.0570259
I peck = 9.091926 ,, I bushel = 3.63677 dekalitres	0.5607159
I quarter=2.9094164 hectolitres	0.4638059
. quarter - 2.9094104 nectonities	0.4030059

Apothecaries.	Metric.	Logarithm.
I minim	=.059192 millilitre	8.7722647
ı fluid drach	m=3.55153 millilitres	0.5504159
1 fluid ounce	=2.84123 centilitres	0.4535059
1 pint	=.56825 litre.	9.7545359
ı gallon	=4.5459631 litres	0.6576259

THE BOARD OF TRADE LEGAL EQUIVALENTS OF THE METRIC AND IMPERIAL WEIGHTS AND MEASURES FOR USE IN TRADE.*

METRIC TO BRITISH IMPERIAL.

Linear Measure.

```
      I millimetre (mm.) (\frac{1}{1000} m.) = 0.03937 inch.

      I centimetre (\frac{1}{100} m.) = 0.3937 ,,

      I decimetre (\frac{1}{10} m.) = 3.937 inches.

      I metre (m.) = \frac{39.370113}{3.280843} feet.

      I dekametre (IO m.) = 10.936 yards

      I hectometre (IOO m.) = 109.36 ,,

      I kilometre (IOO m.) = 0.62137 mile.
```

Square Measure.

I square centimetre	=0.15500 square inch.
1 square decimetre (100 square centimetr	res) = 15.500 square inches.
1 square metre (100 square decimetres)	$= \begin{cases} 10.7639 \text{ square feet.} \\ 1.1960 \text{ square yards.} \end{cases}$
1 are (100 square metres)	= 119.60 ,,
1 hectare (100 ares or 10,000 square metr	res) = 2.4711 acres.

Cubic Measure.

```
I cubic centimetre =0.0610 cubic inch.
I cubic decimetre (1000 cubic centimetres)=61.024 cubic inches.
I cubic metre (1000 cubic decimetres) = \begin{cases} 35.3148 \text{ cubic feet.} \\ 1.307954 \text{ cubic yards.} \end{cases}
```

Measures of Capacity.

```
1 centilitre (\frac{1}{100} litre) =0.070 gill.

1 decilitre (\frac{1}{10} litre) =0.176 pint.

1 litre =1.75980 pints.

1 dekalitre (10 litres) =2.200 gallons.

1 hectolitre (100 litres)=2.75 bushels.
```

^{*}These equivalents were legalised by Order in Council of May 19, 1898 (For the Scientific Equivalents see page 33.)

Weight.

```
Metric.
                                Avoirdupois.
1 milligram (\frac{1}{1000} \text{ grm.}) = 0.015 \text{ grain.}
1 centigram (\frac{1}{100} \text{ grm.}) = 0.154
ı decigram (10 grm.)
                           = 1.543 grains.
I gramme (I grm.)
                           = 15.432
1 dekagram (10 grm.) = 5.644 drams.
1 hectogram (100 grm.) = 3.527 ounces.
I kilogram (1000 grm.) = \begin{cases} 2.2046223 \text{ pounds or} \\ 15432.3564 \text{ grains.} \end{cases}
1 myriagram (10 kilog.)=22.046 pounds.
I quintal (100 kilog.)
                           = 1.968 hundredweights.
                           =0.9842 ton.
I tonne (1000 kilog.)
         Metric.
                                     Troy.
                              60.03215 ounce.
1 gramme (1 grm.)
                              15.432 grains.
         Metric.
                                 Apothecaries.
                               (0.2572 drachm.
I gramme (I grm.)
                               0.7716 scruple.
                               15.432 grains.
```

BRITISH IMPERIAL TO METRIC.

Linear Measure.

I inch = 25.400 millimetres. I foot (12 in.) = 0.30480 metre. I yard (3 ft.) = 0.914399 metre. I fathom (6 ft.) = 1.8288 metres. I pole $(5\frac{1}{2}$ yds.) = 5.0292 , I chain (22 yds.) = 20.1168 , I furlong (220 yds.) = 201.168 , I mile (8 furlongs) = 1.6093 kilometres.

Square Measure.

```
I square inch =6.4516 square centimetres.
I square foot (144 sq. ins.)=9.2903 square decimetres.
I square yard (9 sq. ft.) =0.836126 square metre.
I perch (30\frac{1}{4} sq. yds.) =25.293 square metres.
I rood (40 perches) =10.117 ares.
I acre (4840 sq. yds.) =0.40468 hectare.
I square mile (640 acres) =259.00 hectares.
```

Cubic Measure.

```
1 cubic inch
                           = 16.387 cubic centimetres.
1 cubic foot (1728 cub. ins.)=0.028317 cubic metre.
1 cubic yard (27 cub. ft.)
                          =0.764553
```

Measures of Capacity.

```
Imperial.
                            Metric.
I gill
                      = 1.42 decilitres.
1 pint (4 gills)
                      =0.568 litre.
I quart (2 pints)
                      = 1.136 litres.
I gallon (4 quarts)
                      =4.5459631 litres.
1 peck (2 gallons)
                      =9.092 litres.
1 bushel (8 gallons) = 3.637 dekalitres.
1 quarter (8 bushels) = 2.909 hectolitres.
```

Apothecaries.

Metric.

```
I minim
                                  =0.059 millilitre.
I fluid scruple
                                  = 1.184 millilitres.
I fluid drachm (60 minims)
                                  = 3.552
I fluid ounce (8 drachms)
                                  =2.84123 centilitres.
1 pint
                                  =0.568 litre.
I gallon (8 pints or 160 fluid oz.) = 4.5459631 litres.
```

Weight.			
Avoirdupois.	Metric.		
I grain	= 0.0648 gramme.		
ι dram	= 1.772 grammes.		
1 ounce (16 drams)	=28.350 ,,		
1 pound (16 oz. or 7000 grain	= 0.45359243 kilogram.		
ı stone (14 lbs.)	=6.350 kilograms.		
ı quarter (28 lbs.)	= I 2.70 ,,		
1 hundredweight (cwt.) (112			
1 ton (20 cwt.)	$= \begin{cases} 1.0160 \text{ tonnes or} \\ 1016 \text{ kilograms.} \end{cases}$		
Troy.	Metric.		
ı grain	=0.0648 gramme.		
1 pennyweight (24 grains)			
I troy ounce (20 pennyweig	rhts)=31.1035 "		
Apothecaries.	Metric.		
I grain	=0.0648 gramme.		

1 scruple (20 grains) = 1.296 grammes.

1 drachm (3 scruples) = 3.888 1 ounce (8 drachms) = 31.1035

COMPARISON OF UNITED STATES AND BRITISH IMPERIAL WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Lineal Measure.

United States and British Imperial Measures of length are practically the same, as I U.S. unit=1.000002875 Imp. units of the same denomination, a difference of 2.875 in a million.

Square Measure.

I U.S. unit = 1.00000575 Imp. units, a difference of 5.75 in a million.

Cubic Measure.

I U.S. unit = 1.000008625 Imp. units, a difference of 8.625 in a million.

Measures of Capacity.

Liquid.

1 U.S. liquid gallon=0.83270 Imp. gallon. $\log = 9.9204898$ = 1.20091 U.S. liquid gallons. 1 Imp. gallon

$\log = 0.0795102$

Dry.

I U.S. bushel = 0.96897 Imp. bushel. log = 9.9863111I Imp. bushel = 1.03202 U.S. bushels. $\log = 0.0136889$

Weights.

No difference.

EQUIVALENTS OF UNITED STATES AND METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES AS PUBLISHED BY THE U.S. BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WASHINGTON.*

Measures of Length.

Basis: 1 meter=39.37 inches.

I U.S. inch = 25.4000508 millimeter. I U.S. foot = 0.3048006096 meter. I U.S. yard = 0.9144018288 meter. I U.S. mile = 1.609347219 kilometers.	log = 1.4048346 log = 9.4840158 log = 9.9611371 log = 0.2066497
I millimeter = 0.03937 U.S. inch. I meter = 3.28083 U.S. feet.	log=8.5951654 log=0.5159842
1 kilometer = 0.6213699495 U.S. mile.	$\log = 9.7933503$

^{*} Tables of Equivalents, Washington, Nov. 1906. The U.S. legal equivalents are given on page 40.

Measures of Area.

I U.S. acre=0.4046872610 hectare.

log = 9.6071196

1 hectare = 2.471043930 U.S. acres.

 $\log = 0.3928804$

Measures of Volume.

1 U.S. cubic yard=0.7645594453 cubic meter.

 $\log = 9.8834113$

1 cubic meter = 1.307942772 U.S. cubic yards.

 $\log = 0.1165887$

Measures of Capacity.

Liquid.

Basis: 1 U.S. liquid gallon=231 cubic inches, and 1 cubic decimeter=1 liter.

1 U.S. liquid gallon = 3.785434497 liters.

log = 0.5781157

1 liter = 0.2641

=0.2641704673 U.S. liquid gall.

log = 9.4218843

Dry.

Basis: 1 U.S. bushel=2150.42 cubic inches, and 1 cubic decimeter=1 liter.

1 U.S. bushel=0.3523928160 hectoliter.

 $\log = 9.5470270$

1 hectoliter = 2.837742299 U.S. bushels.

 $\log = 0.4529730$

Weights.

Basis: 1 avoirdupois pound=453.5924277 grams.

The equivalents are therefore the same as those given for British Imperial Weights on pages 33 and 34.

THE EQUIVALENTS OF THE METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES LEGALISED IN THE UNITED STATES BY THE ACT OF JULY 28th, 1866.*

Measures of Length.

Metric denominations and values.	Equivalents in denominations in use.
Myriameter - - 10,000 meters. Kilometer - - 1,000 meters. Hectometer - - 100 meters. Dekameter - - 10 meters. Meter - - 10 meter. Decimeter - - 10 of a meter. Centimeter - - 10 of a meter. Millimeter - - 10 of a meter.	6.2137 miles. 0.62137 miles or 3280 feet and 10 inches. 328 feet and 1 inch. 393.7 inches. 39.37 inches. 3.937 inches. 0.3937 inch. 0.0394 inch.

^{*(}The scientific equivalents published by the Bureau of Standards, Washington, are given on page 39.)

Measures of Surface.

Metric denominations and values.	Equivalents in denominations in use.
Hectare 10,000 square meters. Are 100 square meters. Centiare 1 square meters.	2.471 acres. 119.6 square yards. 1,550 square inches.

Measures of Capacity.

Metric denominations and values.			Equivalents in denominations in use.		
Names.	Names. Number of liters. Cubic Measure. Dry Measure.		Liquid or Wine Measure.		
Kiloliter					
or stere	1,000	I cubic metre	1.308 cubic yards	264.17 gallons.	
Hectoliter	100	10 of a cubic meter	2 bushels and 3.35 pecks	26.417 gallons.	
Dekaliter	10	10 cubic decimeters	9.08 quarts	2.6417 gallons.	
Liter	I	r cubic decimeter	0.908 quart	1.0567 quarts.	
Deciliter	10	10 of a cubic decimeter	6. 1022 cub. inches	0.845 gill.	
Centiliter	100	10 cubic centimeters	0.6102 cubic inch	0.338 fluid ounce.	
Milliliter	1000	1 cubic centimeter	0.061 cubic inch	0.27 fluid dram.	

Weights.

Metric denominations and values.			Equivalents in denominations in use.
Names.	Number of grams.	Weight of what quantity of water at maximum density.	Avoirdupois Weight
Millier or tonneau	1,000,000	I cubic meter	2204.6 pounds.
Quintal	100,000	1 hectoliter	220.46 pounds.
Myriagram	10,000	10 liters	22.046 pounds.
Kilogram or kilo -	1,000	I liter	2.2046 pounds.
Hectogram	100	I deciliter	3.5274 ounces.
Dekagram	10	10 cubic centimeters	o. 3527 ounce.
Gram	. 1	I cubic centimeter	15.432 grains.
Decigram	10	10 of a cub. centimeter	1.5432 grains.
Centigram	100	10 cubic millimeters	0.1543 grain.
Milligram	1000	1 cubic millimeter	0.0154 grain.

EQUIVALENTS OF THE RUSSIAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Commercial Weight.

Russian	. Metric.	British.
1 doli	=44.43494 milligrams	=.6857358 grain.
	x=4.26575427 grammes	=65.83064 grains.
	(.40951241 kilogram)	(.902820208 lbs. avoir.
I funt	= \begin{cases} .40951241 kilogram \ 409.51241 grammes \ 409512.41 milligrams \end{cases}	$=$ { 13.1661280 oz. troy.
	409512.41 milligrams	6319.741457 grains.
		corprainted to the open of age of the
ı pood	$= \begin{cases} .0163804964 \text{ tonne} \\ 16.3804964 \text{ kilograms} \end{cases}$.01612178943 tons of 2240 lbs. .01805640416 tons of 2000 lbs.
		36.112808327 lbs. avoir.
		\526.6451214 oz. troy.

Apothecaries' Weight.

Russian.	Metric.	British.
1 medical grain	=62.20892 milligrams	=.96003017 grain.
1 medical drach	me = 3.732535 grammes	= 57.60181 grains.
1 medical once	=29.860280 ,,	=.96003017 oz. apoth.
1 medical funt	=358.323359 "	=11.5203620 ,,
Metric.	Russian.	Logarithm.
	:.0225048 doli	8.3522754
i gramme =	.23442513 zolotnik 16.074866 medical grai	9.3700042
. 8	l 16.074866 medical grai	
	o61048211 pood.	8.7856729
t kilogram -	2.44192844 funts	o. 3877 330
I Milogram -	234.42513 zolotniks	2.3700042
	.061048211 pood 2.44192844 funts 234.42513 zolotniks 22504.8125 dolis	4.3522754
metric } =	244.192844 funts	2.3877330
I tonne =	61.04821097 poods	1.7856729
British.	Russian.	Logarithm.
ı grain	= 1.4582875 dolis	0.1638432
1 ounce troy	=7.2914375 zolotniks	s 0.8628132
	(.027691006 pood	8.4423387
1 pound avois	r. = $\{1.10764025 \text{ funts}\}$	0.0443987
	$r. = \begin{cases} .027691006 \text{ pood} \\ 1.10764025 \text{ funts} \\ 106.333464 \text{ zolota} \end{cases}$	ni ks 2.02667 00
1 hundredwe	ight=124.055708 funts	2.0936168
1 'short' ton (2000 lb	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \\ \text{s.} \end{array} \right\} = 55.38201244 \text{ poods}$	1.7433687
1 'long' ton (2240 lb	=62.02785393 poods	1.7925868

Lineal Measure.

Russian.	Metric.	British.
1 totchka	=254 microns	=.or inch.
1 liniia	=2540 microns	=.1 inch.
ı vershok	=44.45 millimetres	= 1.75 inches.
I archine	=.71120 metre	=2 feet 4 inches.
	= 2.13360 metres	=7 feet.
ı verst	= 1.06680 kilometres	s=.66287 mile.

Metric.	Kussian.	Logarith m.
ı metre	$= \begin{cases} 1.40607424 \text{ archines} \\ 22.49718785 \text{ vershoks} \end{cases}$	1.1480082
1 metre	22.49718785 vershoks	1.3521282
1 kilometre	=.9373828 verst	9.9719170
British.	Russian.	Logarithm.
1 inch = 10		
1 foot = 6.8	57142 or 64 vershoks	0.8361432
ord - 5.0	00857142 or ₇₀₀₀ verst .285714 or 12 archines	7.9330532
$1 \text{ yard} = \int_{\Gamma} \Gamma$.285714 or 12 archines	0.1091444
I chain = 9.2	i2857i or 93 sagenes	0.9744459
I mile = 1.5	30857142 versts	0.1785659

Square Measure.

Russian.	Metric.	British.	
I square sagen	e=4.55224896 square metres	=49 square feet.	
ı dessiatina	= 1.09253975 hectares	= 2.6997245 acres.	
ı square verst	= 1.13806224 square kilometre	es=.43940829 sq. mile.	

Metric.	Russian.	Logarithm.
I square met	re = 1.97704477 square archines	0.2960165
1 hectare	=.9152985 dessiatina	9.9615628
1 sq. kilomet	tre=.87868656 square verst	9.9438340
British.	Russian.	Logarithm.
I square foot	t =47.0204 square vershoks	1.6722864
ı square yar	d=.18367347 square sagene	9.2640464
I acre	=.370408163 dessiatina	9.5686806
ा square mil	e = 2.2757878 square versts	0.3571318

Cubic Measure.

Russian.	Metric.	British.
1 cubic vershok = 87.8244	cubic centimetre	s = 5.359375 cubic inches.
1 cubic archine = .359728	88 cubic metre	= 12.703 cubic feet.
1 cubic sagene = 9.7126;	784 cubic metres	= 12.703 cubic yards.

Metric.	Russian.	Logarithm.
I cubic centimetre	=.0113864 cubic vershok	8. 0563848
I cubic decimetre	=.00277987 cubic archine	7.4440248
1 cubic metre (stere)=.10295821 cubic sagene		9.0126610
British	. Russian.	Logarithm.
	. Russian. h = 1000 cubic liniias.	Logarithm.
1 cubic inc		Logarithm. 8.8960696

Liquid Measure.

Russian.	Metric.	British.
1 tcharka	=.1229933 litre	=.216444 pint.
ı schtoff	=1.22993285 litre	
I vedro	= 12.2993285 litre	s=2.70555 gallons.
I boutylka (bottle of wine	e) = .76870803 litre	= 1.352775 pints.
ı boutylka (bottle)	=.6149664 ,,	= 1.08222 ,,

Dry Measure.

Russian.	Metric		B_{I}	ritish.
ı garnetz	= 3.27982093 litre	s =.	721480	gallon.
1 tchetverik	=26.2385674 litre	s =.	721480	bushel.
1 tchetvert	=2.09908539 hec	olitres =	5.77184	bushels.
ı last	=25.18902473	,, =	8.65776	quarters.
ı cubic sagen	e=97.1242585	" =	{ 267.06 2136.4	1832 bushels.

Metric.	Russian.	Logarithm.
ı litre	$= \begin{cases} 0.8130525 \text{ schtoff} \\ 1.300884 \text{ boutylkas of wine} \end{cases}$	9.9101186
1 nue	$-$ \1.300884 boutylkas of wine	0.1142386
1 hectolitre	$ = \begin{cases} 3.81118368 \text{ tchetveriks} \\ 8.130525184 \text{ vedros} \\ 38.110846 \text{ tchetveriks} \end{cases} $	0.5810599
	8.130525184 vedros	0.9101186
I cubic metre (stere)	$= \begin{cases} 38.110846 \text{ tchetveriks} \end{cases}$	1.5810486
(stere)	$\int_{0}^{\infty} \{81.303138 \text{ vedros}\}$	1.9101073

British.	Russian.	Logarithm.
I gallon	= {0.3696107 vedro 1.386040 garnetz	9.5677445
- Serion		0.1417757
I bushel	$= \begin{cases} 1.386040 \text{ tchetveriks} \\ 11.08832 \text{ garnetz} \end{cases}$	0.1417757
		1.0448657
	t = 1.0791790 tchetveriks 2.3022485 vedros 8.6334318 garnetz	0.0330935
I cubic foot	$= \{ 2.3022485 \text{ vedros} \}$	0.3621522
	(8.6334318 garnetz	0.9361835

Table for the conversion of Russian Vershoks into British Feet.

Vershoks.	Feet.	Vershoks.	Feet.	Vershoks.	Feet.	Vershoks.	Feet.
I	0.14583	5	0.72916	9	1.3125	13	1.89583
2	0.2916	6	0.875	10	1.4583	14	2.0416
3	0.4375	7	1.02083	11	1.60416	15	2.1875
4	0.583	8	1.16	12	1.75	16	2.3

Table for the conversion of Russian Archines into British Feet.

Archines.	Feet.	Archines.	Feet.	Archines.	Feet.	Archines.	Feet.
ī	2.3	31	72.3	61	142.3	91	212.3
2	4.6	32	74.6	62	144.6	92	214.6
3	7.0	33	77.0	63	147.0	93	217.0
4	9.3	34	79.3	64	149.3	94	219.3
5 6	11.6	35	81.6	65	151.6	95	221.6
6	14.0	36	84.0	66	154.0	96	224.0
7	16.3	37	86.3	67	156.3	97	226.3
8	18.6	38	88.6	68	158.6	98	228.6
9	21.0	39	91.0	69	161.0	99	231.0
10	23.3	40	93.3	70	163.3	100	233.3
11	25.6	41	95.6	71	165.6	200	466.6
12	28.0	42	98.0	72	168.o	300	700.0
13	30.3	43	100.3	73	170.3	400	933.3
14	32.6	44	102.6	74	172.6	500	1166.6
15	35.0	45	105.0	75	175.0	600	1400.0
16	37-3	46	107.3	76	177.3	700	1633.3
17	39.6	47	109.6	77	179.6	800	1866.6
18	42.0	48	112.0	78	182.0	900	2100.0
19	44.3	49	114.3	79	184.3	1000	2333.3
20	46.6	50	116.6	80	186.6	1100	2566.6
21	49.0	51	119.0	81	189.0	1200	2800.0
22	51.3	52	121.3	82	191.3	1300	3033.3
23	53.6	53	123.6	83	193.6	1400	3266.6
24	56.0	54	126.0	84	196.0	1500	3500.0
25	58.3	55	128.3	85	198.3	1600	3733-3
26	60.6	56	130.6	86	200.6	1700	3966.6
27	63.0	57	133.0	87	203.0	1800	4200.0
28	65.3	58	135.3	88	205.3	1900	4433.3
29	67.6	59	137.6	89	207.6	2000	4666.6
30	70.0	60	140.0	90	210.0		

EQUIVALENTS OF THE JAPANESE WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Weight.

	_	
Japanese.	Metric.	British.
ı mô =	3.75 milligrams	=.05787 grain.
	0.50	=.5787 grain.
	.375 gramme	
ı mommē=	3.75 grammes	= 57.8713365 grains.
ı kin =	600 grammes	= 1.3227734 lbs. avoir.
ı kwan =	3.75 kilograms	=8.26733378 lbs. avoir.
Metric.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
ı milligrar		9.4259687
I gramme	=.26 mommē	9.4259687
ı leilogram	$\mathbf{i} = \begin{cases} 1.6 \text{ or } 1\frac{2}{3} \text{ ki} \\ .26 \text{ kwan} \end{cases}$	n 0.2218487
i knogram	$=$ $\begin{cases} -26 \text{ kwan} \end{cases}$	9.4259687
British.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
1 grain	= 17.27971153 n	nô 1.237536 5
t lh avoir	$ = \begin{cases} .75598738 \text{ kg} \\ .12095798 \text{ kg} \end{cases}$	n 9.878514 5
i ib. avoii.	(.12095798 k	wan 9.0826345

Lineal Measure.

Japanese.	Metric.	British.
	$=\frac{1}{33}$ or .03 millimetre	=.001193 inch.
1 rin	$=\frac{10}{38}$ or .30 millimetre	=.01193 inch.
ı bu	$=\frac{19}{33}$ or .03 centimetre	=.11930337 inch.
1 sun	$=\frac{1}{33}$ or .03 metre	= 1.1930337 inches.
	ı= 33 or .3o metre	=.9941948 foot.
ı ken	$=\frac{20}{11}$ or 1.8i metres	= 1.98839 yards.
ı chô	$=\frac{1200}{11}$ or 109.09 metres	= 119.30337 yards.
		s = 2.440296 statute miles.
ı kujira shaku	ı= 28 or .378 metre	= 1.24274 feet.
(cloth measure	e)	

Metric. Japanese.	Logarithm.
ı millimetre=33 mô	1.5185139
metre = 3.3 shaku	0.5185139
1 kilometr e = .2546296 ri	9.4059090
British. Japanese.	Logarithm.
1 inch = .838199 sun	9.9233473
I foot = I.005839 shaku	0.0025285
1 yard=3.017517 shaku	0.4796498
1 mile = .4097863 ri	9.6125575

Square Measure.

Japanese	. <i>1</i>	Metric.	British.
ı shaku	=.03306 s	quare metre	=.3558 square foot.
ı gô	=.330578	square metre	= 3.558324 square feet.
I bu or tsi	1bo = 3.30578	51 square metre	s = 3.953693 square yards
ı sē	=.991735	54 are	= 39.53693 square yards
ı tan	=.099173	554 hectare	=.245064 acre.
ı chô	=.991735	537 hectare	= 2.45064 acres.
	Metric.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
I	square metr	e=.3025 tsubo	9.4807254
I	are	= 30.25 tsubo	1.4807254
I	hectare	=1.0083 chô	0.0036041
	British.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
	ı square foot	=.281031 gô	9.4487545
	ı square yard	d=.2529277 tsub	9.4029971
	ı acre	=.40805667 ch	ô 9.61 07205

Measures of Capacity.

Japanese.	Metric.	British.
ı shaku=.o	1804 litre	=.12698 gill.
1 gô =.18	3039 litre	=.3174515 pint.
$1 \mathbf{shô} = 1.8$	803 90 68 litr es	= 3.174515 pints.
1 to = 18	.039068 litres	= 3.968144 gallons.
1 koku = 1.8	3039068 hectolitre	s = 4.96018 bushels.
Metric.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
1 centilitre =	=.5543524 shaku	9.7437859
ı litre =	=.5543524 shô	9.7437859
1 hectolitre=	=.5543524 koku	9.7437859
British.	Japanese.	Logarithm.
1 pint =	= 3.15008 gô	0.4983218
ı gallon =	= 2.5200654 shô	0.4014118
I bushel=	=.2016052 koku	9.3045018

EQUIVALENTS OF THE INDIAN WEIGHTS.

Indian.	Metric.	British.
I tola	=11.66380528 grammes =	180 grains.
ı seer	=.933104423 kilogram =	
1 maund	= 37.3241769 kilograms =	82.285714 "
1 kandy	=.746483538 tonne =	(1645.714285 ,, .82285714 short ton (2000 lbs.). .7346939 long ton (2240 lbs.).
1 Burmese tika	al=16.55612361 grammes =	255.5 grains.
ı " viss	=1.655612361 kilograms =	3.65 lbs. avoir.
Metric.	Indian.	Logarithm.
I gramme =	={.0857353133 tola -{.0604006121 Burmese tika	8.9331598 .l 8.7810413
t kilogram -	= \{ 1.071691416 seers \} = \{ .604006121 Burmese viss	o.o300 697
		9.7810413
I tonne =	= 1.33961427 kandy	0.1269797
British.	Indian.	Logarithm.
	(38.8 tolas	1.5898256
ı pound avoir.	$= \begin{cases} 38.8 \text{ tolas} \\ .486 \text{ i seer} \\ .2739726 \text{ Burmese vis} \end{cases}$	9.6867356
	bs.)= 1.21527 kandy	o.0846 7 5 6
- l	bs.)= 1.36i kandv	0.1338936

EQUIVALENTS OF THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS WEIGHTS.

Straits Settlement	s. Metric.		British.
1 hoon (candareen			5.83 grains.
ı chee (mace)	= 3.7799369 grammes		
ı tahil (tael)	=37.799368975 "	=	583.3 ,, or 1\frac{1}{3} oz. avoir.
ı kati (kan)	=.6047899036 kilogram	=	1.3 or 13 lbs. avoir.
ı pikul (tam)	=60.47899036 kilograms	=	133.3 "
			(5333.3 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			2.6 or 23 short tons
1 koyan	=2.4191596144 tonnes	=	(2000 lbs.).
•			2.380952 long tons (2240 lbs.).
			(2240 lbs.).

Metric.	Straits Settlements.	Logarithm
ı milligran	n=.002645547 hoon	7.4225155
ı gramme	=.026455+68 tahil	8.4225155
ı kilogran	1 = 1.653466757 kati	0.2183955
I tonne	=.413366689 koyan	9.6163355
,	G G	

British.	Straits Settlements.	Logarithm.
I grain	=.1714285 or $\frac{12}{10}$ hoon	9.2340832
1 pound avoir.	=.75 or 3 kati	9.8750613
	s.)=.375 or $\frac{8}{8}$ koyan	9.574031 3
I long ton (2240 lb	s.)=.42 koyan	9.6232493

Note.—Similar weights to the above, but bearing different names, are used in China (see page 46.)

EQUIVALENTS OF THE CAPE (S. AFRICA) MEASURES.

Lineal Measure.

		Logarithm.
r Cape foot	= 1.033 British feet	=0.0141003
	=0.31485812453 metre	=9.4981149.
1 Cape rood	= 12.396 British feet	=1.0932816
	= 3.77829749440 metres	=0.5772961.
1 metre	= 3.1760336548 Cape feet	=0.5018851
	=0.26466947123 Cape rood	=9.4227039.
1 British foo	t=0.968054211036 Cape foot	=9.9858997
	=0.080671184253 Cape rood	=8.9067184
1 statute mile	=425.9438528557 Cape roods	s = 2.6293523.

Square Measure.

		Logarithm.
1 square Cape ro	ood=0.0035275669 acre	=7.5474752.
1 morgen	=0.85653191734 hectare	=9.9327435
	=2.1165401652 acres	=0.3256265.
1 hectare	= 1.1674988166 morgen	·=0.0672565.
I acre	=40821.337301762 square Cape	e feet = 4.6108872
	=283.48150904 square Cape ro	oods = 2.4525247
	=0.4724691817 morgen	=9.6743734.
I square mile	= 302.3802763093 morgen	= 2.4805535

LEGAL EQUIVALENTS* OF THE EGYPTIAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

(Legalised by a decree issued by the Khedive on the 28th April, 1891, with effect from the 1st of January, 1892.)

Commercial Weight.

Egyptian.	Metric.	British.
1 dirhem	= 3.12 grms.	=48.148928 grains.
1 okieh	= 37.44 grms.	= 1.320656 oz. avoir.
1 rotl or rottolg	=449.28 grms.	=.990492 lb. avoir.
ı oke		=2.751367 lbs. avoir.
ı kantar	=44.928 kilog.	$= \begin{cases} 99.049223 \text{ lbs. avoir.} \\ .0495246 \text{ short ton (2000 lbs.).} \\ .0442184 \text{ long ton (2240 lbs.).} \end{cases}$
1 hamlah	=74.880 kilog.	$= \begin{cases} 165.082039 \text{ lbs. avoir.} \\ .08254102 \text{ short ton (2000 lbs.).} \\ .07369734 \text{ long ton (2240 lbs.).} \end{cases}$
1 Alexandria kanta	r=139.776 kilog	$308.153139 \text{ lbs. avoir.}$ $.= \begin{cases} 308.153139 \text{ lbs. avoir.} \\ .15407657 \text{ short ton (2000 lbs.).} \\ .1375684 \text{ long ton (2240 lbs.).} \end{cases}$
ı heml	=249.60 kilog.	$= \begin{cases} 550.273463 \text{ lbs. avoir.} \\ .27513673 \text{ short ton (2000 lbs.).} \\ .2456578 \text{ long ton (2240 lbs.).} \end{cases}$

Jewellers' Weight.

Egyptian	n. Metric.	British.
ı kamha	=48.75 milligrams	=.752327 grain.
1 kirat	=.195 gramme	= 3.009308 grains.
		=48.148928 grains.
1 mithkal	=4.68 grammes	=72.223392 grains.
Metric.	Egyptian.	Logarithm.
ı gramme	= 5.1282 kirats	0.7099654
	=.32051282 dirhe	em 9.5058454
ı kilograr	n=2.2257835 rotls	0.3474829
	=.801282 oke	9.9037854
	=.022257835 kan	tar 8.3474829
1 tonne	=4.0064103 hem	s 0.6027554
British.	Egypti	an. Logarithm.
ı grain	=.3323023	kirat 9.5215333
	=.0207689	dirhem 8.3174133
I oz. troy	=9.969067	dirhems 0.9986545
1 lb. avoir.	= 1.00960 1	rotls 0.0041489
1 short ton (20	000 lbs.)=20.1920 l	kantars 1.3051789
I long ton (22	40 lbs.) = 22.6150 l	kantars 1.3543969
	=4.0707 h	emls 0.6096695

^{*}The relation of the British Imperial to the Metric equivalents given in these tables is not quite accurate, as will be seen by reference to page 14.

Lineal Measure.

Egyptian.	Metric.	British.
		$= \begin{cases} 22.835058 \text{ inches.} \\ 1.9029215 \text{ feet.} \end{cases}$
		$= \begin{cases} 29.5281 \text{ inches.} \\ 2.460675 \text{ feet.} \end{cases}$
ı pike istambuli	=0.665 metre	=2.18176 feet.
ı kassabah	= 3.550 metres	$= \begin{cases} 139.766304 \text{ inches} \\ 11.647192 \text{ feet.} \end{cases}$
Metric. 1	Egyptian.	Logarithm.
I metre = 1.724138	diraâs baladi	0.2365720
$=1.3 \text{ or } 1\frac{1}{3}$	diraâs mimari	0.1249387
	pikes istambuli	0.1771784
=.28169 k	assabah	9.4497716
British. Egy	ptian.	Logarithm.
1 foot = .525508	diraâ baladi	9.7205791
	diraâ mimari	9.6089458
	pike istambuli	9.661193 0
=.0858576		8.9337787
1 yard=.2575728	kassabah	9.4109000

Square Measure.

Egyptian.	Metric.	British.
ı square diraâ balad	i =.3364 square metre	= 3.62111 square feet.
ı square diraâ mima	ri=.5625 square metre	=6.05492 square feet.
1 square kassabah	= 12.6025 square metre	es=15.073009 sq. yards.
1 feddan	=.420083 hectare	= 1.038086 acres.*
Metric.	Egyptian.	Logarithm.

Egyptian.	Logarithm.
re=2.97265 square diraâs baladi	0.4731440
= 1.7 or 17 square diraas mimari	0.2498775
=.079349 square kassabah	8.8995433
=2.380480 feddans	0.3766646
Egyptian.	Logarithm.
=.27615845 square diraâ baladi	9.4411582
=.165155 square diraâ mimari	9.2178916
l=.06634374 square kassabah	8.8218000
=.9633113 feddan.	9.9837667
	re=2.97265 square diraâs baladi =1.7 or 17 square diraâs mimari =.079349 square kassabah =2.380480 feddans Egyptian. =.27615845 square diraâ baladi =.165155 square diraâ mimari d=.06634374 square kassabah

^{*} From the equivalent given on page 34, .420083 hectare=1.03805 acres.

Measures of Capacity.

		-
Egyptian.	Metric.	British.
kirat	=.06445 litre	=.453949 gill.
karrūbah	=.1289 litre	=.9079 gill.
tūmnah	=.2578 litre	= 1.815797 gills.
rūbaah	=.515625 litre	=.9079 pint.
nesf kadah	= 1.03125 litres	= 1.815797 pints.
ı kadah	=2.0625 litres	= 3.631595 pints.
ı malwa	=4.125 litres	= 3.631595 quarts.
ı rūb	=8.25 litres	= 1.815797 gallons.
ı kilah	= 16.5 litres	= 3.631595 gallons.
ı webah	= 33.0 litres	=7.26319 gallons.
ardeb	= 1.98 hectolitres	$s = \begin{cases} 43.579136 \text{ gallons.*} \\ 5.447392 \text{ bushels.} \end{cases}$
Metric.	Egyptian.	Logarithm.
1 hectolitre	e=.50 ardeb	9.7033348
ı litre	=.jo webah	8.481486 1
	=.6o kilah	8.7825161
	=.i2 rūb	9.0835461
	=.24 malwa	9.3845761
•	=.48 kadah	9.68 5606 1
	=.96 nesf kadah	9.9866361
	= 1.93 rūbaahs	0.2876661
	=3.87 tūmnahs.	0.5886961
	=7.75 karrūbahs	0.8897261
	= 15.5 i kirats	1.1907561
British	. Egyptian.	Logarithm.
	l=.18357409 ardel	
ı gallon	=.02294676 ardel	
	=.13768 webah	9.1388727
	=.275361 kilah	9.4399027
	=.550722 rūb	9.74 0 932 7
ı quart		9.4399027
1 pint	=.275361 kadah	9.4399027
	=.550722 nesf ka	
	= 1.1014445 rūba	
	=2.202889 tūmna	
1 gill	= 1.1014445 karri	
	=2.202889 kirats	0.3429927

^{*}The British legal equivalent of 198 litres is 43.55505 gallons.

SECTION V. COMPARISON OF PRICES AND RATES OF EXCHANGE.

COMPARISON OF FRENCH AND GERMAN PRICES FOR METRIC UNITS, BRITISH PRICES FOR IMPERIAL UNITS, AND UNITED STATES PRICES FOR UNITED STATES UNITS.

Francs Shillings per kilogram. Should pound.	Francs Shillings per per metre. yard.	Francs Shillings per per litre. British Imp. gal,	Francs Shillings per per British hectolitre. bushel.	Dollars per U.S. unit of weight or lineal measure. Shillings per British weight or lineal measure.
1 = .360 2 = .719 3 = 1.079 4 = 1.439 5 = 1.799 6 = 2.158	1 = .725 2 = 1.450 3 = 2.175 4 = 2.901 5 = 3.626 6 = 4.351	1 = 3.605 2 = 7.210 3 = 10.815 4 = 14.420 5 = 18.025 6 = 21.630	1 = .288 2 = .577 3 = .865 4 = 1.154 5 = 1.442 6 = 1.730	1 = 4.110 2 = 8.219 3 = 12.329 4 = 16.439 5 = 20.549 6 = 24.658
7 = 2.518 8 = 2.878 9 = 3.237	7 = 5.076 8 = 5.801 9 = 6.526	7 = 25.235 8 = 28.840 9 = 32.445	7 = 2.019 8 = 2.307 9 = 2.596	7 = 28.768 8 = 32.878 9 = 36.988
2.780=1 5.560=2 8.340=3 11.120=4 13.900=5 16.680=6 19.460=7 22.240=8 25.020=9	1.379=1 2.758=2 4.137=3 5.516=4 6.895=5 8.274=6 9.653=7 11.032=8 12.411=9	.277 = 1 .555 = 2 .832 = 3 I.110 = 4 I.387 = 5 I.664 = 6 I.942 = 7 2.219 = 8 2.497 = 9	3.467 = 1 6.935 = 3 10.402 = 3 13.869 = 4 17.337 = 5 20.804 = 6 24.272 = 7 27.739 = 8 31.206 = 9	.243=1 .487=2 .730=3 .973=4 1.217=5 1.460=6 1.703=7 1.947=8 2.190=9
Marks Shillings per per kilogram. avoir. pound.	Marks Shillings per per metre, yard.	Marks Shillings per per British litre. Imp. gal.	Marks Shillings per per Pritish hectolitre. bushel.	Cents per U.S. unit of weight or lineal measure. Pence per weight unit of weight or lineal measure.
1 = .444 2 = .888 3 = 1.332 4 = 1.776	1 = .895 2 = 1.790	1 = 4.450 2 = 8.901	1 = .356 2 = .712	1 = .493 2 = .986
5 = 2.220 6 = 2.664 7 = 3.108 8 = 3.552 9 = 3.996	8 = 2.685 4 = 3.581 5 = 4.476 6 = 5.371 7 = 6.266 8 = 7.161 9 = 8.056	3 = 13.351 4 = 17.801 5 = 22.251 6 = 26.702 7 = 31.152 8 = 35.602 9 = 40.053	3 = 1.068 4 = 1.424 5 = 1.780 6 = 2.136 7 = 2.492 8 = 2.848 9 = 3.204	3 = 1.480 4 = 1.973 5 = 2.466 6 = 2.959 7 = 3.452 8 = 3.945 9 = 4.439

Comparison of French and German Prices for Metric Units, British Prices for Imperial Units, and United States Prices for United States Units (Continued).

Francs Dollars per per avoir. kilogram. pound.	Francs Dollars per per metre. yard.	Francs Dollars per per U.S. litre. liquid gal.	Francs Dollars per per U.S. hectolitre. bushel.	Shillings Dollars per per British U.S. Imp. gal. liquid gal.
1 =.088	1 = .176	1 = .731	1 =.068	1 = .203
2 =.175	2 = .353	2 = 1.461	2 =.136	2 = .405
8 =.263	8 = .529	3 = 2.192	3 =.204	3 = .608
4 =.350	4 = .705	4 = 2.922	4 =.272	4 = .810
5 =.438	5 = .882	5 = 3.653	5 =.340	5 = I.013
6 =.525	6 = 1.058	6 = 4.384	6 =.408	6 = I.216
7 =.613	7 = 1.234	7 = 5.114	7 =.476	7 = I.418
8 =.700	8 = 1.411	8 = 5.844	8 =.544	8 = I.621
9 = .788	9 = 1.587	9 = 6.575	9 = .612	9 = 1.824
11.423 = 1	5.667 = 1	1.369=1	14.703 = 1	4.935 = 1
22.846 = 2	11.334 = 2	2.738=8	29.407 = 2	9.871 = 2
34.269 = 8	17.000 = 8	4.106=8	44.110 = 8	14.806 = 3
45.691 = 4	22.667 = 4	5.475=4	58.813 = 4	19.742 = 4
57.115 = 5	28.334 = 5	6.844=5	73.517 = 5	24.677 = 5
68.537 = 6	34.001 = 6	8.213=6	88.220 = 6	29.612 = 6
79.960 = 7	39.668 = 7	9.581=7	102.923 = 7	34.548 = 7
91.383 = 8	45.334 = 8	10.950=8	117.627 = 8	39.483 = 8
102.806 = 9	51.001 = 9	12.319=9	132.330 = 9	44.419 = 9

Marks Dollar per per kilogram. avoir. pound	per per	Marks Dollars per per litre. liquid gal.	Marks Dollars per per U.S. hectolitre. bushel.	Shillings Dollars per per U.S. British bus. bushel.
1 = .108	1 '= .218	1 = .901	1 =.084	1 = .236
2 = .216	2 = .435	2 = 1.802	2 =.168	2 = .472
3 = .324	3 = .653	3 = 2.703	3 =.252	3 = .707
4 = .432	4 = .871	4 = 3.604	4 =.335	4 = .943
5 = .540	5 = 1.088	5 = 4.505	5 =.419	5 = I.179
6 = .648 7 = .756 8 = .864 9 = .972	6 = 1.306 7 = 1.523 8 = 1.741 9 = 1.959	5 =4.505 6 =5.406 7 =6.307 8 =7.207 9 =8.108	6 = .503 7 = .587 8 = .671 9 = .755	5 = 1.179 6 = 1.415 7 = 1.650 8 = 1.886 9 = 2.122
9.263=1	4.595=1	1.110=1	11.923 = 1	4.241 = 1
18.526=2	9.190=2	2.220=2	23.847 = 2	8.483 = 2
27.789=3	13.785=8	3.330=3	35.770 = 8	12.724 = 3
37.052=4	18.380=4	4.440=4	47.693 = 4	16.965 = 4
46.316=5	22.975=5	5.550=5	59.616 = 5	21.207 = 5
55.579=6	27.570=6	6.660=6	71.540 = 6	25.448 = 6
64.842=7	32.165=7	7.770=7	83.463 = 7	29.689 = 7
74.105=8	36.760=8	8.880=8	95.386 = 8	33.931 = 8
83.368=9	41.355=9	9.990=9	107.310 = 9	38.172 = 9

TARLE.	OF	RATES	OF	EXCHANGE	FOR	MONEV

Country.	Gold Import Point.	Mint Parity.	Gold Export Point.
France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Holland, Germany, Austria-Hungary, - Scandinavia, Russia,	Francs 25.35 Florins 12.15 Marks 20.51 Kronen 24.20 Kroner 18.30 Roubles 9.6 (1 Rr.=25d.)	Fr. 25.22 Fl. 12.10\(\frac{3}{4}\) M. 20.43 Kr. 24.02 Kr. 18.16 Rs. 9.459 (1Rs. = 25\(\frac{3}{6}\)d.	Fr. 25.09 Fl. 12.04 M. 20.35 Kr. 23.90 Kr. 18.02 Rs. 9.366 (1Rs. = 25§d.)
United States of America,	Dollars 4.90	\$ 4.8665	\$ 4.84
British India, - {		Rupees 15 $(1 \mathbf{R} = 1s. 4d.)$	R 14.657 (1R=1s.43d.)
Egypt,	Piastres 97%	Piastres 97½	Piastres 978

The above table * gives the value of £1 sterling in the currencies of the following countries: France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Holland, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Scandinavia, Russia, United States of America, British India and Egypt.

The middle column gives the exchange at mint parity, i.e. the actual gold value of the foreign currency in comparison with the pound sterling, while the other columns show the extremes of fluctuation in the rate of exchange in normal times. In the left-hand column are the rates of exchange at which in sending remittances to London it would be more profitable to send gold than to purchase drafts; while in the right-hand column are the rates at which in remitting from London it would be more profitable to buy gold and send it abroad than to purchase drafts.

^{*}Kindly compiled by Mr. F. Moshack of the Deutsche Bank.

PART II. DATA RELATING TO FORCE AND ENERGY.

SECTION I. MECHANICAL UNITS.

Force.—The British unit of force is termed the *poundal*; it is that force which, acting on a mass of 1 lb. for one second, gives it a velocity of one foot per second. On the c.g.s. (centimetre gramme-second) system the unit of force is the *dyne*, which may be defined as that force which, acting on a mass of 1 gramme, gives it a velocity of 1 centimetre per second.

1 poundal = 13825 dynes.

Gravity.—The apparent acceleration (or increase of velocity per unit of time) of a body falling freely under the influence of gravity in vacuo (g) varies according to locality. The value of g in c.g.s. units is 981.17 centimetres per second at Greenwich, 980.94 at Paris, 981.25 at Berlin, 978.10 at the equator and 983.11 at the poles. The mean value adopted by the International Bureau of Weights and Measures for latitude 45° at sealevel is 980.665.* In British measure the value of g for London at sea-level is about 32.19 feet per second.† The length of the seconds pendulum for the same places is as follows:

Greenwich, 99.413 cm.; Paris, 99.390 cm.; Berlin, 9.422 cm.; equator, 99.103 cm.; and the poles, 99.610 cm.

Work.—The British unit of work is the *foot-poundal*. It is the work done by a force of 1 poundal acting over a distance of 1 foot. Work is also expressed in *foot-pounds*, the unit in this case being the work done when a body moves through 1 foot against a resistance of gravity equal to 1 lb.

I foot-pound = g poundals.

^{*} Comptes Rendus des séances de la Troisième Conférence générale des Poids et Mesures à Paris, 1901, p. 70.

[†] This is the value adopted by the Board of Trade Standards Department.

On the c.g.s. system the unit of work is the erg. It is the work done by a force of 1 dyne acting over a distance of 1 centimetre.

- I foot poundal = 421401 ergs.
- 1 foot-pound = 1.356×10^7 ergs (g being taken as 981).

Power.—The British unit of power or rate of doing work is the horse-power. It is equivalent to 33,000 foot-pounds per minute or 550 foot-pounds per second. The French unit—the force de cheval—is defined as 75 kilogram-metres per second. One "force de cheval" equals 0.9863 horse power or 542.48 foot-pounds per second, and conversely 1 horse-power = 1.01385 "force de cheval."

On the c.g.s. system the unit of power is 1 erg per second.

Taking g as equal to 981, we have

- 1 horse-power = 7.46×10^9 ergs per second.
- I force de cheval = 7.36×10^9 ergs per second.

SECTION II. ELECTRICAL UNITS.

Resistance.—The unit of electrical resistance is the ohm.* It is defined by the Board of Trade † as "the resistance offered to an unvarying electric currrent by a column of mercury, at the temperature of melting ice, 14.4521 grammes in mass of a constant cross sectional area and of a length of 106.3 centimetres." For practical purposes, however, the Board of Trade use as the standard of electrical resistance the resistance between the copper terminals of a coil of insulated wire of platinum alloy to the passage of an unvarying electrical current, at a temperature of 15.4 C. This standard is marked "Board of Trade Ohm Standard, verified 1894,"‡ and is deposited at the Board of Trade Standardising Laboratory. The ohm has the value of 109 absolute units on the C.G.S. system.

Current.—The unit of current is the ampere. It is defined by

^{*}The terms ohm and volt were first suggested by Sir C. Bright and Mr. Latimer Cross; together with ampere, coulomb and farad, they were adopted by an International Congress which met in 1881. The use of the terms joule, watt and henry was recommended by the Chamber of Delegates at the Chicago Exhibition in 1893.

[†] Final Report of the Electrical Standards Committee, 1894, p. 10.

[‡]This Standard was legalised by Order in Council of her late Majesty Queen Victoria of Aug. 23, 1894.

the Board of Trade as the electric current, which, when passed through a neutral solution containing 15 per cent. of nitrate of silver, deposits silver at the rate of 0.001118 of a gramme per second.* For practical purposes the standard used by the Board of Trade is the current "which is passing in and through the coils of wire forming part of the instrument marked 'Board of Trade Ampere Standard, verified 1894' when in reversing the current in the fixed coils the change in the forces acting upon the suspended coil in its righted position is exactly balanced by the force exerted by gravity in Westminster upon the iridio-platinum weight marked A and forming part of the said instrument."† The ampere has the value of $\frac{1}{10}$ or 10^{-1} C.G.S. units.

ı milli-ampere = $\frac{1}{1000}$ ampere.

1 kilo-ampere = 1000 amperes.

Pressure.—The unit of electrical pressure is the volt. It is "the pressure which, if steadily applied to a conductor whose resistance is one ohm, will produce a current of one ampere, and is represented by 0.6974 of the electrical pressure at a temperature of 15° C. between the poles of the voltaic cell, known as Clark's cell."‡ For practical purposes the unit is measured by a particular instrument marked "Board of Trade Volt Standard, verified 1894," deposited at the Board of Trade Standardising Laboratory. On the C.G.s. system the volt has the value of 108.

Quantity.—The unit of quantity is the *coulomb*. It is the quantity of electricity which in one second of time passes any part of a circuit in which the current has the strength of one ampere. Therefore I coulomb equals I ampere-second.

On the c.g.s. system the coulomb has the value of 10⁻¹.

1 micro coulomb =
$$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$$
 or 10^{-6} coulomb.

Capacity.—The unit of capacity is the farad. It is the capacity of a condenser charged to the potential of 1 volt by 1 coulomb of electricity. On the c.g.s. system the farad has the value of 10⁻⁹.

1 micro-farad =
$$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$$
 or 10^{-6} farad.

^{*} Final Rep. of the Elect. Stand. Comm., 1894, p. 10.

⁺ Loc. cit., p. 11.

[‡] Loc. cit. Clark's cell consists of zinc or an amalgam of zinc with mercury and of mercury in a neutral saturated solution of zinc sulphate and mercurous sulphate in water, prepared with mercurous sulphate in excess.

Work.—The unit of work is the *joule*. It is equivalent to the energy disengaged as heat in one second by a current of 1 ampere flowing through a resistance of 1 ohm, or in other words, under an electro-motive force of 1 volt.

1 joule = 107 ergs or absolute units of work.

Power.—The unit of power or rate of doing work is the *watt*. It is the work done at the rate of 1 joule per second. In other words, the watt represents the energy contained in a current of one ampere flowing under an electro-motive force of 1 volt. On the c.g.s. system the watt represents 10⁷ ergs per second. The practical unit of work is the *kilowatt*.

1 kilowatt = 1000 watts = 1.34 horse-power.

1 horse-power = 746 watts or .746 kilowatt.

The commercial or Board of Trade unit is the *kilowatt-hour*. It is defined by the Board of Trade as "the energy contained in a current of one thousand amperes flowing under an electro-motive force of one volt during one hour."

Induction.—The unit of induction is the henry. It is the induction in a circuit when the electro-motive force induced in this circuit is one volt, while the inducing current varies at the rate of one ampere per second.

On the c.g.s. system the henry has the value of 109.

Table of Horse Power and Kilowatts in terms of one another.

2 ,, = 1.492 Kilowatts. 2 Kilowatts = 2.681	,,
3 , = 2.238 , = 4.021	,,
4 , = 2.984 , 4 , = 5.362	"
5 , = 3.730 , = 6.702	"
6 ,, =4.476 ,, 6 ,, = 8.043	"
7 , = 5.222 , = 9.383	"
8 , = 5.968 , 8 , = 10.724	"
9 ,, =6.714 ,, 9 ,, =12.064	19

SECTION III. THERMAL UNITS.

The British thermal unit is the amount of heat required to raise I pound of water through I degree Fahrenheit. The thermal capacity of water varies slightly with the temperature; but the standard temperature of the water at which the unit should be defined has not yet been fixed by convention.

The French thermal unit is the therm or gramme-degree. It has also been termed the minor calorie. It is the quantity of heat required to raise I gramme of water through I degree Centigrade. It is sometimes defined as the amount of heat required to raise I gramme of water from 0° C. to 1° C., or as the one-hundredth part of the heat required to raise one gramme of water from 0° to 100° C.

The major calorie is the quantity of heat required to raise is kilogramme of water through i degree Centigrade.

- 1 major calorie = 1000 therms.
- I therm or minor calorie = 0.00396832 British thermal unit (log = 7.5986067).
- I British thermal unit = 251.99579 therms

 $(\log = 2.4013933).$

The capacity for heat (or thermal capacity) of a substance is the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of that substance I degree (Centigrade or Fahrenheit, according to the units in use).

The capacity for heat of water can be expressed thus:

1 calorie (therm) = 4.180 joules at 20° C.*

The specific heat of a substance is the ratio of the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of a given mass of any substance one degree to the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of an equal mass of water one degree (Glazebrook).

The latent heat of fusion is the quantity of heat required to change I gramme (or I lb.) of a substance from the solid to its liquid form without raising its temperature. The latent

^{*} Preston's Theory of Heat, 2nd edition, London, 1904, p. 322.

heat of fusion of ice is 80 therms (Bunsen) or 144 British thermal units.

The latent heat of vaporization of a liquid is the amount of heat required to change I gramme (or I lb.) of the liquid into vapour without raising its temperature. The latent heat of vaporization of water is 537 therms, or 967 British thermal units.

The evaporative power or calorific value of a fuel is the number of pounds of water evaporated at 212°F. by the combustion of 1 lb. of that fuel. It may be expressed in British thermal units by multiplying the number of pounds of water evaporated at 212°F. by 967 (the latent heat of vaporization of water).

The mechanical equivalent of heat. The symbol J is used to designate the number of units of work necessary to generate one unit of heat when the unit is all spent in generating heat. Prof. Rowland's experiments show that at 20° C.*

J = 427.5 gramme-metres = 779 foot-pounds,

i.e. the work done in raising { I gramme } through { 427.5 metres } { 779.0 feet } will, if spent in friction, raise the temperature of { I gramme } of water I degree { Centigrade } .

^{*} Preston's Theory of Heat, London, 1904, p. 45.

Thermometric Scales.

Comparative Table of Fahrenheit, Réaumur and Centigrade Degrees.

	Degrees.			Degrees.			Degrees.	-
Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.	Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.	Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.
212	80.0	100.0	171	61.8	77.2	130	43.6	54-4
211	79.6	99.4	170	61.3	76.7	129	43.1	53.9
210	79.1	98.9	169	60.9	76.1	128	42.7	53.3
209	78.7	98.3	168	60.4	75.6	127	42.2	52.8
208	78.2	97.8	167	60.0	75.0	126	41.8	52.2
207	77.8	97.2	166	59.6	74.4	125	41.3	51.7
206	77.3	96.7	165	59.1	73.9	124	40.9	51.1
205	76.9	96.1	164	58.7	73.3	123	40.4	50.6
204	76.4	95.6	163	58.2	72.8	122	40.0	50.0
203	76.0	95.0	162	57.8	72.2	121	39.6	49.4
202	75.6	94.4	161	57.3	71.7	120	39.1	48.9
201	75.1	93.9	160	56.9	71.1	119	38.7	48.3
200	74.7	93.3	159	56.4	70.6	118	38.2	47.8
199	74.2	92.8	158	56.0	70.0	117	37.8	47.2
198	73.8	92.2	157	55.6	69.4	116	37.3	46.7
197	73.3	91.7	156	55.1	68.9	115	36.9	46.1
196	72.9	91.1	155	54.7	68.3	114	36.4	45.6
195	72.4	90.6	154	54.2	67.8	113	36.0	45.0
194	72.0	90.0	153	53.8	67.2	112	35.6	44.4
193	71.6	89.4	152	53.3	66.7	III	35.1	43.9
192	71.1	88.9	151	52.9	66.1	110	34.7	43.3
191	70.7	88.3	150	52.4	65.6	109	34.2	42.8
190	70.2	87.8	149	52.0	65.0	108	33.8	42.2
189	69.8	87.2	148	51.6	64.4	107	33.3	41.7
188	69.3	86.7	147	51.1	63.9	106	32.9	41.1
187 186	68.9	86.1	146	50.7	63.3	105	32.4	40.6
185	68.4	85.6	145	50.2	62.8	104	32.0	40.0
	68.0	85.0	144	49.8	62.2	103	31.6	39.4
.184 183	67.6	84.4	143	49.3	61.7	102	31.1	38.9
182	67.1	83.9	142	48.9	60.6	IOI	30.7	38.3
181	66.7	83.3 82.8	141	48.4	1 .	100	30.2	37.8
180		82.2	140	48.0	60.0	99	29.8	37.2
	65.8		139	47.6	59.4	98	29.3	36.7
179	65.3	81.7	138	47.1	58.9	97	28.9	36.1
178	64.9	81.1	137	46.7	58.3	96	28.4	35.6
177	64.4	80.6	136	46.2	57.8	95	28.0	35.0
176	64.0	80.0	135	45.8	57.2	94	27.6	34.4
175	63.6	79.4	134	45.3	56.7	93	27.1	33.9
174	63.1	78.9	133	44.9	56.1	92	26.7	33.3
173	62.7	78.3	132	44.4	55.6	91	26.2	32.8
172	62.2	77.8	131	44.0	55.0	90	25.8	32.2
	<u> </u>		U	1	ŀ		l	l

Comparative Table of Fahrenheit, Réaumur and Centigrade Degrees (Continued).

	Degrees.			Degrees.			Degrees.	
Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.	Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.	Fahr.	Réaum.	Cent.
89 88	25.3 24.9	31.7 31.1	48 47	7. I 6. 7	8.9 8.3	.7	- II.I - II.6	- 13.9 - 14.4
87	24.4	30.6	46	6.2	7.8	5	- 12.0	- 15.0
86	24.0	30.0	45	5.8	7.2	4	- 12.4	- 15.6
85	23.6	29.4	44	5.3	6.7	3	- 12.9	- 16.1
84	23.1	28.9	43	4.9	6.1	2	- 13.3	- 16.7
83	22.7	28.3	42	4.4	5.6	I	- 13.8	- 17.2
82	22.2	27.Š	41	4.0	5.0	0	- 14.2	- 17.8
18	21.8	27.2	40	3.6	4.4	- 1	- 14.7	- 18.3
80	21.3	26.7	30	3.1	3.9	- 2	- 15.1	- 18.9
79	20.9	26.1	38	2.7	3.3	- 3	- 15.6	- 19.4
7 8	20.4	25.6	37	2.2	2.8	-4	- 16.0	- 20.0
77	20.0	25.0	36	1.8	2.2	- 5	- 16.4	- 20.6
76	19.6	24.4	35	1.3	1.7	-6	- 16.9	- 2I.I
75	19.1	23.9	34	0.9	1.1	- 7 - 8	- 17.3	- 21.7
74	18.7	23.3	33	0.4	0.6		- 17.8	- 22.2
73	18.2	22.8	32	0.0	0.0	-9	- 18.2	- 22.8
72	17.8	22.2	31	- 0.4	- 0.6	- 10	- 18.7	- 23.3
71	17.3	21.7	30	-0.9	- 1.1	- I I	- 19.1	- 23.9
70	16.9	21.1	29	- 1.3	- 1.7	- I2	- 19.6	- 24.4
69	16.4	20.6	28	- 1.8	- 2.2	- 13	- 20.0	- 25.0
68	16.0	20.0	27	- 2.2	- 2.8	- 14	- 20.4	- 25.6
67	15.6	19.4	26	- 2.7	- 3.3	- 15	- 20.9	- 26.I
66	15.1	18.9	25	- 3. I	- 3.9	- 16	-21.3	- 26.7
65	14.7	18.3	24	- 3.6	- 4.4	- 17	- 21.8	- 27.2
64	14.2	17.8	23	- 4.0	- 5.0	81 –	- 22.2	- 27.8
63	13.8	17.2	22	- 4.4	- 5.6	- 19	- 22.7	- 28.3
62	13.3	16.7	21	- 4.9	-6.1	- 20	- 23.1	- 28.9
61	12.9	16.1	20	- 5.3	- 6.7	-21	- 23.6	- 29.4
60	12.4	15.6	19	- 5.8	- 7.2	- 22	- 24.0	- 30.0
59 58	12.0	15.0	18	-6.2	- 7.8	- 23	- 24.4	- 30.6
58	11.6	14.4	17	-6.7	- 8.3	- 24	- 24.9	- 31.1
57	11.1	13.9	16	- 7. I	- 8.9	- 25	- 25.3	- 31.7
56	10.7	13.3	15	- 7.6	- 9.5	- 26	- 25.8	- 32.2
55	10.2	12.8	14	- 8.0	- 10.0	- 27	- 26.2	- 32.8
54	9.8	12.2	13	- 8.4	- 10.6	- 28	- 26.7	- 33.3
53	9.3	11.7	12	- 8.9	- 11.1	- 29	- 27.1	- 33.9
52	8.9	11.1	11	- 9.3	- 11.7	- 30	- 27.6	- 34.4
51	8.4	10.6	10	- 9.8	- 12.2	- 31	- 28.0 - 28.4	- 35.0
50	8.0	10.0	9	- IO.2	- 12.8	- 32	- 28.9	- 35.6 - 36.1
49	7.6	9.4	°	- 10.7	- 13.3	- 33	- 20.9	- 39·i
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

To convert Fahrenheit degrees to Centigrade or Réaumur, subtract 32 and multiply the difference by $\frac{5}{9}$ or $\frac{4}{9}$ respectively. To convert Centigrade or Réaumur to Fahrenheit, multiply by $\frac{9}{8}$ or $\frac{9}{4}$, as the case may be, and add 32 to the product. To convert Centigrade to Réaumur, multiply Centigrade degrees by $\frac{4}{5}$; and to convert to Centigrade, multiply Réaumur degrees by $\frac{4}{5}$. To obtain absolute temperature, add 273° to the Centigrade scale.

Photometric Standards.

The British unit of light, the candle power, as originally defined,* is the illuminating power of a sperm candle $\frac{7}{8}$ inch in diameter (6 to the pound) burning 120 grains per hour. The Harcourt 10-candle power pentane lamp, however, is accepted by the Gas Referees as representing ten British candles.

The French unit, the Carcel, is the illuminating power of a lamp burning 42 grammes of pure colza oil per hour.

The German unit, the *Hefner*, is the illuminating power of the Hefner-Alteneck lamp, burning amyl-acetate with a cylindrical wick 8 mm. in diameter and a flame-height of 40 mm.

The International Congress, held at Paris in April, 1884, proposed the illuminating power of a square centimetre of molten platinum at the temperature of solidification as a unit; but at the Congress held in 1890 the 20th part of this unit was adopted as the international standard unit, under the name of the decimal candle.

The following relations between these lamps have been established by tests made in the German Reichsanstalt, at the instance of the International Committee on Photometry. The tests were made in air containing 8.8 litres of aqueous vapour per cubic metre of dry air, and under a barometric pressure of 760 mm. †

Name of 1	Lamp.		Harcourt Units (=10 British Candles).	Carcel Units.	Hefner Units.	Decimal Candles.
Harcourt,	-	-	I	I 02	11	9.8
Carcel,	-	-	.98	I	10.8	9.61
Hefner,	-	-	.091	.093	ī	.891

I Decimal candle = .102 Harcourt units.

= 1.02 British candles.

= .104 Carcels.

= 1.122 Hefners.

^{*} Metropolis Gas Act of 1860.

[†] Journal für Gasbeleuchtung, Munich, 30 June, 1906, pp. 559-561.

PART III. DATA RELATING TO WATER.

SECTION I. CONSTANTS.

Relation of Weight and Volume.

THE Imperial Gallon is the volume of 10 avoir lbs. of distilled water weighed *in air* against brass weights, with the water and air at a temperature of 62° Fahr., under a barometric pressure of 30 inches. The following constants apply to water under these conditions:*

Weight of 1 cubic inch of water at 62° F.

= 252.3253 grains. log = 2.4019608

=.0360465 lb. log=8.5568628

=.00360465 Imp. gallon. log=7.5568628 Weight of 1 cubic foot of water at 62° F.

= 62.2883 lbs. $\log = 1.7944065$

= 6.22883 Imp. gallons. $\log = 0.7944065$

Volume of 1 short ton (2000 lbs.) of water at 62° F.

= 32.1088 cub. feet. $\log = 1.5066235$

Volume of 1 long ton (2240 lbs.) of water at 62° F.

= 35.9618 cub. feet. $\log = 1.5558415$

1 Imperial gallon

= 277.420 cub. inches. $\log = 2.4431372$

=.160544 cub. foot. $\log = 9.2055935$

A column of water 1 foot high at 62° F. exerts a pressure of .4325 lb. per sq. inch: $\log = 9.6360419$.

A pressure of 1 lb. per sq. in. is exerted by a column of water at 62° F., 2.31184 feet high: $\log = 0.3639581$.

The Litre is the volume of a kilogram of distilled water weighed in vacuo at its temperature of maximum density

* See page 7.

(4° C. or 39°.2 F.). By means of the equivalents given on page 33, and the weight of a cubic decimetre of water on page 4, we find that

I gramme per cubic centimetre = 62.4278 lbs. per cubic foot; and the weight *in vacuo* of I cubic decimetre of distilled water at 4°C. = .999974 kilogram.

Therefore the weight in vacuo of 1 cubic foot of distilled water at 4° C. = $62.4278 \times .999974 = 62.4262$ lbs.

Constants used in the measurement of flow.

1 cusec* of water at 62° F.	
= 60 cubic feet per minute	$\log = 1.7781513$
= 3600 cubic feet per hour	$\log = 3.5563025$
= 86400 cubic feet per day of 24 hours	$\log = 4.9365137$
= 6.22883 Imp. gallons per second	$\log = 0.7944065$
= 373.73 Imp. gallons per minute	$\log = 2.5725578$
= 22423.8 Imp. gallons per hour	$\log = 4.3507090$
= 22423.6 Imp. gallons per nour = 538170.9 Imp. gallons per day of 24 hours	$\log = 5.7309202$
= 7.48026 U.S. gallons per second	$\log = 0.8739167$
= 448.816 U.S. gallons per minute	$\log = 2.6520680$
= 26928.94 U.S. gallons per hour	$\log = 4.4302192$
= 646294.4 U.S. gallons per day of 24 hours.	$\log = 5.8104304$
1 cubic foot per minute of water at 62°F.	
= 60 cubic feet per hour	$\log = 1.7781513$
= 1440 cubic feet per day of 24 hours	$\log = 3.1583625$
= 6.22883 Imp. gallons per minute	$\log = 0.7944065$
= 373.73 Imp. gallons per hour	$\log = 2.5725578$
= 373.73 Imp. gallons per nour = 8969.54 Imp. gallons per day of 24 hours	$\log = 3.5927700$
= 7.48026 U.S. gallons per minute	$\log = 0.8739167$
=448.816 U.S. gallons per hour	$\log = 2.6520680$
= 10771.58 U.S. gallons per day of 24 hours.	log = 4.03227 92

The *miner's inch* is usually taken to be a flow of 1.5 cubic feet per minute.

^{*&#}x27;Cusec' is the abbreviation of 'cubic foot per second,' commonly used in referring to the flow of water.

The volume in cubic centimetres at various temperatures from 0° to 35° Centigrade of a cubic centimetre of distilled water at 4° C.*

l l										
Temp. C.	•	·1	.2	. •3	•4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
0°	1.000127	120	114	108	102	096	091	086	080	075
1	070	066	06 i	057	052	048	044	040	037	033
2	030	027	024	021	019	017	014	012	010	009
3	007	006	004	003	002	002	001	100	000	000
4	000	000	COI	100	100	002	003	004	0,05	007
5	1.000008	010	012	014	016	018	020	023	026	029
6	032	035	038	041	045	049	053	057	061	065
7	069	074	079	084	089	094	099	105	110	116
8	122	128	134	141	147	154	160	167	174	181
9	189	196	204	211	219	227	235	244	252	26 0
10	1.000269	278	287	296	305	314	324	334	343	353
11	363	373	383	394	405	415	426	437	448	459
12	471	482	494	505	517	529	541	553	566	578
13	591	603	616	629	642	655	668	681	695	709
14	722	736	750	765	779	794	809	823	838	853
15	1.000868	884	899	914	930	945	961	977	993	009
16	1025	042	058	075	091	108	125	142	159	177
17	194	211	229	247	265	283	301	319	3 38	356
18	374	393	412	431	450	469	488	507	527	546
19	566	585	605	625	645	666	686	707	727	748
20	1.001768	789	810	831	852	874	895	916	938	960
21	981	003	025	047	069	092	114	137	159	182
22	2205	228	251	274	297	320	343	367	391	414
23	438	462	486	510	534	559	583	607	632	657
24	682	707	732	757	782	807	833	858	884	910
25	1.002935	961	987	014	040	066	092	119	146	172
26	3199	226	253	280	307	335	362	389	417	445
27	472	500	528	556	584	612	641	669	697	726
28	754	783	812	841	870	899	928	957	987	016
29	4045	075	105	134	164	194	224	254	284	315
80	1.004345	375	406	436	467	498	529	560	591	622
31	653	684	716	748	780	811	843	875	907	939
32	971	003	036	068	101	133	166	199	231	264
33	5297	330	363	396	430	463	497	530	564	597
34	631	665	699	733	767	801	835	870	904	939
35	1.005973	008	042	077	111	146	181	217	252	287

For 16\frac{20}{8}° C. (62° F.) the volume is 1.001136.

^{*}This table was compiled by Landolt and Börnstein from determinations made by Thiesen, Scheel and Marek. It is taken from the *Smithsonian Physical Tables*, Washington, 1906.

SECTION II. MEASUREMENT OF THE FLOW OF WATER.

In measuring the flow of a stream by means of a rectangularnotched weir (Fig. 1), the length of the notch should be at least three times the depth of water on the sill. Air should have free access to the space behind the falling sheet of water, and the sill should be carefully levelled.

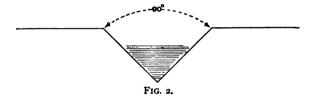


End contraction, which occurs when the weir at each end of the notch projects into the approach channel, diminishes the discharge. The contraction is complete, that is as great as it can be, when the distance from the end of the notch to the side of the approach channel is equal to the depth of water on the sill. If the width of the notch be not less than three times the depth of water on the sill, a complete end contraction diminishes the effective width of the notch by an amount equal to one-tenth of the depth of the water on the sill. If contraction occurs at both ends of the notch, the effective width will of course be diminished by twice the above amount.

The notches of weirs should be made preferably in thin sheet iron; if in wood, the *downstream* side should be bevelled off so as to present a smooth sharp edge to the water on the upstream side. In a wooden weir two inches thick, a notch cut with square edges (without bevel) gives a discharge $15\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. less than that of a similar notch in thin sheet iron. The weir can be made of deal boards with the notch cut in the wood, or a thin sheet iron plate with the notch can be attached to the topmost board. The weir site should be chosen at a point where the stream will be dammed back for at least six feet. The weir should be let into the banks and should be firmly fixed into

position and made water-tight by means of clay. Unless a proper approach channel is provided, the ends of the notch should be far enough from the banks to ensure complete end contraction, which must then be allowed for. No measurements should be made until the normal flow of the stream is passing through the notch. The depth of the water must not be measured on the notch itself, but from the sill to the surface of the still water at a point some six feet above the weir, a level being employed.

For gauging a small flow, a right-angled triangular notch (Fig. 2) will be found more convenient. It is the only form of notch in which the periphery always bears the same ratio to the cross-sectional area of the stream flowing through it.



On pages 72 and 73 are tables giving the discharges through each form of notch for a varying depth of water. In the first table, which is for a rectangular-notched weir in thin sheet iron,

Q=Discharge in 'cusecs' (cubic feet per second).

H=Depth in feet of water, measured from sill of notch to surface of still water above the weir.

L = Width in feet of notch.

 $Q=3.33 LH\sqrt{H}$ (Francis' formula).

The table is calculated for a notch I foot in width, and no deduction has been made for end contraction which is hardly appreciable when H is less than $\frac{L}{10}$. In using the table, multiply Q by the *effective* width of the notch in feet.

Table for Estimating Discharge of Water through a Rectangularnotched Weir, without end contraction.

H	Q	Н	Q	Н	Q	Н	Q	Н	Q
.01	0.003	.51	1.213	1.01	3.380	1.51	6.179	2.01	9.489
.02	0.009	.52	1.249	1.02	3.430	1.52	6.240	2.02	9.560
.03	0.017	.53	1.285	1.03	3.481	1.53	6.302	2.03	9.631
.04	0.027	.54	1.321	1.04	3.532	1.54	6.364	2.04	9.703
.05	0.037	1.55	1.358	1.05	3.583	1.55	6.426	2.05	9.774
.oó	0.049	.56	1.395	1.06	3.634	1.56	6.488	2.06	9.846
.07	0.062	.57	1.433	1.07	3.686	1.57	6.551	2.07	9.917
.08	0.075	.58	1.471	1.08	3.737	1.58	6.613	2.08	9.989
.09	0.090	.59	1.509	1.09	3.790	1.59	6.676	2.09	10.062
.10	0.105	.60	1.548	1.10	3.842	1.60	6.739	2.10	10.134
.II	0.121	.61	1.586	1.11	3.894	1.61	6.803	2.11	10.206
.12	0.138	.62	1.626	1.12	3.947	1.62	6.866	2. I 2	10.279
.13	0.156	.63	1.665	1.13	4.000	1.63	6.930	2.13	10.352
.14	0.174	.64	1.705	1.14	4.053	1.64	6.994	2.14	10.425
.15	0.193	.65	1.745	1.15	4.107	1.65	7.058	2.15	10.498
.16	0.213	.66	1.786	1.16	4.160	1.66	7.122	2.16	10.571
.17	0.233	.67	1.826	1.17	4.214	1.67	7. 187	2.17	10.645
.18	0.254	.68	1.867	1.18	4.268	1.68	7.251	2.18	10.718
.19	0.276	.69	1.909	1.19	4.323	1.69	7.316	2.19	10.792
.20	0.298	.70	1.950	1.20	4.377	1.70	7.381	2.20	10.866
.21	0.320	.71	1.992	1.21	4.432	1.71	7.446	2.21	10.940
.22	0.344	.72	2.034	1.22	4.487	1.72	7.512	2.22	11.015
.23	0.367	.73	2.077	1.23	4.5 43	1.73	7.577	2.23	11.089
.24	0.392	∙74	2.120	1.24	4.598	1.74	7.643	2.24	11.164
.25	0.416	.75 .76	2. 163	1.25	4.654	1.75	7.709	2.25	11.239
.26	0.441	.76	2,206	1.26	4.710	1.76	7.775	2.26	11.314
.27	0.467	.77	2.250	1.27	4.766	1.77	7.842	2.27	11.389
.28	0.493	.78	2.294	1.28	4.822	1.78	7.908	2.28	11.464
.29	0.520	.79	2.338	1.29	4.879	1.79	7.975	2.29	11.540
.30	0.547	.80	2.383	1.30	4.936	1.80	8.042	2.30	11.615
.31	0.575	18.	2.428	1.31	4.993	1.81	8. 109	2.31	11.691
.32	0.603	.82	2.473	1.32	5.050	1.82	8.176	2.32	11.767
∙33	0.631	.83	2.518	1.33	5.108	1.83	8.244	2.33	11.843
•34	0.660	.84	2.564	1.34	5.165	1.84	8.311	2.34	11.920
•35	0.690	.85 .86	2.610	1.35	5.223	1.85	8.379	2.35	11.996
.36	0 719	.87	2.656	1.36	5.281	1.87	8.447	2.36	12.073
.37	0.749 0.780	.88	2.702	1.37	5.340	1.88	8.515	2.37	12.150
.38	0.780	.89	2.749	1.38	5.398	1.89	8.584 8.652	2.38	12.227
-39	0.811		2.796 2.843	1.39	5.457			2.39	12.304
.40	0.874	.90	2.891	1.40	5.516	1.90	8.721	2.40	12.381
•4I •42	0.374	.91	2.939	1.41	5.575 5.635	1.91	8.790 8.859	2.41	12.459 12.536
		.92		1.42			8.92 9	2.42	12.530
·43	0.939 0.972	·93	2.987 3.035	1.43	5.694	1.93 1.94	8.929 8.998	2.43	12.692
•44	1.005	.95	3.033	I.44 I.45	5·754 5.814	1.94	9.068	2.45	12.770
.46	1.039	.96	3.132	1.46	5.875	1.95	9.138	2.46	12.770
.47	1.039	.90	3.181	1.47		1.90	9.130		12.040
.48	1.107	.98	3.231	1.48	5.935 5.996	1.98	9.278	2.47	13.005
.49	1.142	.99	3.280	1.49	6.057	1.99	9.348	2.49	13.084
.50	1.177	1.00	3.330	1.50	6.118	2.00	9.419	2.50	13.163
.50	//	1	3.330	1.30	5.110	2.00	3.419	2.50	13.103

:

Table for Estimating Discharge of Water through a Right-angled Triangular Notch in Thin Sheet Iron.

Q=Discharge in cubic feet per minute.

n=Head in inches measured from bottom of notch to surface of still water above weir.

 $Q=.306\sqrt{n^5}$ (Thomson's formula).

The Table is calculated for heads from 1 to 15 inches, increasing by decimal parts of an inch. No deduction has to be made for end contraction.

n 	Q	n	Q	n	Q	n	Q
1	.306	4.6	13.886	8.2	58.935	11.8	146.329
I.I	.388	4.7	14.654	8.3	60.701	11.9	148.838
1.2	.480	4.8	15.446	8.4	62.577	12	151.032
1.3	.589	4.9	16.263	8.5	64.574	12.1	155.813
1.4	.709	5	17.105	8.6	66.371	12.2	159.058
1.5	.843	5. 1	17.974	8.7	68.329	12.3	163.333
1.6	.990	5.2	18.867	8.8	70.288	12.4	165.168
1.7	1.153	5.3	19.789	8.9	72.338	12.5	169.034
1.8	1.330	5.4	20.734	9	74.358	12.6	172.431
1.9	1.523	5.5	21.707	9.1	77.662	12.7	175.858
2	1.731	5.6	22.708	9.2	78.550	12.8	179.346
2. I	1.954	5.7	23.736	9.3	80.722	12.9	182.865
2.2	2.197	5.8	24.792	9.4	82.895	13	186.463
2.3	2.454	5.9	25.875	9.5	85.129	13.1	190.056
2.4	2.730	6	26.983	9.6	87.393	13.2	193.698
2.5	3.023	6.1	28.121	9.7	89.688	13.3	197.400
2.6	3.338	6.2	29.290	9.8	92.014	13.4	201.103 204.897
2.7 2.8	3.665	6.3	30.483	9.9	94.370	13.5	
	4.014	6.4	31.701	10	96.787	13.6	208.692 212.578
2.9	4.384	6.5	32.956	10.1	99.174	13.7	212.576
3 3. I	4.767	6.6 6.7	34.241	10.2	101.653 104.162	13.8	220.411
3.2	5. 177 5. 605	6.8	35.557	10.3	104.102	13.9 14	224.389
	6.055	6.9	36.903 38.280	10.4	100.702	14.1	228.429
3·3 3·4	6.523	7	39.688	10.5	111.934	14.2	232.498
3.5	7.013	7.1	41.095	10.7	111.934	14.3	236.599
3.6	7.525	7.2	42.564	10.7	117.289	14.4	240.760
3.7	8.069	7.3	44.064	10.9	120.013	14.5	244.983
3.8	8.673	7.4	45.594	11	122.797	14.6	249.206
3.9	9.192	7.5	47.154	11.1	125.582	14.7	253.521
4	9:792	7.6	48.745	11.2	128.458	14.8	257.835
4. I	10.400	7.7	50.337	11.3	131.352	14.9	262.211
4.2	11.061	7.8	51.989	11.4	134.272	15	266.709
4.3	11.735	7.9	53.672	11.5	137.332	-3	,.,
4.4	12.426	8	55.386	11.6	138.220		
4.5	13.151	8.1	57.160	11.7	143.269		

SECTION III. STORAGE OF WATER BY SMALL DAMS FOR MINING AND IRRIGATION PURPOSES.

Dimensions for Small Earthen Dams.

Mr. A. M. Strange* recommends the following dimensions for small earthen dams:

Maximum height of Dam above Ground Level.	Height of top of Dam above High Flood Level.	Top Width.	Upstream (or Reservoir side) Slope.	Downstream Slope.
	Feet.	Feet.	Ratio of Hori to Vertical	
1. Under 8 feet,	3	6	I to I	I to I
2. From 8 to 15 feet,	4	8	2 to I	Il to I

The above dimensions only apply when the soil is of a suitable nature and the wall is well and compactly made on a site from which all vegetation has first been removed. A clay core is usually effective in preventing leakage. The by-wash or waste weir channel and the upstream face of the wall should be "pitched" with stone. The high flood level is the level of the maximum discharge over the waste weir in time of flood.

Flood Discharge Allowances for Waste Weir Channels.

The following table gives what should prove quite safe allowances for the widths of waste weirs required for ordinary small catchment or drainage areas.

TABLE OF WASTE WEIR CHANNELS.

For catchment areas	Discharge per 250 acres of	Width of Waste We per 250 acres	ir Channels required of catchment.
up to	catchment 2	ı ft. deep. 3	2 ft. deep.
Acres.	Cubic feet per second.	Feet.	Feet.
640	75	31.5	10.3
1280	70	29.5	9.6
1920	66	27.7	
2560	62	26.0	8 . 5
3200	59	24.8	9.06 8.5 8.0

Note. In regard to the catchment area, take the figure entered in column 1, which is the nearest greater than the one under consideration, and use the corresponding figures in columns 2-4. For

^{*} Bulletin No. 1, Irrigation Dept., Transvaal, Pretoria, 1905.

catchments above 3200 acres (5 square miles), the discharges (vide column 2) should be reduced gradually.

Example. A catchment area of 1000 acres may be expected to produce a high-flood discharge of $(4\times70=)280$ cubic feet per sec., which would require a waste weir channel flowing 1 foot deep to be $(4\times20.5=)118$ feet wide; or a channel flowing 2 feet deep to be $(4\times9.6=)38.4$ feet wide.

The tables on pp. 76, 77 will be found of use in calculating the amount of earthwork contained in the wall. The height of the wall should be taken at each change of slope in the contour of the site, also the distance between each height measurement. Then half the sum of the areas of two adjoining cross-sections multiplied by the distance *in feet* between them gives the contents in cubic feet of that portion of the wall.

The Relation of Rainfall to Irrigation.

```
1 inch rainfall over 1 acre = 3630 cubic feet of water.
2 ,, ,, = 7260 ,, ,, ,,
2.5 ,, ... ,, = 9075 ,, ,, ,,
2 ... , = 10800 ,, ... ,
```

3 ., ,, = 10890 ,, ,, ,, 4 ., ., , = 14520 ,, ,, ,, ,, 7.13 ,, ,, = 25882 ., ,, ,,

Therefore, water flowing at the rate of I cubic foot per second for 30 days (I month) is equivalent to

a rainfall of 1 inch per month on 713 acres.

```
356
           2.5 "
                                  285
,,
                                  237
           3 ,
                                        ,,
,,
     ,,
                      ,,
                             ,,
                                  178
           4
,,
               ,,
                      ,,
                             ,,
           7.13 "
                                  100
                      ,,
                             ,,
```

It will be seen from the above table that a rainfall of $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches per month corresponds to the flow of 1 cubic foot per second (1 cusec) over 285 acres.

This is termed an 'irrigating duty' of 285 acres per cusec, which means that one cubic foot of water per second has to irrigate 285 acres.

The irrigating duty of water varies according to the climate, the nature of the soil, the class of crop and the method of cultivation.

An irrigating duty of

285 acres per cusec = 9075 cub. ft. per acre per month.

Tables for Calculation of Cubic Contents of Earthen Dam Embankments.* ${\rm TABLE} \ 1.$

Top width, 6 ft.; upstream slope, 13 to 1; downstream slope, 1 to 1.

			CROSS SE	CTIONAL AR	CROSS SECTIONAL AREA IN SQUARE FERT	R FERT.			
8	190	1 26	10.	2,60	100	. 2	1 81	1 60	17 9
	; ;	25	1 2	3 2			19.51	3.5	14.5
(7.7		3	. 4.91		10.11	12.00	13.01	14.05	15.91
17.00	18.11	19.25	20.41	21.60	22.81	24.05	25.31	26.60	27.91
29.25	30.61	32.00	33-41	34.85	36.31	37.80	39.31	40.85	42.41
6.4	45.61	47.25	48.91	50.60	52.31	54.05	55.81	57.60	59.41
61.25	63.11	65.00	16.99	68.85	70.81	72.80	74.81	76.85	18.91
81.00	83.11	85.25	87.41	89.60	18.16	94.05	96.31	98.60	100.01
103.25	105.61	108.00	110.41	112.85	115.31	117.80	120.31	122.85	125.41
128.00	130.61	133.25	135.91	138.60	141.31	144.05	146.81	149.60	152.41
0.0	0.1	0.5	0.3	4.0	9.0	9.0	2.0	8.0	6.0

* Bulletin No. 1, Irrigation Dept., Transvaal, Pretoria, 1905.

Decimals of a Foot.

TABLE 2.

Top width, 8 ft.; upstream slope, 2 to 1; downstream slope, 1½ to 1.

		20.02	36.12	25.67	78.72	105.27	135.32	168.87	205.92	246.47	290.52	338.07	389.12	443.67	501.72	563.27	6.0 8.0
			_	<u>.</u>										_		556.96	1.0
ARR FEET.	5.43	17.28	32.63	51.48	73.83	89.68	129.03	161.88	198.23	238.08	281.43	328.28	378.63	432.48	489.93	550.68	9.0
REA IN SQU	4.4	15.94	30.94	49.44	71.44	96.94	125.94	158.44	194.44	233.94	276.94	323.44	373.44	426.94	483.94	544.44	9.0
CROSS SECTIONAL AREA IN SQUARR	3.48	14.63	29.28	47.43	80.69 80.08	94.23	122.88	155.03	190.68	229.83	272.48	318.63	368.28	421.43	478.08	538.23	4.0
CROSS S	2.56	13.36	27.66	45.46	92.99	91.56	119.86	151.66	186.96	225.76	268.06	313.86	363.16	415.96	472.26	532.06	0.3
	1.67	12.12	26.07	43.52	64.47	88.92	116.87	148.32	183.27	221.72	263.67	309.12	358.07	410.52	466.47	525.92	0.5
	0.82	10.92	24.52	41.62	62.22	86.32	113.92	145.02	179.62	217.72	259.32	304.42	353.02	405.12	460.72	519.82	0.1
	0.0	9.75	23.00	39.75	00.09	83.75	111.00	141.75	176.00	213.75	255.00	299.75	348.00	399.75	455.00	513.75	0.0
Height in Feet.	•	H	8	8	4	ĸ	9	7	00	6	01	11	12	13	14	15	Decimals

Top width $=\frac{1}{2}$ the maximum height. Upstream slope =3 to 1. Downstream slope=2 to 1.

A general rule for dimensions of dams over 16 feet high is:

The level of the waste weir should be from 5 to 6 feet below the level of the top of the wall.

SECTION IV. FLOW OF WATER IN PIPES.

General Laws.—I. When the diameter and length are constant, the discharge varies directly as the square root of the head. Conversely, the head is directly as the square of the discharge.

- 2. When the head and length are constant, the discharge is directly as the 2.5th power of the diameter. Conversely, the diameter will vary as the 2.5th root of the discharge.
- 3. When the discharge and length are constant, the head will be inversely as the 5th power of the diameter. Conversely, the diameter will be inversely as the 5th root of the head.
- 4. When the head and diameter are constant, the discharge will be inversely as the square root of the length. Conversely, the length varies as the square of the discharge.
- 5. When the discharge and diameter are constant, the head is directly and simply as the length.

The hydraulic mean gradient corresponds to a straight line drawn between the points of intake and delivery of a pipe. No loss of effect will arise from the pipe following the contour of the ground as long as it keeps below the hydraulic mean gradient. If the pipe be carried over a hill which is above the hydraulic mean gradient but below the level of the intake, the first section, having a low head, must be of a greater diameter than the subsequent section, which has a greater head.

The sine of slope of the hydraulic mean gradient is the head divided by the length of the pipe.

The hydraulic mean depth, or mean radius, is the cross-sectional area of the water divided by the length of the wetted perimeter of the pipe or channel; in a circular pipe running full it is equal to one-fourth the diameter $(\frac{d}{d})$.

Except under considerable pressure, flowing water does not entirely fill the pipe, and yet if it be more than three-quarters full, the discharge is but slightly less than if it were full. This is due to the fact that the full circle does not give the maximum discharging velocity, which is attained when the pipe is filled to the level of the chord of an arc of $78\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$. This gives an increase over the full circle of $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in velocity, and

over $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in discharge. The mean radius can therefore be safely taken as equal to $\frac{d}{4}$ when the pipe is more than three-quarters full.

Discharge in cubic feet per second = cross-sectional area of water in square feet × mean velocity in feet per second.

Cross-Sectional Areas and Capacities of Cylindrical Pipes of Various Diameters.

D= the diameter of the pipe in inches.
 A= the cross-sectional area of the pipe in square feet; or the number of cubic feet in a length of I foot.

D	A	D	\boldsymbol{A} .	D	A
1/2	.0014	101/2	.6013	20½	2.292
I	.0055	11	.6600	21	2.405
11/2	.0123	1112	.7213	211	2.521
2	.0218	12	.7854	22	2.640
21/2	.0341	121	.8522	221/2	2.761
3	.0491	13	.9218	23	2.885
31/2	.0668	131	.9940	231	3.012
4	.0873	14	1.069	24	3.142
41/2	.1104	141	1.147	25	3.409
5	. 1363	15	1.227	26	3.687
51/2	. 1650	151	1.310	27	3.976
6	. 1964	16	1. 396	28	4.276
61	. 2304	16½	1.485	29	4.587
7	. 2673	17	1.576	30	4.9 09
71/2	.3068	171	1.670	31	5.241
8	.3491	18	1.767	32	5.585
81	·3941	18 1	1.867	33	5.940
9	.4418	19	1.969	34	6.305
91	.4922	191	2.074	35	6.681
10	·5454	20	2.182	36	7.069

Velocity.—Let v = the mean velocity in feet per second. r = the hydraulic mean depth.

s =the sine of slope.

Then $v = C r^{\frac{2}{3}} s^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

Or v = the cube root of the square of $r \times$ the square root of $s \times$ the value of C in the table. C is a coefficient which varies according to the smoothness of the interior surface of the pipe or conduit; but which is not appreciably affected by differences in slope or diameter.

Values of C.

Asphalted wrought-iron pipe = 170.

Plain ,, ,, = 160.

Cast-iron pipe, new, = 130.
,, ,, in service, = 104.

Lap-riveted pipe, = 115.

Brick conduits, = 110.

Loss of Head in Friction

- (1) is proportional to the length of the pipe,
- (2) is increased by roughness of the interior surface of the pipe,
 - (3) decreases as the diameter of the pipe is increased,
 - (4) increases nearly as the square of the velocity,
 - (5) is independent of the pressure of the water.

These five laws may be expressed by the formula:

$$h' = f \frac{l}{d} \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

where h' = loss of head in friction in feet.

l = length of pipe in feet.

d = diameter of pipe in feet.

v = mean velocity in feet per second.

g = acceleration due to gravity = 32.19 feet per second.

f = a variable constant (see table).

 $\frac{v^2}{2g}$ = velocity head due to mean velocity of flow.

Values of f. (Mansfield Merriman.*)

Diameter of Pipe	J	Velocity in feet per second.									
in feet.	I	2	3	4	6	10	15				
.05	.047	.041	.037	.034	.031	.029	.028				
.1	.038	.032	.030	.028	.026	.024	.023				
.25	.032	.028	.026	.025	.024	.022	.021				
•5	.028	.026	.025	.023	.022	.020	.019				
.75	.026	.025	.024	.022	.021	.019	.018				
1.0	.025	.024	.023	.022	.020	.018	.017				
1.25	.024	.023	.022	.021	.019	.017	.016				
1.5	.023	.022	.021	.020	.018	.016	.015				
1.75	.022	.021	.020	810.	.017	.015	.014				
2.0	.021	.020	.019	.017	.016	.014	.013				

^{*} Treatise on Hydraulics, New York, 1904, p. 559.

Loss of Head in Curvature.

Let h'' = loss of head in curvature in feet. R = radius of curve in feet. $f_1 = a$ variable coefficient.

Then
$$h'' = f_1 \frac{l}{d} \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

Values of f1.

$\frac{R}{d}$	20	10	5	3	2	1.5	1.0
f_1	.004	.008	.016	.030	.047	.072	.184

In laying down a permanent pipe-line, allowance should be made for incrustation, which reduces the effective diameter of a pipe by from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. A small reduction in the size of a pipe makes a large reduction in the discharge. $\frac{1}{10}$ th increase in the diameter gives an increase of about 25%, and $\frac{1}{6}$ th about 50% in the discharge.

PART IV. DATA RELATING TO AIR AND STEAM.

SECTION I. AIR.

THE coefficient of expansion of air at constant pressure per 1 degree Centigrade = $\frac{1}{278}$ or .00366957 (Jolly).

The standard height of a mercury barometer is 29.922 inches or 760 millimetres.

The standard atmospheric pressure at sea-level and standard barometric pressure

= 14.706 lbs. per square inch = 1 atmosphere

= 1033.3 grammes per square centimetre.

The average atmospheric pressure at 1/2 mile above sea-level

The pressure of one atmosphere (or 14.706 lbs. to the square inch) = that of a column of water at 62° F. 34 feet in height. This is therefore the maximum theoretical lift of a pump at sea-level.

One lb. of dry air at o° C. (32° F.) has a volume of 12.39 cub. ft.

", ", ", 15° C. (60° F.) ", ", 13.072 "

One cubic foot of dry air at o° C. (32° F.) weighs .0807 lb.

", ", ", ", 15° C. (60° F.) ", .0765 "

One gramme of dry air at o° C. has a volume of 773.3 cm.8

One cubic centimetre of dry air at o° C. weighs .001293 gramme.

Pressure of Columns of Mercury and Water.*

Metric and British measures. Correct at o° C. for mercury and 4° C. for water.

	IETRIC MEAS	URE.	В	RITISH MEAS	URE.
Cms. of Mercury.	Pressure in grammes per sq. cm.	Pressure in pounds per sq. inch.	Inches of Mercury.	Pressure in grammes per sq. cm.	Pressure in pounds per sq. inch.
I	13.5956	0.193376	1	34-533	0.491174
2	27.1912	0.386752	2	69.066	0.982348
3	40.7868	0.580128	3	103.598	1.473522
4	54.3824	0.773504	4	138.131	1.964696
5	67.9780	0.966880	5	172.664	2.455870
6	81.5736	1.160256	6	207.197	2.947044
7	95.1692	1.353632	7	241.730	3.438218
8	108.7648	1.547008	8	276.262	3.929392
9	122.3604	1.740384	9	310.795	4.420566
10	135.9560	1.933760	10	345.328	4.911740
Cms. of Water.	Pressure in grammes per sq. cm.	Pressure in pounds per sq. inch.	Inches of Water.	Pressure in grammes per sq. cm.	Pressure in pounds per sq. inch.
I	I	0.0142234	ı	2.54	0.036227
2	2	0.0284468	2	5.08	0.072255
3	3	0.0426702	3	7.62	0.108382
4	4	0.0568936	4	10.16	0.144510
5	5	0.0711170	5	12.70	0.180637
6	6	0.0853404	6	15.24	0.216764
7	7	0.0995658	7	17.78	0.252892
8	· 8	0.1137872	8	20.32	0.289019
9	9	0.1280106	9	22.86	0.325147
10	10	0.1422340	10	25.40	0.361274

SECTION II. STEAM.

The following table (from the Smithsonian Physical Tables) summarises the chief properties of steam for pressures ranging from 1 to 219 lbs. per square inch:

^{*} Smithsonian Physical Tables, Washington, 1906, p. 119.

PROPERTIES OF STEAM.*

Pressure in pounds per square inch.	Pressure in pounds per square foot.	Pressure in atmospheres.	Temp. in degrees Fahr.	Volume per pound in cubic feet.	Weight per cubic foot in pounds.	Heat of water per pound in B. T. U.	Internal latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	External latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.
1 2 3 4 5	144 288 432 576 720	0.068 .136 .204 .272 .340	102.0 126.3 141.6 153.1 162.3	334.23 173.23 117.98 89.80 72.50	0.0030 .0058 .0085 .0111 .0137	70.1 94.4 109.9 121.4 130.7	980.6 961.4 949.2 940.2 932.8	62.34 64.62 66.58 67.06 67.89	1043. 1026. 1011. 1007.	1113.0 1120.4 1127.0 1128.6 1131.4
6 7 8 9	864 1008 1152 1296 1440	0.408 .476 .544 .612 .680	170.1 176.9 182.9 188.3 193.2	61.10 53.00 46.60 41.82 37.80	0.0163 .0189 .0214 .0239 .0264	138.6 145.4 151.5 156.9 161.9	926.7 921.3 916.5 912.2 908.3	68.58 69.18 69.71 70.18 70.61	995.2 990.5 986.2 982.4 979.0	1133.8 1135.9 1137.7 1139.4 1140.9
11	1584	0.748	197.8	34.61	0.0289	166.5	904.8	70.99	975.8	1142.3
12	1728	.816	202.0	31.90	.0314	170.7	901.5	71.34	972.8	1143.5
13	1872	.884	205.9	29.58	.0338	174.7	898.4	71.68	970.0	1144.7
14	2016	.952	209.5	27.59	.0362	178.4	895.4	72.00	967.4	1145.9
15	2160	1.020	213.0	25.87	.0387	181.9	892.7	72.29	965.0	1146.9
16	2304	1.088	216.3	24.33	0.0411	185.2	890.1	72.57	962.7	1147.9
17	2448	.156	219.4	22.98	.0435	188.4	887.6	72.82	960.4	1148.9
18	2592	.224	222.4	21.78	.0459	191.4	885.3	73.07	958.3	1149.8
19	2736	.292	225.2	20.70	.0483	194.3	883.1	73.30	956.3	1150.6
20	2880	.360	227.9	19.72	.0507	197.0	880.9	73.53	954.4	1151.4
21	3024	1.429	230.5	18.84	0.0531	199.7	878.8	73.74	952.6	1152.2
22	3168	.497	233.0	18.03	.0554	202.2	876.8	73.94	950.8	1153.0
23	3312	.565	235.4	17.30	.0578	204.7	874.9	74.13	949.1	1153.7
24	3456	.633	237.7	16.62	.0602	207.0	873.1	74.32	947.4	1154.4
25	3600	.701	240.0	15.99	.0625	209.3	871.3	74.51	945.8	1155.1
26 27 28 29 30	3744 3888 4032 4176 4320	1.769 .837 .905 .973 2.041	242.2 244.3 246.3 248.3 250.2	15.42 14.88 14.38 13.91 13.48	0.0649 .0672 .0695 .0619	211.5 213.7 215.7 217.8 219.7	869.6 867.9 866.3 864.7 863.2	74.69 74.85 75.01 75.17 75.33	944.3 942.8 941.3 939.9 938.5	1155.8 1156.4 1157.1 1157.7 1158.3
31	4464	2.109	252.I	13.07	0.0765	221.6	861.7	75.47	937.2	1158.8
32	4608	.177	253.9	12.68	.0788	223.5	860.3	75.61	935.9	1159.4
33	4752	.245	255.7	12.32	.0811	225.3	858.9	75.76	934.6	1159.9
34	4896	.313	257.5	11.98	.0835	227.1	857.5	75.89	933.4	1160.5
35	5040	.381	259.2	11.66	.0858	228.8	856.1	76.02	932.1	1161.0
36	5184	2.449	260.8	11.36	0.0881	230.5	854.8	76.16	931.0	1161.5
37	5328	.517	262.5	11.07	.0903	232.2	853.5	76.28	929.8	1162.0
38	5472	.585	264.0	10.79	.0926	233.8	852.3	76.40	928.7	1162.5
39	5616	.653	265.6	10.53	.0949	235.4	851.0	76.52	927.6	1162.9
40	5760	.722	267.1	10.29	.0972	236.9	849.8	76.63	926.5	1163.4
41 42 43 44 45	5904 6048 6192 6336 6480	2.789 .857 .925 .993 3.061	268.6 270.1 271.5 272.9 274.3	9.83 9.61 9.41 9.21	0.0995 .1018 .1040 .1063 .1086	238.5 239.9 241.4 242.9 244.3	848.7 847.5 846.4 845.2 844.1	76.75 76.86 76.97 77.07 77.18	925.4 924.4 923.3 922.3 921.3	1163.9 1164.3 1164.7 1165.2 1165.6
46	6624	3.129	275.6	9.02	0.1108	245.6	843.1	77.29	920.4	1166.0
47	6768	.197	277.0	8.84	.1131	247.0	842.0	77.39	919.4	1166.4
48	6912	.265	278.3	8.67	.1153	248.3	841.0	77.49	918.5	1166.8
49	7056	.333	279.6	8.50	.1176	249.7	840.0	77.58	917.5	1167.2

^{*} From the Smithsonian Physical Tables, Washington, 1904: based on a Table by Dwelshauvers-Dery (Trans. Am. Soc. Mech. Eng., vol. xi.).

s	ECT. II.]			STEA	M				85
Pressure in pounds per square inch.	Pressure in pounds per square foot.	Pressure in atmospheres.	Temp. in degrees Fahr.	Volume per pound in cubic feet.	Weight per cubic foot in pounds.	Heat of water per pound in B.T.U.	Internal latent beat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	External latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.
50 51 52 53 54	7200 7344 7488 7632 7776	3.401 .469 .537 .605 .673	280.8 282.1 283.3 284.5 285.7	8.34 8.19 8.04 7.90 7.76	0.1198 .1221 .1243 .1266 .1288	251.0 252.2 253.5 254.7 256.0	839.0 838.0 837.0 836.0 835.1	77.67 77.76 77.85 77.94 78.03	916.6 915.7 914.9 914.0 913.1	1167.6 1168.0 1168.3 1168.7 1169.1
55 56 57 58 59 60	7920 8064 8208 8352 8496 8640	3.741 .801 .878 .946 4.014	286.9 288.1 289.2 290.3 291.4	7.63 7.50 7.38 7.26 7.14 7.03	0.1310 .1333 .1355 .1377 .1400	257.1 258.3 259.5 260.7 261.8	834.2 833.2 832.3 831.5 830.6	78.12 78.21 78.29 78.37 78.45	912.3 911.5 910.6 909.8 909.0	1169.4 1169.8 1170.1 1170.5 1170.8
61 62 63 64 65	8784 8928 9072 9216 9360	.150 .218 .286 .354 4.422	293.6 294.7 295.7 296.7 297.8	6.92 6.82 6.72 6.62	.1444 .1466 .1488 .1511	264.0 265.1 266.1 267.2 268.3	828.9 828.0 827.2 826.4 825.6	78.53 78.61 78.68 78.76 78.83 78.90	907.5 906.7 905.9 905.2 904.5	1171.5 1171.8 1172.1 1172.4 1172.8
67 68 69 70 71	9504 9648 9792 9936 10080 10224	.490 .558 .626 .694 4.762 .830	298.8 299.8 300.1 301.8 302.7 303.7	6.43 6.34 6.25 6.17 6.09 6.00	.1555 .1577 .1599 .1621 0.1643 .1665	269.3 270.4 271.4 272.4 273.4 274.3	824.8 824.0 823.2 822.4 821.6 820.9	78.97 79.04 79.11 79.18 79.25 79.32	903.7 903.1 902.3 901.6 900.9 900.2	1173.1 1173.4 1173.7 1174.0 1174.3 1174.6
72 73 74 75 76	10368 10512 10656 10800 10944 11088	.898 .966 5.034 5.102 .170	304.6 305.5 306.5 307.4 308.3 309.2	5.93 5.85 5.78 5.70 5.63 5.57	.1687 .1709 .1731 0.1753 .1775	275.3 276.3 277.2 278.2 279.1 280.0	820.1 819.4 818.7 817.9 817.2 816.5	79.39 79.46 79.53 79.59 79.65 79.71	899.5 898.8 898.1 897.5 896.9	1174.9 1175.1 1175.4 1175.7 1176.0
77 78 79 80 81 82 83	11232 11376 11520 11664 11808 11952	.306 .374 5.442 .510 .578 .646	310.1 310.9 311.8 312.7 313.5 314.4	5.57 5.50 5.43 5.37 5.31 5.25 5.19	.1797 .1818 .1840 0.1862 .1884 .1906 .1928	280.9 281.8 282.7 283.6 284.5 285.3	815.8 815.1 814.4 813.8 813.0 812.4	79.77 79.83 79.89 79.95 80.01 80.07	895.6 895.0 894.3 893.7 893.1 892.5	1176.5 1176.8 1177.0 1177.3 1177.6
84 85 86 87 88 89	12096 12240 12384 12528 12672 12816	.714 5.782 .850 .918 .986 6.054	315.2 316.0 316.8 317.6 318.4 319.2	5.13 5.07 5.02 4.96 4.91 4.86	.1949 0.1971 .1993 .2015 .2036	287.0 287.9 288.7 289.5 290.4	811.7 811.1 810.4 809.8 809.2 808.5	80.13 80.19 80.25 80.30 80.35 80.40	891.3 890.7 890.1 889.5 888.9	1178.0 1178.3 1178.6 1178.9 1179.0
90 91 92 93 94	12960 13104 13248 13392 13536	6.122 .190 .258 .327 .396	320.0 320.8 321.6 322.4 323.1	4.81 4.76 4.71 4.66 4.62	0.2080 .2102 .2123 .2145 .2166	291.2 292.0 292.8 293.6 294.3	807.9 807.3 806.7 806.1 805.5	80.45 80.50 80.56 80.61 80.66	888.4 887.8 887.2 886.7 886.1	1179.3 1179.5 1179.8 1180.0 1180.3 1180.5
95 96 97 98 99	13680 13824 13968 14112 14256	6.463 .531 .599 .667 .735	323.9 324.6 325.4 326.1 326.8	4.57 4.53 4.48 4.44 4.40	0.2188 .2209 .2231 .2252 .2274	295.1 295.9 296.7 297.4 298.2	804.9 804.3 803.7 803.1 802.5	80.71 80.76 80.81 80.86 80.91	885.6 885.0 884.5 884.0 883.4	1180.7 1180.9 1181.2 1181.4 1181.6

Pressure in pounds per square inch.	Pressure in pounds per square foot.	Pressure in atmospheres.	Temp. in degrees Fahr.	Volume per pound in cubic feet.	Weight per cubic foot in pounds.	water nd in	latent pound in	latent pound in	Total latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.
a giri	P P P	Pressure in atmosphere	.5.8	ē.5	10 m	1 & g	4 5 E.	La sel	Par E.	5 P
SS OF THE		108	4 5	EE.	ind ind	# 82	5 1 2 1	1 t t t t .	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.55
£.₫ 🕏	H. ii S	P. H	- G -	2 2 3	Poe €	Heat of wal per pound i B.T.U.	Internal heat per pof steam B. T. U.	External heat per pof steam in B. T. U.	Hoge H	5 g E
100	14400	6.803	327.6	4.356	0.2295	298.9	802.0	80.95	882.9	1181.8
101		.871	328.3	.316	.2317	299.7	801.4	81.00	882.4	1182.1
102	14544 14688	.939	329.0	.276	.2338	300.4	800.8	81.05	881.9	1182.3
103	14832	7.007	329.7	.237	.2360	301.1	800.3	81.10	881.4	1182.5
104	14976	.075	330.4	.199	.2381	301.9	799.7	81.14	88o. Ś	1182.7
105	15120	7.143	331.1	4.161	0.2403	302.6	799.2	81.18	880.2	1182.9
106	15264	.211	331.8	.125	.2424	303.3	798.6	81.23	880.3 879.8	1183.1
107	15408	.279	332.5	.088	.2446	304.0	798.1	81.27	870.3	1183.4
108	15552	.347	333.2	.053	.2467	304.7	797.5	81.31	879.3 878.8	1183.6
109	15696	.415	333.8	.018	.2489	305.4	797.0	81.36	8 78.3	1183.8
110	15840	7.483	334.5	3.984	0.2510	306.1	796.5	81.41	877.9	1184.0
111	15984		335.2	.950	.2531	306.8	795.9	81.45	877.4	1184.2
112	16128	.551	335.8	.917	.2553	307.5	795.4	81.50	876.9	1184.4
113	16272	.687	336.5	.885	.2574	308.2	794.9	81.54	876.4	1184.6
114	16416	.757	337.2	.853	.2596	308.8	794.4	81.58	875.9	1184.8
115	16560	7.823	337.8	3.821	0.2617	309.5	793.8	81.62	875.5	1185.0
116	16704	.891	338.5	.790	.2638	310.2	703.3	81.66	875.0	1185.2
117	16848	.959	339.1	.760	.2660	310.8	793.3 792.8	81.70	874.5	1185.4
118	16992	8.027	339.7	.730	.2681	311.5	792.3	81.74	874.1	1185.6
119	17136	.095	340.4	.700	.2702	312.1	792.3 791.8	81.78	873.6	1185.7
120	17280	8.163	341.0	3.671	0.2724	312.8	791.3	81.82	873.2	1185.9
121	17424	.231	341.6	.643	.2745	313.4	790.8	81.86	872.7	1186.1
122	17568	.299	342.2	.615	.2766	314.1	790.3	81.90	872.2	1186.3
123	17712	.367	342.8	.587	.2787	314.7	789.9	81.94	871.8	1186 5
124	17856	.435	343.5	.560	.2809	315.3	789.4	81.98	871.4	1186.7
125	18000	8.503	344. I	3.534	0.2830	316.0	788.9	82.02	870.9	1186.9
126	18144	.571	344.7	.507	.2851	316.6	788.4	82.06	870.5	1187.1
127	18288	.639	345.3	.481	.2872	317.2	787.9	82.09	870.0	1187.2
128	18432	.708	345.9	.456	.2893	317.8	787.5	82.13	869.6	1187.4
129	18576	.776	346.5	.431	.2915	318.4	787.0	82.17	869.2	1187.6
130	18720	8.844	347. I	3.406	0.2936	319.0	786.5	82.21	868.7	1187.8
131	18864	.912	347.6	.382	.2957	319.7	786.1	82.25	868.3	1188.0
132	19008	.980	348.2	.358	.2978	320.3	785.6	82.28	867.9	1188.1
133	19152	9.048	348.8	.334	.2999	320.9	785.1	82.32	867.5	1188.3
134	19296	.116	349.4	.310	.3021	321.5	784.7	82.35	867.0	1188.5
135	19440	9.184	349.9	3.287	0.3042	322, I	784.2	82.38	866.6	1188.7
136	19584	.252	350.5	.265	.3063	322.6	783.8	82.42	866.2	1188.8
137	19728	. 320	351.1	.424	.3084	323.2	783.3	82.45	865.8	1189.0
138	19872	.388	351.6	.220	.3105	323.8	782.9	82.49	865.4	1189.2
139	20016	.456	352.2	.199	.3126	324.4	782.4	82.52	865.0	1189.4
140	20160	9.524	352.8	3. 177	0.3147	325.0	782.0	82.56	864.6	1189.5
141	20304	.592	353.3	.156	.3147	325.5	781.6	82.59	864.2	1189.7
142	20448	.660	353.9	.135	.3190	326.1	781.1	82.63	863.8	1189.9
143	20592	.728	354.4	.115	.3211	326.7	780.7	82.66	863.4	1190.0
144	20736	.796	355.0	.094	.3232	327.2	780.3	82.69	863.0	1190.2
145	20880	9.864	355.5	3.074		_	779.8	_ "	862.6	-
146	21024	.932	356.0	.054	0.325 3 -3274	327.8 328.4	779.8	82.72 82.75	862.2	1190.4
147	21168	10.000	356.6	.035	.3295	328.9	770.0	82.79	861.8	1190.7
148	21312	.068	357.1	.016	.3316	329.5	778.6	82.82	861.4	1190.9
	21456	.136	357.6	-997	·3337	330.0	778.1	82.86	861.0	1191.0

Pressure in pounds per square inch.	Pressure in pounds per square foot.	Pressure in atmospheres.	Temp. in degrees Fahr.	Volume per pound in cubic feet.	Weight per cubic foot in pounds.	Heat of water per pound in B.T.U.	Internal latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	External latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.
150 151 152 153 154	21600 21744 21888 22032 22176	10.204 .272 .340 .408 .476	358.2 358.7 359.2 359.7 360.2	2.978 .960 .941 .923 .906	0.3358 ·3379 ·3400 ·3421 ·3442	330.6 331.1 331.6 332.2 332.7	777.7 777.3 776.9 776.5 776.1	82.89 82.92 82.95 82.98 83.01	860.6 860.2 859.9 859.5 859.1	1191.2 1191.3 1191.5 1191.7 1191.8
155 156 157 158 159	22320 22464 22608 22752 22896	.612 .680 .748 .816	360.7 361.3 361.8 362.3 362.8	2.888 .871 .854 .837 .820	0.3462 .3483 .3504 .3525 .3546	333.2 333.8 334.3 334.8 335.3	775.7 775.3 774.9 774.5 774.1	83.04 83.07 83.10 83.13 83.16	858.7 858.3 858.0 857.6 857.2	1192.0 1192.1 1192.3 1192.4 1192.6
160 161 162 163 164	23040 23184 23328 23472 23616	10.884 .952 11.020 .088 .157	363.3 363.8 364.3 364.8 365.3	2.803 .787 .771 .755 .739	0.3567 .3588 .3609 .3630 .3650	335.9 336.4 336.9 337.4 337.9	773.7 773.3 772.9 772.5 772.1	83.19 83.22 83.25 83.28 83.31	856.9 856.5 856.1 855.8 855.4	1192.7 1192.9 1193.0 1193.2 1193.3
165 166 167 168 169	23760 23904 24048 24192 24336	.293 .361 .429 .497	365.7 366.2 366.7 367.2 367.7	2.724 .708 .693 .678 .663	0.3671 .3692 .3713 .3734 .3754	338.4 338.9 339.4 339.9 340.4	771.7 771.3 771.0 770.6 770.2	83.34 83.37 83.39 83.42 83.45	855.1 854.7 854.3 854.0 853.6	1193.5 1193.6 1193.8 1193.9 1194.1
170 171 172 173 174	24480 24624 24768 -24912 25056	.769 .837	368.2 368.6 369.1 369.6 370.0	2.649 .634 .620 .606 .592	0.3775 .3796 .3817 .3838 .3858	340.9 341.4 341.9 342.4 342.9	769.8 769.4 769.1 768.7 768.3	83.48 83.51 83.54 83.56 83.59	853.3 852.9 852.6 852.2 851.9	1194.2 1194.4 1194.5 1194.7 1194.8
175 176 177 178 179	25200 25344 25488 25632 25776	11.905 .973 12.041 .109 .177	370.5 371.0 371.4 371.9 372.4	2. 578 . 564 . 550 . 537 . 524	0.3879 .3900 .3921 .3942 .3962	343.4 343.9 344.3 344.8 345.3	767.9 767.6 767.2 766.8 766.5	83.62 83.64 83.67 83.70 83.73	851.6 851.2 850.9 850.5 850.2	1194.9 1195.1 1195.2 1195.4 1195.5
180 181 182 183 184	25920 26064 26208 26352 26496	.313 .381 .449 .517	372.8 373.3 373.7 374.2 374.6	2.510 .497 .485 .472 .459	0.3983 .4004 .4025 .4046 .4066	345.8 346.3 346.7 347.2 347.7	766. 1 765.8 765.4 765.0 764.7	83.75 83.77 83.80 83.83 83.86	849 9 849.5 849.2 848.9 848.5	1195.6 1195.8 1195.9 1196.1 1196.2
185 186 187 188 189	26640 26784 26928 27072 27216	12.585 .653 .721 .789 .857	375. I 375. 5 376. 0 376. 4 376. 8	2.447 .434 .422 .410 .398	0.4087 .4108 .4129 .4150 .4170	348.1 348.6 349.1 349.5 350.0	764.3 764.0 763.6 763.3 762.9	83.88 83.90 83.92 83.95 83.97	848.2 847.9 847.5 847.2 846.9	1196.3 1196.5 1196.6 1196.7 1196.9
190 191 192 193 194	27360 27504 27648 27792 27936	12.925 .993 13.061 .129	377·3 377·7 378.2 378.6 379.0	2.386 .374 .362 .351 .339	0.4191 .4212 .4233 .4254 .4275	350.4 350.9 351.3 351.8 352.2	762.2 761.9 761.6	83.99 84.02 84.04 84.06 84.08	846.6 846.3 845.9 845.6 845.3	1197.0 1197.1 1197.3 1197.4 1197.5
195 196 197 198 199	28080 28224 28368 28512 28656	13.265 ·333 .401 .469 ·537	379.4 379.9 380.3 380.7 381.1	2.328 .317 .306 .295 .284	0.4296 .4316 .4337 .4358 .4379	352.7 353.1 353.6 354.0 354.4	760.5 760.2 759.9	84.10 84.13 84.16 84.19 84.21	845.0 844.7 844.4 844.0 843.7	1197.7 1197.8 1197.9 1198.1 1198.2

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Pressure in pounds per square inch.	Pressure in pcunds per square foot.	Pressure in atmospheres.	Temp. in degrees Fahr.	Volume per pound in cubic feet.	Weight per cubic foot in pounds.	Heat of water per pound in B.T.U.	Internal latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	External latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total latent heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.	Total heat per pound of steam in B.T.U.
200 201 202 203 204	28800 28944 29088 29232 29376	13.605 13.673 13.742 13.810 13.878	381.6 382.0 382.4 382.8 383.2	2.273 .262 .252 .241 .231	0.4399 .4420 .4441 .4461	354-9 355-3 355-8 356.2 356.6	759.2 758.9 758.5 758.2 757.9	84.23 84.26 84.28 84.30 84.33	843.4 843.1 842.8 842.5 842.2	1198.3 1198.4 1198.6 1198.7
205 206 207 208 209	29520 29664 29808 29952 30096	13.946 14.014 14.082 14.150 14.218	383.7 384.1 384.5 384.9 385.3	2.221 .211 .201 .191 .181	0.4503 .4523 .4544 .4564 .4585	357.1 357.5 357.9 358.3 358.8	757.5 757.2 756.9 756.6 756.2	84.35 84.37 84.40 84.42 84.44	841.9 841.6 841.3 841.0 840.7	1199.0 1199.1 1199.2 1199.3
210 211 212 213 214	30240 30384 30528 30672 30816	14.386 14.454 14.522 14.590 14.658	385.7 386.1 386.5 386.9 387.3	2.171 .162 .152 .143 .134	0.4605 .4626 .4646 .4666	359.2 359.6 360.0 360.4 360.9	755.9 755.6 755.3 755.0 754.7	84.46 84.48 84.51 84.53 84.55	840.4 840.1 839.8 839.5 839.2	1199.6 1199.5 1199.6 1190.1
215 216 217 218 219	30960 31104 31248 31392 31536	14.726 14.794 14.862 14.930 14.998	387.7 388.1 388.5 388.9 389.3	2.124 .115 .106 .097 .088	0.4707 .4727 .4748 .4768 .4788	361.3 361.7 362.1 362.5 362.9	754.3 754.0 753.7 753.4 753.1	84.57 84.60 84.62 84.64 84.66	838.9 838.6 838.3 838.0 837.7	1200.2 1200.2 1200.2 1200.2

PART V. DATA SPECIALLY RELATING TO MINING.

SECTION I. DENSITY AND OTHER PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF VARIOUS MINERAL SUBSTANCES, ORES, METALS, ETC.

DENSITY AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY.

Density is the weight in vacuo of unit volume. On the c.g.s. system it is expressed in grammes per cubic centimetre.

The Specific Gravity of a substance is the ratio of its density to that of water at 4°C (this being the temperature at which water has its maximum density).

The density of water at 4° C. (39°.2 F.) is very little less than unity. According to the latest determination, the weight *in vacuo* of a cubic centimetre of water at 4° C. is 0.999974 gramme (see page 4).

For practical purposes, therefore, 'specific gravity,' as above defined, is identical with 'density.'

The first table (p. 90) gives the weight in pounds per cubic foot and the number of cubic feet per ton corresponding to a given density. The density of a given substance being known, this table gives either its weight per cubic foot or its volume per ton, as may be required. The densities of the principal ores are given on p. 93, those of the rock-forming minerals and gemstones on pp. 94 and 95. The remaining tables give the density and pounds per cubic foot of various mineral substances in common use, of the metals and their alloys and of different kinds of wood.

Table giving the weight in pounds per cubic foot and the number of cubic feet per short ton of 2000 lbs. and per long ton of 2240 lbs. corresponding to a given density.

A density of 1.0=1 gramme per cubic centimetre=62.4278 lbs. per cubic foot.

Density				Density			
= grammes	Pounds	Cubic feet	Cubic feet	= grammes	Pounds	Cubic feet	Cubic feet
per	per cubic	per ton of	per ton	per	per cubic	per ton of	per ton of
cubic	foot.	2000 lbs.	2240 lbs.	cubic	foot,	2000 lbs.	2240 lbs.
centi- metre.			,	centi- metre.	-		•
0.5	31.2	64.1	71.8	2.55	159.2	12.6	14.1
0.55	34.3	58.3	65.3	2.6	162.3	12.3	13.8
0.6	37.5	53.3	59.7	2.65	165.4	12.1	13.5
0.65	40.6	49.3	55.2	2.7	168.6	11.9	13.3
0.7	43.7	45.8	51.3	2.75	171.7	11.6	13.0
0.75	46.8	42.7	47.9	2.8	174.8	11.4	12.8
0.8	49.9	40.1	44.9	2.85	177.9	11.2	12.6
0.85	53. I	37.7	42.2	2.9	181.0	11.0	12.4
0.9	56.2	35.6	39.9	2.95	184.2	10.9	12.2
0.95	59.3	33.7	37.8	3.0	187.3	10.7	12.0
1.0	62.4	32.1	35.9	3.05	190.4	10.5	11.8
1.05	65.5	30.5	34.2	3.1	193.5	10.3	11.6
I.I	68.7	29.1	32.6	3.2	199.8	10.0	11.2
1.15	71.8	27.9	31.2	3.3	206.0	9.7	10.9
1.2	74.9	26.7	29.9	3.4	212.3	9.4	10.5
1.25	78.0	25.6	28.7	3.5	218.5	9.2	10.3
1.3	81.2	24.6	27.6	3.6	224.7	8.9	10.0
1.35	84.3	23.7	26.6	3.7	231.0	8.7	9.7 -
1.4	87.4	22.9	25.6	3.8	237.2	8.4	9.4
1.45	90.5	22.1	24.8	3.9	243.5	8.2	9.2
1.5	93.6	21.4	23.9	4.0	249.7	8.0	9.0
1.55	96.8	20.7	23.1	4. I	256.0	7.8	8.8
1.6	99.9	20.0	22.4	4.2	262.2	7.6	8.5
1.65	103.0	19.4	21.7	4.3	268.4	7.5	8.3
1.7	106.1	18.9	21.1	4.4	274.7	7.3	8.2
1.75	109.2	18.3	20.5	4.5	280.9	7.1	8.0
1.8	112.4	17.8	19.9	4.6	287.2	7.0	7.8
1.85	115.5	17.3	19.4	4.7	293.4	6.8	7.6
1.9	118.6	16.9	18.9	4.8	299.7	6.7	7.5
1.95	121.7	16.4	18.4	4.9	305.9	6.5	7.3
2.0	124.9	16.0	17.9	5.0	312.1	6.4	7.2
2.05	128.0	15.6	17.5	5. I	318.4	6.3	7.0
2. I	131.1	15.3	17.1	5.2	324.6	6.2	6.9
2.15	134.2	14.9	16.7	5.3	330.9	6.0	6.8
2.2	137.3	14.6	16.3	5.4	337.1	5.9	6.6
2.25	140.5	14.2	15.9	5.5 5.6	343.4	5.8	6.5
2.3	143.6	13.9	15.6	∥ 5.6	349.6	5.7	6.4
2.35	146.7	13.6	15.3	5.7	355.8	5.6	6.3
2.4	149.8	13.4	15.0	5.8	362.1	5.5	6.2
2.45	152.9	13.1	14.7	5.9	368.3	5.4	6.1
2.5	156.1	12.8	14.3	6.0	374.6	5.3	6.0

Density or grammes per cubic centimetre, also pounds per cubic foot and cubic feet per short ton of 2000 lbs. and per long ton of 2240 lbs. of various mineral substances.

A density of 1.0=1 gramme per cubic centimetre=62.4278 lbs. per cubic foot.

Substance.	Density = grammes per cubic centimetre.	Pounds per cubic foot.	Cubic feet per ton of 2000 lbs.	Cubic feet per ton of 2240 lbs.
Anthracite (solid),	1.4-1.8	87.4-112.4	22.9-17.8	25.6-19.9
Asbestos,	2.0-2.8	124.9-174.8	16.0-11.4	17.9-12.8
Asphaltum,	I.I-I.2	68-7-74.9	29.1-26.7	32.6-29.9
Basalt,	2.8-3.0	174.8-187.3	11.4-10.7	12.8-12.0
Bricks (see end of table).	1	-,,,-	,	
Brickwork ,,				
Cement—				
Pulverized, loose,	1.15-1.7	71.8-106.1	27.9-18.9	31.2-21.1
Set, -	2.7-3.0	168.6-187.3	11.9-10.7	13.3-12.0
Chalk,	1.9-2.8	118.6-174.8	16.9-11.4	18.9-12.8
Clay,	1.8-2.6	112.4-162.3	17.8-12.3	19.9-13.8
	2.8-2.9	174.8-181.0	11.4-11.0	12.8-12.4
Coal—			•	
'Soft' or bituminous	.	1		
in situ, · -	1.2-1.5	74.9-93.6	26.7-21.4	29.9-23.9
'Round,' in trucks,	0.88-0.9	54.9-56.2	36.4-35.6	40.8-39.9
Coke,	· —	23.0-28.0	87.0-71.4	97.4-80.0
Diorite,	2.8-3.0	174.8-187.3	11.4-10.7	12.8-12.0
Dolomite,	2.8-2.9	174.8-181.0	11.4-11.0	12.8-12-4
Earth (dry), -	1.3-1.9	81.2-118.6	24.6-16.9	27.6-18.9
Gneiss,	2.59-2.7	161.7-168.6	12.4-11.9	13.9-13.3
Granite,	2.59-2.75	161.7-171.7	12.4-11.6	13.9-13.0
Graphite,	1.9-2.3	118.6-143.6	16.9-13.9	18.9-15.6
Gravel,	1.2-1.8	74.9-112.4	26.7-17.8	29.9-19.9
Greenstone,	2.9-3.0	181.0-187.3	11.0-10.7	12.4-12.0
Ice,	0.88-0.91	54.9-56.8	36.4-35.2	40.8-39.4
Kaolin,	2.2	137.3	14.6	16 3
Lime —				
Quick,	0.9-1.2	56.2-74.9	35.6-26.7	39.9-29.9
Slaked,	1.3-1.4	81.2-87.4	24.6-22.9	27.6-25.6
Mortar,	1.65-1.78	103.0-111.1	19.4-18.0	21.7-20.2
Limestone,	2.46-2.86	153.6-178.5	13.0-11.2	14.6-12.5
Marble,	2.5-2.8	156.1-174.8	12.8-11.4	14.3-12.8
Marl,	1.6-2.5	99.9-156.1	20.0-12.8	22.4-14.3
Masonry (see end of table). l	''' '	1	1

Density and pounds per cubic foot of different kinds of wood.*

The wood is supposed to be seasoned and of average dryness.

Wood.	Density = grammes per cubic cm.	Pounds per cubic foot.	Wood.	Density = grammes per cubic cm.	Pounds per cubic foot.
Alder	0.42-0.68	26-42	Greenheart	0.93-1.04	58-65
Apple	0.66-0.84	41-52	Hazel	0.60-0.80	37-49
Ash	0.65-0.85	40-53	Hickory	0.60-0.93	37-58
Basswood. See Linden.			Iron-bark	1.03	64
Beech	0.70-0.90	43-56	Laburnum	0.92	57
Blue gum	0.84	52	Lancewood	0.68-1.00	42-62
Birch	0.51-0.77	32-48	Lignum vitæ	1.17-1.33	73-83
Box	0.95-1.16	59-72	Linden or Lime-tree	0.32-0.59	20-37
Bullet-tree	1.05	65	Locust	0.67-0.71	42-44
Butternut	0.38	24	Mahogany, Honduras	0.56	35
Cedar	0.49-0.57	30-35	,, Spanish -	0.85	53
Cherry	0.70-0.90	43-56	Maple	0.62-0.75	39-47
Cork	0.22-0.26	14-16	Oak -	0.60-0.90	37-56
Ebony	1.11-1.33	69-83	Pear-tree	0.61-0.73	38-45
Elm	0.54-0.60	34-37	Plum-tree	0.66-0.78	41-49
Fir or Pine, American	1		Poplar	0.35-0.5	22-31
White	0.35-0.50	22-31	Satinwood	0.95	59
,, Larch -	0.50-0.56	31-35	Sycamore	0.40-0.60	24-37
,, Pitch	0.83-0.85	52-53	Teak, Indian	0.66-0.88	41-55
" Red	0.48-0.70	30-44	" African	0.98	61
" Scotch -	0.43-0.53	27-33	Walnut	0.64-0.70	40-43
" Spruce -	0.48-0.70	30-44	Water gum	1.00	62
,, Yellow -	0.37-0.60	23-37	Willow	0.40-0.60	24-37

Density of the rock-forming minerals and of gem-stones.

Agate, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6	
Apatite, -	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	
Aragonite,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	
Augite, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3-3.49	
Barytes (hea	vy sp	oar),	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.5	
Beryl (aquan	n <mark>arin</mark>	e, em	erald),	-		-	-	-	2.7	
Calcite (calc	spar,	Icela	ndspa	ar),	-		-	-	-	2.72	
Chlorite,	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6-3.0	
Chrysoberyl	(Ale:	xandı	ite),	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	
Corundum (1	uby,	sapp	hire),	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.0	
Diamond,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.52	
Diopside,	-	-		-	-	•	<u>.</u> .	-	-	3-3	
Dolomite,	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	2.85	
Felspar, -	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	2.56-2.75	
Fluorspar,	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	
Garnet (alma	andir	ie, ca	rbunc	le, p	yrope	e, etc.)	, -	-	-	3.15-4.3	
Gypsum,	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	2.3	
Hornblende,	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	3.18-3.22	•

^{*} Smithsonian Physical Tables, Washington, 1906.

SECT. I.]	DENSITY							95		
Ilmenite,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	4.8
Magnetite,	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	5.2
Mica, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.84-2.93
Olivine (peri	dote,	chry	ysolite),	-	-	-	-	-	3.4
Opal, -	-	- '	· <u>-</u>		-	-	-	-	-	2.6
Phenakite,	<u>.</u> .		-		-	-	-	-	-	3.0
Quartz, -	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.65
Serpentine,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6
Spinel (balas	s-ruby	7),	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5
Talc,		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.7
Topaz, -		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3·5
Tourmaline,	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3.1
Turquoise,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.7
Zircon (jargo	oon, l	ıyaci	inth),	-	-	-	-	-	_	4.7

HARDNESS OF MINERALS.

The hardness of a mineral is measured by the force required to scratch (i.e. to separate) the superficial particles of the mineral with a steel point or the sharp-pointed fragment of some harder mineral. In Moh's scale, the hardness of 10 minerals is taken to represent 10 successive degrees of hardness. The degrees of hardness are, however, arbitrarily fixed, and there is no constant ratio between them:

Moh's Scale of hardness.

I. Talc.	6. Felspar (orthoclase).
2. Gypsum or rock salt.	7. Quartz.
3. Calcite.	8. Topaz.
4. Fluorspar.	9. Corundum (sapphire).
5. Apatite.	10. Diamond.

Each of the minerals forming this scale can be scratched by those which follow, and will itself scratch those that precede it in the list; consequently the hardness of a mineral is estimated by its capability of scratching or being scratched by any mineral in this list:

Hardness of gem-stones (on Moh's scale).

Agate,	7	Opal,	-	-	7
Bervl (aquamarine, emerald).	$7\frac{1}{2}$	Phenakite,	-	-	8
Chrysoberyl (Alexandrite),	8 I	Quartz (rock-crystal,	cain	n-	
Corundum (ruby, sapphire),	9	gorm, prase), -	-	-	7
Diamond,	10	Serpentine, -	-	-	3
Diopside,	5 1	Spinel (balas-ruby),	-	-	8
Felspar (moonstone), -	6	Topaz,	-	•	8
Fluorspar,	4	Tourmaline, -	-	-	7
Garnet (almandine, car-		Turquoise,		-	6
buncle, pyrope, etc.), -	7	Zircon (jargoon, hyac	inth)	, -	7 2
Olivine (peridote, chrysolite),	7				

Linear expansion of the principal metals, in microns per metre (or millionths per unit length).*

Name of	Metal.			Expansion	Expansion_
	_			per degree C.	per degree F.
Alumin	ium,	-	-	20	11.1
Brass,	-	-	-	19	10.5
Copper	, -	-	-	17	9.4
Glass,	-	•	-	9	5.0
Gold,	-	- .	-	15	8.3
Iron, ca	ıst,	-	-	11	6.1
Iron, w	rought,	-	•	12	6.7
Lead,	•	-	•	28	15.5
Platinu	m, -	-	•	9	5.0
Platinu	m-iridiu	m,†	-	8.7	4.8
Silver,	-	-	-	19	10.5
Steel, h	ard,	-	•	12	6.7
Steel, s	oft,	-	-	11	6.1
Tin,	-	-	-	19	10.5
Zinc,	•	-	-	29	16.1

SECTION II. ORE-TONNAGE PER UNIT AREA

By means of the table on p. 97 the number of tons of an ore or mineral contained in an acre of surface can be calculated if we know the density of the ore or mineral and the average thickness and dip of the vein or bed in which it occurs: for the tonnage given in the table for the angle of dip x the thickness of the vein or bed in feet x the density of the ore or mineral = the number of tons per acre of surface. For example, supposing it is required to know the number of long tons of coal contained in an area of 300 acres, the seam being of an average thickness of 5 feet, having a dip of 6°, and the density of the coal having been determined to be 1.4. For a dip of 6° the table gives the constant 1220.6. Therefore the required tonnage is: 1220.6 × 5 \times 1.4 \times 300 = 2,563,260 long tons. From this figure a considerable deduction has to be made in order to obtain the amount of marketable coal, the percentage to be deducted depending on the local conditions.

The table on p. 98 gives the tons of quartz per Transvaal claim.

^{*} Smithsonian Geographical Tables, 1906, p. 170.

[†]Or Iridio-platinum; 90% platinum and 10% iridium. It is the alloy of which the International Prototype Metric Standards are made.

Table giving the number of short tons (2000 lbs.) and of long tons (2240 lbs.) per acre of surface contained in a vein or bed one foot thick and of a density=I, for each degree of dip from o° to 85°.*

o° to	85°.*				
Degrees of dip.	Short tons of 2000 lbs. per acre for a density=1.	Long tons of 2240 lbs. per acre for a density=1.	Degrees of dip.	Short tons of 2000 lbs. per acre for a density = 1.	Long tons of 2240 lbs. per acre for a density=1.
0°	1359.6	1213.9	45°	1922.7	1716.7
ī	1359.8	1214.1	46	1957.1	1747.4
2	1360.4	1214.6	47	1993.4	1779.9
3	1361.4	1215.6	48	2031.8	1814.1
4	1362.9	1216.8	49	2072.3	1850.3
5	1364.7	1218.5	50	2115.1	1888.5
6	1367.0	1220.6	51	2160.3	1928.9
7 8	1369.8	1223.0	52	2208.3	1971.7
	1372.9	1225.8	53	2259.1	2017.1
9	1376.5	1229.0	54	2313.0	2065.2
10	1380.5	1232.6	55	2370.3	2116.3
11	1385.0	1236.6	56	2431.3	2170.8
12	1389.9	1241.0	57	2496.2	2228.8
13	1395.3	1245.8	58	2565.6	2290.7
14	1401.2	1251.0	59 60	2639.7	2356.9
15	1407.5	1256.7	60	2719.1	2427.8
16	1414.3	1262.8	61	2804.3	2503.8
17	1421.7	1269.3	62	2895.9	2585.6
18	1429.5	1276.4	63	2994.7	2673.8
19	1437.9	1283.8	64	3101.4	2769.1
20	1446.8	1291.8	65	3217.0	2872.3
21	1456.3	1300.2	66	3342.6	2984.5
22	1466.3	1 309. 2	67	3479-5	3106.7
23	1477.0	1318.7	68	3629.3	3240.4
24	1488.2	1328.8	69	3793-7	3387.3
25	1500.1	1339.7	70	3975. I	3549.2
26	1512.6	1350.6	71	4175.9	3728.5
27	1525.9	1362.4	72	4399.6	3928.2
28	1539.8	1374.8	73	4650. I	4151.9
29 30	1554.4	1387.9	74	4932.4	4403.9
_	1569.9	1401.7	75	5252.9	4690.1
81	1586.1	1416.2	76	5619.8	5017.7
32	1603.2	1431.4	77 78	6043.8	5396.2
33	1621.1 1639.9	1447.4		6539.1	5838.4 6361.8
34 35	1659.7	1464. 2 1481.9	79 80	7125.2 7829.3	6990.5
36			li .		
	1680.5	1500.4	81	8690.9	7759.7
37 38	1702.3	1519.9	82 83	9768.8	8722. I 9960. 5
39	1725.3 1749.4	1540. 4 1562.0	84	11155.8	11613.0
40	1774.8	1584.6	85	15599.1	13927.8
41	1	1608.4		3377.2	
42	1801.4 1829.5	1633.4			
43	1859.0	1659.8			
44	1890.0	1687.5			
45	1922.7	1716.7			
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>!</u>	L

^{*} The tonnage is not affected by the shape of the area. No deduction has been made for dykes or faults.

H.M.

Table giving the number of short tons (2000 lbs.) of Quartz contained in a Transvaal claim of 60,000 square Cape feet per one British foot thickness of Reef, for each degree of dip from 0° to 85°, calculated on a basis of 12 cubic feet to the ton.*

Rule: Multiply the tonnage given by the thickness of the reef in feet.

Degrees of dip.	Tons of 2000 lbs. per claim.	Degrees of dip.	Tons of 2000 lbs. per claim.	Degrees of dip.	Tons of 2000 lbs. per claim.
o° 1 2 3 4 5	5335 5336 5339 5343 5348 5356	31° 32 33 34 35	6225 6291 6362 6436 6513	61° 62 63 64 65	11005 11365 11752 12171 12625
6 7 8 9	5365 5376 5388 5402 5418	36 37 38 39 40	6595 6681 6771 6865 6965	66 67 68 69 70	13118 13655 14243 14888 15600
11 12 13 14	5435 5455 5476 5499 5524	41 42 43 44 45	7070 7180 7295 7417 7545	71 72 73 74 75	16388 17266 18249 19357 20615
16 17 18 19 20	5550 5579 5610 5643 5678	46 47 48 49 50	7681 7823 7974 8133 8300	76 77 78 79 80	22054 23718 25662 27962 30726
21 22 23 24 25	5715 5754 5796 5840 5887	51 52 53 54 55	8478 8666 8866 9077 9302	81 82 83 84 85	34107 38337 43780 51043 61217
26 27 28 29 30	5936 5988 6043 6100 6161	56 57 58 59 60	9541 9796 10068 10359 10671		

^{*}The tonnage is not affected by the shape of the claim. No deduction has been made for dykes and faults.

SECTION III. UNDERGROUND TEMPERATURES.

The rise in temperature with increasing depth is a factor of great importance in deep-level mining. The rate of increase of temperature in boreholes and deep shafts has therefore to be carefully determined. The method of observing the temperature in deep boreholes by the use of clinical thermometers is described in detail by H. F. Marriott (Trans. Inst. Min. Met., vol. xv., p. 405). Since in deep boring there is a considerable deviation from the vertical, the correct depth at the point of observation can only be obtained by a survey. Several instruments for this purpose have been invented. The simplest and most practical is that invented by Mr. Oehmen of Johannesburg, Transvaal. By this ingenious instrument the deviation from the vertical and the direction of the deviation are recorded by taking photographs of the position of a plumb-bob and a magnetic needle at any desired point in the borehole. The photographs are taken after the instrument has been lowered to the desired point, by means of two small incandescent lamps, which are illuminated by a dry battery by means of a time-contact regulated by a watch. amount of deviation and its direction are calculated from the photograph after the sensitised paper has been developed at the surface. The amount of deviation is calculated by measuring the distance between the centre of the photograph of the plumbbob and the centre of the disc, the length of the plumb-bob being a known factor. The direction of the deviation is obtained from the photograph of the magnetic needle, the correct orientation being fixed by two pin-pricks, which have the same relative position both in the photograph of the needle and in that of the plumb-bob.*

^{*} Brit. Assoc. Rep. for 1905, p. 404.

Table of Underground Temperatures in Mines and Vertical Boreholes. (J. D. Everett, Royal Commission on Coal Supplies, 1904, vol. ii., p. 293.)

PLACE.			Temp. (Fahr.)	Depth (Feet).	Feet per Degree of Increase of Temp.	Recorded in Brit. Association Report for
Sperenberg (near Berlin),			116	3,492	511	1876
Rosebridge (near Wigan), -	-	-	94	2,445	54	1870
Paruschowitz (Silesia), -	-	-	157	6,445	60	1901
Pendleton (near Manchester),	-	-	100.6	3,480	66	
Schladebach (near Leipzig),	-	-	134	5,630	67	1889
Kingswood (near Bristol), -	-	-	75	1,769	68	1879
Searle (Lincolnshire), -	-	-	79	2,000	69	1876
Dukinfield (Manchester), -		-	86.5	2,700	72	1880
Wheeling (W. Virginia), -	-	-	110	4,462	74	1892
Port Jackson (N.S.W.),	-	-	97	2,733	8o-	1895
Ashton Moss (near Manchester	r),		84	2,880	82	1881
Tamerack (Lake Superior),	-	-	84	4,450	100	1901
				!	I	ı

From a number of observations made in deep boreholes and mines in the Witwatersrand, Transvaal, Mr. Marriott has deduced a mean rate of increase of temperature for that district of 1° Fahrenheit for each 208 feet of depth, or .48° Fahr. increase per 100 feet of depth. He finds the mean temperature at 1000 feet depth to be 68.75° Fahr. (*Trans. Inst. Min. and Met.*, vol. xv., 1905-6.)

SECTION IV. DATA RELATING TO GOLD AND COPPER RETURNS.

The Valuation of Gold Bullion.

The value of pure gold (1000 fine) is £4 4s. 11.4545d. per troy ounce.* The following table for the valuation of gold bullion is calculated on this basis, namely one troy ounce of gold (1000 fine) equals £4.24773.

Weight in Grains.	Value in pounds sterling.	Weight in Dwts.	Value in pounds sterling.	Weight in Oz. Troy.	Value in pounds sterling.
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	0.00885 0.01770 0.02655 0.03540 0.04425 0.05310 0.06195 0.07080 0.07964 0.08849 0.09734 0.10619 0.11504 0.12389 0.13274 0.14159 0.15044 0.15929 0.16814 0.17699 0.16814 0.17699	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	0.21239 0.42477 0.63716 0.84955 1.06193 1.27432 1.48671 1.69909 1.91148 2.12386 2.33625 2.54864 2.76102 2.97341 3.18580 3.39818 3.61057 3.82296 4.03534	1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	4.24773 8.49546 12.74319 16.99092 21.23865 25.48638 29.73411 33.98184 38.22957

Example of Application of Table.

Find value of 464 oz. 13 dwts. 3 grns. of gold bullion having a fineness of 850.5.

$$400 \text{ oz.} = 1699.092$$
 $60 \text{ ,} = 254.8638$
 $4 \text{ ,} = 16.99092$
 $13 \text{ dwts.} = 2.76102$
 $3 \text{ grns.} = 0.02655$

$$- 1973.73429 \times 0.8505$$

$$- 5 058$$

$$- 15789874$$

$$- 986867$$

$$- 9869$$

$$- 1678.6610 \text{ or } £1678. 13s. 2.64d.$$

^{*}The British sovereign, which is 916.6 (22 carats) fine, weighs 123.27447 grains. The gold of which it is coined is termed "standard gold," and has a value of £3 175. 10½d. per oz.

Table for the conversion of Metric weight into Troy ounces.

Grammes.	Troy ounce.
I	.03215074248
2	.06430148496
3	.09645222744
4	.12860296992
5	.16075371239
6	.19290445487
7	.22505519735
8	.25720593983
9	.28935668231

Table for the conversion of Russian weight into Troy ounces.

- 1 Pood=40 Funts=526.6451214319 oz. troy.
- I Funt=96 Zolotniks=13.1661280358 oz. troy.
- 1 Zolotnik=96 Dolis=0.1371471670 oz. troy.
- 1 Doli=0.0014286163 oz. troy.

Troy ounces.	Troy ounces.
1 Pood = 526.6451214	1 Zolotnik = 0.137147
2 Poods = 1053.2902429	2 Zolotniks=0.274294
3 ,, = 1579.9353643	3 ,, =0.411442
4 ,, = 2106.5804857	4 ,, =0.548589
5 , = 2633.2256072	5 ,, =0.685736
6 ,, = 3159.8707286	6 ,, =0.822883
7 , $= 3686.5158500$	7 " =0.960030
8 , = 4213.1609715	8 , = 1.097177
9 ,, =4739.8060929	9 " = 1.234324
I Funt = 13.166128 2 Funts = 26.332256 3 ,, = 39.498384 4 ,, = 52.664512 5 ,, = 65.83640 6 ,, = 78.996768 7 ,, = 92.162896 8 ,, = 105.329024	I Doli =0.co1429 2 Dolis=0.002857 3
9 ,, == 118.495152	9 ,, =0.012858

Example of use of Table.

Convert 28 poods 39 funts 76 zolotniks 24 dolis into troy ounces.

0.005714

15269.999860 or say 15270 oz. troy.

Comparison of the various methods of expressing gold ore values in use in different countries.

Dwts. per short ton to dwts. per long ton and to Metric and Russian values.

Dwts. per short ton (2000 lbs.).	Dwts. per long ton (2240 lbs.).	Grammes per tonne(1000 kgs.).	Zolotniks per 100 poods.
I	1.1200	1.7143	0.6583
2	2.2400	3.4286	1.3166
3	3.3600	5.1429	1.9749
4	4 4800	6.8571	2.6331
5	5.6000	8.5714	3.2914
6	6.7200	10.2857	3·94 97
7	7.8400	12.0000	4.6080
8	8.9600	13.7143	5.2663
9	10.0800	15.4286	5.9246

Dwts. per long ton to dwts. per short ton and to Metric and Russian values.

Dwts. per long ton (2240 lbs.).	Dwts. per short ton (2000 lbs.).	Grammes per tonne(1000 kgs.).	Zolotniks per 100 poods.
I	0.8929	1.5306	0.5878
2	1.7857	3.0612	1.1755
3	2.6786	4.5918	1.7633
4	3.5714	6.1224	2.3510
5	4.4643	7.6531	2.9388
6	5.3571	9.1837	3.5265
7	6.2500	10.7143	4.1143
8	7.1429	12.2449	4.7020
9	8.0357	13.7755	5.2898

Grammes per tonne to British and Russsian values.

Grammes per tonne(roookgs.).	Dwts. per short ton (2000 lbs.).	Dwts. per long ton (2240 lbs.).	Zolotniks per 100 poods.
I	0.5833	0.6533	0.3840
2	1.1667	1.3067	0.7680
3	1.7500	1.9600	1.1520
4	2.3333	2.6133	1.5360
5	2.9167	3.2667	1.9200
6	3.5000	3.9200	2.3040
7	4.0833	4-5733	2.688o
8	4.6667	5.2267	3.0720
9	5.2500	5.8800	3 .4560

Zolotniks per 100 poods to British and Metric values.

Zolotniks per 100 poods.	Dwts. per short ton (2000 lbs.).	Dwts. per long ton (2240 lbs.).	Grammes per tonne(1000 kgs.).
I	1.5191	1.7014	2.6042
2	3.0382	3.4028	5.2083
3	4-5573	5.1042	7.8125
4	6.0764	6.8056	10.4167
5	7.5955	8.5069	13.0208
6	9.1146	10.2083	15.6250
7	10.6337	11.9097	18.2292
8	12.1528	13.6111	20.8333
9	13.6719	15.3125	23.4375

Dolis per 100 poods to British and Metric values.

Dolis per 100 poods.	Dwts. per short ton (2000 lbs.).	Dwts. per long ton (2240 lbs.).	Grammes per tonne(1000 kgs.)
I	0.0158	0.0177	0.0271
2	0.0316	0.0354	0.0543
3	0.0475	0.0532	0.0814
4	0.0633	0.0709	0.1085
5	0 .0791	0.0886	0.1356
6.	0.0949	0.1063	0.1628
7	0.1108	0.1241	0.1899
8	0.1266	0.1418	0.2170
9	0.1424	0.1595	0.2441

Grammes per cubic Metre to Grains and Dwts. per cubic Yard.

Grammes per cubic metre.	Grains per cubic yard.	Grammes per cubic metre.	Dwts. per cubic yard.
0.1	1.1799	1.0	0.4916
0.2	2.3598	2.0	0.9832
0.3	3.5397	3.0	1.4749
0.4	4.7195	4.0	1.9665
0.5	5.8994	5.0	2.4581
0.6	7.0793	6.o	2.9497
0.7	8.2592	7.0	3.4413
0.8	9.4391	8.0	3 .9330
0.9	10.6190	9.0	4.4246

Grains and Dwts. per cubic Yard to Grammes per cubic Metre.

Grains per cubic yard.	Grammes per cubic metre.	Dwts. per cubic yard.	Grammes per cubic metre.
I	0.0848	I	2.0341
2	0.1695	2	4.0682
3	0.2543	3	6.1023
4	0.3390	4	8.1364
5	0.4238	5	10.1705
6	0.5085	6	12.2046
7	0.5933	7	14.2387
8	0.6780	8	16.2728
9	0.7628	9	18.3069

Comparison of the British and American Methods of stating Copper Prices.

Based on 1 British pound sterling=\$4.8665, the legal equivalent given in the circular issued by the Secretary of the U.S. Treasury in October 1906.
£1 per long ton of 2240 lbs. =.217254464 cent per lb.

Price per long ton of 2240 lbs. in British pounds sterling.	Price per lb. avoir. in U.S.A. cents.	Price per long ton of 2240 lbs. ii. British pounds sterling.	Price per lb. avoir. in U.S.A. cents.	Price per long ton of 2240 lbs. in British pounds sterling.	· Price per lb. avoir. in U.S.A. cents,
£50	10.863 с.	£80	17.380 c.	£110	23.898 с.
51	11.080	8 r	17.598	111	24.115
52	11.297	82	17.815	112	24.331
53	11.513	83	18.032	113	24.550
54	11.732	84	18.249	114	24.767
55	11.949	85	18.467	115	24.984
56	12.166	86	18.684	116	25.202
57	12.384	87	18.901	117	25.419
58	12.601	88	19.118	118	25.636
59	12.818	89	19.336	119	25.853
60	13.035	90	19.553	120	26.071
61	13.253	91	19.770	121	26.288
62	13.470	92	19.987	I 22	26.505
63	13.687	93	20.205	123	26.722
64	13.904	94	20.422	124	26.940
65	14.122	95	20.639	125	27.157
66	14.339	96	20.856	126	27.374
67	14.556	97	21.074	127	27.591
68	14.773	98	21.291	128	27.809
69	14.991	99	21.508	129	28.026
70	15.208	100	21.725	130	28.243
71	15.425	101	21.943	131	28.460
72	15.642	102	22.160	132	28.678
73	15.860	103	22.377	133	28.895
74	16.077	104	22.594	134	29.112
75	16.294	105	22.812	135	29.329
7 6	16.511	106	23.029	136	29.547
77	16.729	107	23.246	137	29.764
78	16.964	108	23.463	138	29.981
79	17.163	109	23.681	139	30.198
8 0	17.380	110	23.898	140	30.416

Comparison of the British and Russian Methods of stating Copper Prices.

Based on the equivalent: 1 rouble=2s, 1\frac{3}{2}d. (see page 57). £1 per long ton of 2240 lbs.=0.15248195 rouble per pood.

Price per long ton of 2240 lbs. in British pounds sterling.	Price in roubles per pood.	Price per long ton of 2240 lbs, in British pounds sterling.	Price in roubles per pood.	Price per long ton of 2240 lbs. in British pounds sterling.	Price in roubles per pood.
£60	9.149 r.	£90	13.723 r.	£120	18.29 8 r.
61	9.301	91	13.876	121	18.450
62	9.453	92	14.028	122	18.603
63	9.606	93	14.181	123	18.755
64	9.759	94	14.333	124	18.908
65	9.911	95	14.486	125	19.06 0
66	10.064	96	14.638	126	19.213
67	10.216	97	14.791	127	19.365
68	10.369	98	14.943	128	19.518
69	10.521	99	15.096	129	19.670
70	10.674	100	15.248	130	19.823
71	10.826	101	15.401	131	19.975
72	10.979	102	15.553	132	20.128
73	11.131	103	15.706	133	20.280
74	11.284	104	15.858	134	20.433
75	11.436	105	16.011	135	20.585
76	11.589	106	16.163	136	20.738
77	11.741	107	16.316	137	20.890
78	11.894	108	16.467	138	21.043
79	12.046	109	16.621	139	21.195
8o	12.199	110	16.773	140	21.347
18	12.351	111	16.925	141	21.500
82	12.504	112	17.078	142	21.652
83	12.656	113	17.230	143	21.805
84	12.808	114	17.383	144	21.957
85	12.961	115	17.535	145	22.110
86	13.113	116	17.688	146	22.262
87	13.266	117	17.840	147	22.415
88	13.418	118	17.993	148	22.567
89	13.571	119	18.145	149	22.720
90	13.723	120	18.298	150	22.872
	<u></u>		<u>'</u>	''	

SECTION V. MINING AREAS OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.

AFRICA.

Transvaal.—The unit area for mining on proclaimed ground in the Transvaal is the *Claim*.

For vein and reef mining, the claim has an area of 60,000 square Cape feet. Where practicable it is rectangular in form, measuring 150 Cape feet along the strike by 400 Cape feet in a direction at right angles to the strike.

For alluvial gold mining the claim has an area of 22,500 square Cape feet. Where practicable it is square in form, measuring 150 by 150 Cape feet.

For diamond ('pipe') mining the claim has an area of 900 square Cape feet. Where practicable it is a square of 30 by 30 Cape feet.

For alluvial diamond mining the claim has an area of 1800 square Cape feet. Where practicable it is a rectangle measuring 60 by 30 Cape feet.

A vein or reef claim	=64025.34 sq. British feet	log=4.8063519
	= 1.4698195592 acres	$\log = 0.1672640$
	=0.694 morgen.	$\log = 9.8416375$
I acre	=0.6803556217 reef claim.	$\log = 9.8327360$
1 morgen	= 1.44 reef claims.	$\log = 0.1583625$
An alluvial gold clain	1=24009.5025 sq. British feet	$\log = 4.3803832$
	=0.5511823347 acre	$\log = 9.7412953$
	=0.260416 morgen.	$\log = 9.4156688$
1 acre = 1.81	4281658 alluvial gold claims.	$\log = 0.2587047$
1 morgen = 3.82	alluvial gold claims.	$\log = 0.5843312$
A diamond ('pipe') c	$\log = 2.9824432$	
	=0.0220472934 acres	$\log = 8.3433553$
	=0.010416 morgen.	$\log = 8.0177288$
1 acre = 45.5	35704155 diamond ('pipe') claims.	$\log = 1.6566447$
1 morgen = 96	diamond ('pipe') claims.	$\log = 1.9822712$
An alluvial diamond c	laim = 1920.7602 sq. British feet	$\log = 3.2834732$
	=0.044094587 acre	$\log = 8.6443853$
	=0.02083 morgen.	$\log = 8.3187588$
I acre = 22.0	5785208 alluvial diamond claims.	$\log = 1.3556147$
I morgen=48	alluvial diamond claims.	$\log = 1.6812412$

Orange River Colony.—For precious metal mining a reef claim on a public diggings has an area of 60,000 square Cape feet, and where practicable is rectangular in form, measuring 150 Cape feet along the strike by 400 Cape feet in a direction at right angles to the strike. An alluvial gold claim measures 150 by 150 Cape feet, and is either square or as nearly as possible the equivalent thereof.* A diamond ('pipe') claim is 30 by 30, and an alluvial diamond claim 90 by 90 Cape feet.† Concessions for the mining of base metals (including coal, oil, salt, etc.) can be granted by the Government or the private owner as the case may be.

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An alluvial diamond claim=8643.4209 sq. British feet log=3.9366857
=0.19842564 acre log=9.2975978
=0.09375 morgen. log=8.9719713
I acre =5.03967128 alluvial diamond claims. log=0.7024022
I morgen=10.6 alluvial diamond claims. log=1.0280287
For equivalents of reef, alluvial gold and diamond ('pipe') claims, see under Transvaal.
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Cape Colony and British Bechuanaland.—A claim on a reef digging is a rectangle measuring 150 Cape feet in the direction of the strike by 800 Cape feet either across or on one side of the reef. On any Government land not proclaimed as a public diggings or on any abandoned public diggings a mining lease of an area not exceeding 100 morgen (211.654 acres) may be granted by the Governor. An alluvial gold claim is a square of 150 by 150 Cape feet. A diamond ('pipe') claim is usually 30 Cape feet square, and an alluvial diamond claim is usually 60 by 30 Cape feet, but the size of the claim to be pegged is stated by the Government on the proclamation of a diamond diggings. Mining concessions for coal, copper or any mineral except gold, silver and platinum are granted by the Government or the private owner, as the case may be.‡

For equivalents of alluvial gold, 'pipe' and alluvial diamond claims, see under Transvaal.

^{*} The O.R.C. Precious Metals Ordinance of 1904.

[†] The O.R.C. Precious Stones Ordinance of 1904.

[‡]Cape of Good Hope Colony, Precious Minerals Act of 1898 and Precious Stones Act of 1899.

Natal.—The claim for the mining of gold and other minerals, including coal, but excepting precious stones and alluvial minerals, must not exceed 300 by 300 yards (18.595 acres). A mineral claim for the mining of coal, limestone, stratified ironstone, slate, soapstone, and such minerals as may from time to time be included by order of the Governor in Council, must not exceed 700 by 700 yards (101.239 acres).* An alluvial claim for the mining of alluvial deposits of precious stones or minerals must not exceed 100 by 100 British feet (0.229 acre).

Rhodesia.—A reef claim is a rectangle of 150 by 600 Cape feet, the shorter sides of which are parallel to the strike of the reef. It carries the so-called 'extra-lateral right,' that is, the reef can be followed underground beyond the vertical planes in which the surface boundaries lie. Reef claims are pegged in blocks of 10, a block being under ordinary circumstances a parallelogram of 1500 by 600 Cape feet, and in no case of a greater area than 900,000 square Cape feet. alluvial gold claim must, where possible, be a square of 200 by 200 Cape feet, and must in no case contain more than 40,000 square Cape feet. Coal mining locations of either 50, 100 or 150 morgen (105.827, 211.654 or 327.481 acres) are granted. A copper-mining location may be pegged of an area equivalent to not more than 30 reef claims of 90,000 square Cape feet each. No extra lateral rights exist in the mining of coal or copper locations.†

A reef claim	= 96038.01 sq. British feet = 2.20472934 acres = 1.0416 morgen.	log = 4.9824432 log = 0.3433553 log = 0.0177288
T 0.000		•
I acre	=0.4535704155 reef claim.	$\log = 9.6566447$
1 morgen	=0.96 reef claim.	$\log = 9.9822712$
A block of 10 reef claim	$\log = 1.3433553$	
	= 10.416 morgen.	$\log = 1.0177288$
An alluvial gold claim	=42683.56 sq. British feet	$\log = 4.6302606$
	=0.9798797 acre	$\log = 9.9911727$
	=0.4629 morgen.	$\log = 9.6655462$
1 acre = 1.020	53343 alluvial gold claims.	$\log = 0.0088273$
I morgen $= 2.16$ a	lluvial gold claims.	$\log = 0.3344538$

^{*} Natal Mines Act of 1899.

[†]The British South Africa Company's Mining Ordinance of 1903.

The Gold Coast Colony and Ashanti.—Mining concessions obtained from natives must not exceed five square miles in area. This does not apply to concessions obtained and registered previous to October 1895.*

Egypt.—There is no definite limit as to the size of a mining lease, which may be granted by the Government at a price per feddan (.420083 hectare or 1.038086 acres), which varies according to the nature of the mineral to be mined. There is in addition a tax of 10% on all net profits accruing from the working of the lease.

Sudan.—The maximum areas of mining leases are:

For non-alluvial gold, 64 hectares or 160 acres.

,,	silver,	64	"	,, 160	,,
,,	any other metal,	128	,,	,, 320	,,
,,	oil,	256	,,	,, 640	,,
,,	coal,	512	,,	,, 1280	,,

Each lease must be rectangular in shape, and of a length not exceeding four times its breadth.†

AUSTRALASIA.

New South Wales.—A gold-mining lease must not exceed an area of 25 acres, except when the Secretary for Mines is "satisfied that special difficulties exist in working the ground either by way of great depth or wetness, or on account of the cost by appliances required." In such case a special lease is granted, the tenure, form and area of which is prescribed by the Governor. If an ordinary gold-mining lease not exceeding 25 acres be located on a quartz vein or lode, the maximum length (measured in the direction of the strike) is 600 yards and the maximum width (measured across the lode) 200 yards. "In no case shall the area be marked out so that the lode will be distant from either extremity of the boundaries defining the width of the said area less than one-tenth of such width, nor shall the length along the lode in any such area be

^{*} The Gold Coast Colony and Ashanti Concessions Ordinance of 1900.

[†]Mining Laws of the British Empire, C. J. Alford, London, 1906, p. 35 et seq.

greater than three times the width of such area."* All other gold-mining leases must be, where practicable, in the form of a parallelogram, the maximum length of which must not be more than twice the maximum breadth. "The area of a mining lease for any mineral shall not exceed 640 acres and (unless specially authorised by the Secretary for Mines) shall not be less than 40 acres for coal-mining lots, and shall not exceed 80 acres nor be less than 20 acres for other mineral lots."... "Mineral lots shall be measured in the form of a square, except in any case where the Minister shall authorise a departure from that form." †

Queensland.—The area of a gold-mining lease is limited to 12 acres until seven years from the date of the proclamation of the gold-field, or to 25 acres until fourteen years from the date of proclamation. After the expiration of this latter period the area of the lease may be extended to 50 acres if the ground in question has previously been worked and abandoned, or if, in the opinion of the Warden of the gold-field, the undue wetness or great depth of the workings and the consequent high working costs warrant the extension. A mining lease for silver, antimony or tin within the limits of any gold-field or mineral-field specially notified by proclamation shall not exceed 80 acres, and beyond such limits shall not exceed 120 acres. The maximum area of a mining lease for any other mineral except coal is 160 acres. A coal-mining lease may not be larger than 320 acres, except in the case of the discovery of a new seam of coal at least 15 miles from any known payable coal-field, or of a hitherto unknown coal seam at a depth of at least 600 feet. The discoverer in such case is entitled to a lease of 640 acres. Wherever practicable, a mining lease must be rectangular in form, with the length not exceeding twice the breadth, but in special cases leases of irregularly shaped areas may be granted.

South Australia.—The maximum areas of mining leases are: for gold, 20 acres; for other minerals except coal, oil, salt and gypsum, 40 acres; for coal, oil, salt or gypsum, 640 acres.

^{*}The New South Wales Mining Act of 1874, Section 36.

[†] Regulations relating to Mineral Leases on Crown Lands, February 1885.

[†] The Mining Act of Queensland, 1898.

Any number of leases may be held by one person, but not more than four adjoining gold or mineral leases may be amalgamated.*

Victoria.—The maximum area of a gold-mining lease is 100 acres, while a mining lease for any other mineral (including coal) must not exceed 640 acres. There are no regulations as to the form of a mining lease.†

West Australia.—The maximum area of an ordinary gold-mining lease is 24 acres; but where the ground has previously been worked for alluvial gold and afterwards abandoned, or where, in the opinion of the Warden, the working will be costly by reason of excessive wetness or great depth, a lease not exceeding 48 acres may be granted. The maximum area of a mining lease for all minerals, except gold and coal, is 48 acres. A coal-mining lease must not exceed 320 acres, except in the case of the discovery of a new seam of coal at least 15 miles from any known payable coal. The discoverer in such case is granted a lease of 640 acres free of royalty for ten years.‡

Tasmania.—The maximum area of a gold-mining lease is 20 acres. A mining lease for coal, shale, slate, freestone or limestone must not exceed 320 acres, while the maximum area of a mining lease for any mineral except those already mentioned is 80 acres. If gold be found associated or combined with other minerals in such proportion that the amount recovered is of less value than that of the minerals with which it is associated or combined, the lease may have a maximum area of 80 acres. All mining leases must, where practicable, be square in form with the bearings of the boundary lines corresponding to the cardinal points of the compass. Two or more leases may be amalgamated.

New Zealand.—The unit of mining area in New Zealand is the *Claim*. Claims may be either *ordinary*, *extended* or *special*. The maximum areas are: for an ordinary claim, I acre if under license, or 10,000 square feet if not under license; for an extended claim, 5 acres; and for a special claim, 100 acres.

^{*} From the South Australian Mining Act of 1803.

[†]The Victorian Mines Acts of 1890 and 1897.

The Mining Act of West Australia, 1904.

[§] Tasmanian Mining Acts of 1900 and 1905.

The maximum lengths in the direction of the strike of the reef are: for an ordinary quartz claim 200 feet, and for an extended quartz claim 500 feet. The maximum lengths along the watercourse are: for an ordinary dredging or river claim, 3 chains (198 feet); for an extended dredging claim, 15 chains (990 feet): and for a special dredging claim, 1 mile. The maximum lengths of shore frontage are: for an ordinary seabeach claim, 200 feet; for an extended sea-beach claim, 500 feet; and for a special sea-beach claim, 1 mile. A special sea-beach claim may be extended beyond 100 acres * in the seawards direction.

NORTH AMERICA.

British Columbia.—From 1884 to 1892 the vein-mining claim of British Columbia was the same as that of the United States, namely, an area of 1500 by 600 feet, carrying the 'extra-lateral right.' The Mineral Act, however, was revised in 1891, and further augmented in 1896 and 1897. It now defines the unit of mining area as a rectangular claim not exceeding 1500 feet in either length or width (measured horizontally), with no extra-lateral right. The underground rights are therefore confined to the vertical planes in which the surface boundaries lie.

```
A vein-mining claim = 51.65289 acres log = 1.7130946

= 20.90315 hectares. log = 1.3202116

1 acre = .01936 claim. log = 8.2869054

1 hectare = .0478397 claim. log = 8.6797884
```

In 'creek diggings' a placer claim is 250 feet square, the side lines of which must run in the general direction of the watercourse or stream. In 'bar diggings' a placer claim may be either 250 feet square on any bar which is covered at high water, or 250 in length, and of the width contained between the highwater and the extreme low-water marks. In 'dry diggings' a claim is 250 feet square.

A placer claim must be as nearly as possible rectangular in form. The maximum length of a dredging lease is 5 miles. The maximum areas of leases for hydraulicing and precious stone diggings are 80 acres and 10 acres respectively. A coal or petroleum lease is a square block of a maximum area of 640 acres.

^{*} New Zealand Mining Act, No. 38 of 1898.

Nova Scotia.—For gold and silver mining the unit area is a rectangle measuring 250 feet by 150 feet, laid off with the shorter sides running east and west. Any number of these areas, not exceeding 100, can be taken up. For the mining of other minerals an area of 5 square miles, not exceeding 2½ miles in length, may be granted.

Quebec.—The total area of the mining concessions which can be acquired by one person is 400 acres, but under special circumstances the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant an area not exceeding 1000 acres.

Ontario.—A mining claim may be either 15 chains square (22½ acres) or 20 chains square (40 acres).

New Brunswick.—From 10 to 100 rectangular areas of 250 by 150 feet may be acquired for gold and silver mining. The boundaries must be laid off in the direction of the cardinal points of the compass. Mining leases of a maximum area of one square mile are granted for oil, natural gas or any mineral excepting gold and silver, but the Surveyor-General may, under special circumstances, sanction a larger lease.

Manitoba and the North-West Territories.—A gold quartz claim is a square of 1500 by 1500 feet without the extra-lateral right (see British Columbia).

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square. On the North Saskatchewan River, placer claims "are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low-water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained."

Two dredging leases of five miles each may be obtained. "The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low-water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high-water mark on each alternate lease-hold."

For iron and mica the maximum area of a location is 160 acres; a coal-mining location may not exceed 320 acres; and the

(2 hectares or 4.942116 acres). The maximum holding is limited to 240 hectares (593.05395 acres, 60 large or 120 small pertenencias). There is no 'extra-lateral right.'

ASIA.

British India.—The Collector of any district in British India can grant a prospecting license carrying with it the right to a lease for 30 years on a block of ground of any size not exceeding I square mile, provided the ratio of the length (in the direction of strike of the vein) to the breadth does not exceed 4 to I. Applications for more than I square mile are dealt with by the Board of Revenue.

In the Native State of Mysore, the size of the mining area granted to one applicant is limited to 2 square miles.

Ceylon.—On Crown lands, mining leases for one or more blocks, each of which must be over 10 and not more than 100 acres in extent, may be granted by the Governor, but the total area held by the lessee or by those joined in interest with him must not exceed 500 acres. Except when specially sanctioned, the length of a block must not exceed four times its breadth.*

Malay Peninsula.—Mining leases for large areas are granted by the Sultan of Pahang on the recommendation of the British Resident; but mining permits giving the holder the right to dig for gold and tin within an area of 5 acres are also granted.†

Russian Empire.—For vein-mining the maximum area of an *Otwod* or concession is 1 square verst (1.138062 square kilometres or .439408 square mile). The ratio of the length (in the direction of the strike of the vein) to the breadth must not exceed 3 to 1.

For alluvial mining in Siberia, the length of the concession is limited to 5 versts (5.3340 kilometres or 3.314394 miles), while the breadth may extend to the full width of the valley in which the auriferous gravels lie. In the Urals the size of

^{*}From Mining Laws of the British Empire, by C. J. Alford, London, 1906, p. 64.

[†] The States of Pahang Mining Enactment of 1904.

horizontal projection gives a square, each side of which measures 100 metres; and bounded underground by the four vertical planes corresponding to the sides of the said square."

I pertenencia = I hectare = 2.471058 acres. log = 0.3928830 I acre = 0.404685 pertenencia. log = 9.6071170

SOUTH AMERICA.

British Guiana.—A gold-mining claim must not exceed 1500 feet in length by 800 feet in width. A claim located for the purpose of searching for precious stones must not exceed 1500 feet in length by 800 feet in width, nor contain a greater area than 500 acres. A claim must, where practicable, be rectangular in form and it is limited underground by the vertical planes in which the surface boundaries lie.*

Colombia.—The unit area for vein mining is 600 by 240 metres, and for alluvial mining 5 by 2 kilometres.†

1 vein-mining area	= 14.4 hectares	$\log = 1.1583625$
	= 35.583235 acres.	log=1.5512455
1 hectare	=.0694 vein-mining claim.	$\log = 8.8416375$
1 acre	=.028103 vein-mining claim.	$\log = 8.4487545$
1 alluvial-mining area	a = 10 sq. kilometres	
	= 1000 hectares	
	=2471.05814 acres	log = 3.3928830
	= 3.86103 square miles.	$\log = 0.5867030$

Chile.—For coal the mining area or pertenencia is 50 hectares (123.5529 acres); while for any other mineral it may be from 1 to 5 hectares (2.47106 to 12.3553 acres). There is no 'extralateral right.' ‡

Peru.—The mining area or pertenencia for gold, silver, platinum, lead, tin, copper, antimony, zinc, coal or petroleum is a square of 200 by 200 metres (4 hectares or 9.88423 acres), while a pertenencia located on a deposit of borax, sulphur or any other non-metallic mineral is half that size

^{*} British Guiana Mining Regulations, 1903.

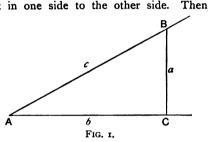
[†]H. G. Granger and E. B. Treville, p. 85, Trans. Am. Inst. M.E., vol. 28, 1899.

[‡] Chilian Mining Law of 1888.

PART VI. DATA RELATING TO SURVEYING.

SECTION I. TRIGONOMETRICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS FORMULÆ AND CONSTANTS.

LET A be any acute angle, and let a perpendicular BC be drawn from any point in one side to the other side. Then, if the sides



of the right triangle thus formed are denoted by letters, as in the figure, we have these six formulæ:

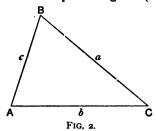
1.
$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c}$$
.
2. $\cos A = \frac{b}{c}$.
3. $\tan A = \frac{a}{b}$.
4. $\csc A = \frac{c}{a}$.
5. $\sec A = \frac{c}{b}$.
6. $\cot A = \frac{b}{a}$.

11. $A, c \mid B, a, b \mid B = 90^{\circ} - A, a = c \sin A, b = c \cos A.$

3.
$$\tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$
. 6. $\cot A = \frac{b}{a}$.

Solution of Right Angles. (Fig. 1.)							
	GIVEN.	Sought.	Formulæ.				
7.	а, с	A, B, b	$\sin A = \frac{a}{c}, \qquad \cos B = \frac{a}{c}, \qquad b = \sqrt{(c+a)(c-a)}.$ $\tan A = \frac{a}{b}, \qquad \cot B = \frac{a}{b}, \qquad c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}.$ $B = 90^\circ - A, b = a \cot A, c = \frac{a}{\sin A}.$				
8.	a, b	A, B, c	$\tan A = \frac{a}{b}, \cot B = \frac{a}{b}, c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}.$				
9.	A, a	B, b, c	$B=90^{\circ}-A$, $b=a\cot A$, $c=\frac{a}{\sin A}$.				
10.	A, b	B, a, c	$B=90^{\circ}-A$, $a=b \tan A$, $c=\frac{b}{c + A}$				

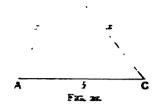
Solution of Oblique Triangles. (Fig. 2.)



Given.	Sought.	FORMULÆ.
A, B, a	ь	$b = \frac{a \sin B}{\sin A} = a \sin B \csc A.$
		$\sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a}.$
a, b, C	A, B	$\tan \frac{1}{2}(A-B) = \frac{a-b}{a+b} \cot \frac{1}{2}C,$
		then $A = (90^{\circ} - \frac{1}{2}C) + \frac{1}{2}(A - B)$
		and $B = (90^{\circ} - \frac{1}{2}C) - \frac{1}{2}(A - B)$,
		a being the longer side.
		Let $s = \frac{1}{2}(\alpha + b + c)$: $\sin \frac{1}{2}A = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{bc}}$;
a, b, c	A	$\cos \frac{1}{2}A = \sqrt{\frac{s(s-a)}{bc}}, \tan \frac{1}{2}A = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{s(s-a)}};$
		$\sin A = \frac{2\sqrt{[s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)]}}{bc}.$
A, B, C, a	Area	$Area = \frac{a^2 \sin B \sin C}{2 \sin A}.$
A, b, c	Area	$Area = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A.$
a, b, c	Area	Let $s = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$: area = $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$.
	A, B, a A, a, b a, b, C	A, B, a b A, a, b B a, b, C A, B a, b, c A A, B, C, a Area A, b, c Area

General Trigonometrical Formulæ.

É



General Trigonometrical Formula antiqued.

26.
$$\sin A - \sin S = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2} A + S \cos \frac{1}{2} A - F$$
.

27.
$$\sin A - \sin S = 2 \cos \frac{1}{3} A + S \sin \frac{1}{3} A + B$$

23.
$$\cos S - \cos A = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2} A + S' \sin \frac{1}{2} A + E'$$

30.
$$\sin^2 A - \sin^2 S = \cos^2 S - \cos^2 A = \sin(A + B) \sin(A - B)$$

$$\square = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 S = \cos(A + F) \cos(A + B).$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\sin A}{\cos x}$$

$$c.t = \frac{c + t}{cct + t}$$

34
$$\tan A \pm \delta = \frac{\tan A \pm \tan S}{1 \pm \tan A \tan S}.$$

35.
$$\tan A = \tan B = \frac{\sin A + B}{\cos A \cos B}$$

36.
$$\cot A \pm \cot B = \pm \frac{\sin A \pm B}{\sin A \sin B}$$

$$\sin A \pm \sin B + \cot A + B$$

37.
$$\frac{\sin A + \sin B}{\sin A - \sin B} = \frac{\tan \frac{1}{2} (A - B)}{\tan \frac{1}{2} (A - B)}$$

38.
$$\frac{\sin A + \sin B}{\cos A + \cos B} = \tan \frac{1}{2}(A + B).$$

39.
$$\frac{\sin A + \sin B}{\cos B - \cos A} = \cot \frac{1}{2}(A - B).$$

40.
$$\frac{\sin A - \sin B}{\cos A + \cos B} = \tan \frac{1}{2}(A - B).$$

41.
$$\frac{\sin A - \sin B}{\cos B - \cos A} = \cot \frac{1}{2}(A+B).$$

42.
$$\tan \frac{1}{2}A = \frac{\sin A}{1 + \cos A}.$$

43.
$$\cot \frac{1}{2}A = \frac{\sin A}{1 - \cos A}$$

Miscellaneous Formulæ.

	Sought.	GIVEN.	Formulæ.
	Area of		
44 .	Circle,	Radius=r,	πr^2 .
4 5.	Ellipse,	Semi-axes = a and b ,	πab.
l6 .	Parabola,	Chord = c, height = h,	3ch.*
L 7.	Regular Polygon,	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Side} = a, \\ \text{number of sides} = n, \end{array} \right\} $	$\frac{1}{4}a^2n\cot\frac{180^\circ}{n}$
	Surface of		
18 .	Sphere,	Radius=r,	$4\pi r^2$.
9.	Zone,	Radius= r , height= h ,	2πrh.
50.	Spherical Polygon,	$ \left\{ \begin{aligned} \text{Radius of sphere } &= r, \\ \text{sum of angles } &= S, \\ \text{number of sides } &= n, \end{aligned} \right\} $	$\pi r^2 \times \frac{S - (n-2) 180^{\circ}}{180^{\circ}}$
	Solidity of		
1.	Prism or Cylinder,	Base = b , height = h ,	bh.
2.	Pyramid or cone,	Base = b , height = h ,	$\frac{1}{3}\delta h$
3.	Frustum of Pyra- mid or Cone,	$ \left\{ \begin{aligned} \text{Bases} &= b \text{ and } b_1, \\ \text{height} &= h, \end{aligned} \right\} $	$\frac{1}{8}h(b+b_1+\sqrt{bb_1}).$
4.	Sphere,	Radius=r,	$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.
5.	Spherical Segment,	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Radii of bases} = r \text{ and } r_1, \\ \text{height} = h, \end{array} \right\} $	$\frac{1}{2}\pi h (r^2 + r_1^2 + \frac{1}{3}h^2).$
6.	Prolate Spheroid,	Semi-transverse axis of ellipse = a ,	ξπαb ² .
57.	Oblate Spheroid,	Semi-conjugate axis of ellipse $= b$,	$\frac{4}{3}\pi a^2b$.
8.	Paraboloid,	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Radius of base} = r, \\ \text{height} = h, \end{array} \right\} $	$\frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 h$.
		15926536; logarithm=0.497 96044011; ,, =0.994	71498727. 12997454.
			5749363.

Physical Constants.

Velocity of light (Harkness)

= 186,337 miles per second

= 299,878 kilometres per second.

Velocity of sound through dry air

= $1000\sqrt{1 + 0.00367t}$ feet per second,

where t

= temperature in degrees Centigrade.

The general mean deduced by Rowland (*Proc. Am. Acad.*, vol. xv., p. 144) for dry air at o° C.

= 331.75 metres per second = 1088.42 feet per second.

In rock—					elocity in res per sec.	Velocity in feet per sec.	Authorit	.y.
Granite.		-	-		3950	12,960	Gray and	Milne.
Marble,	-	-	-		3810	12,500	,,	"
Slate,	-	-	-		4510	14,800	"	"
Brick,	-	-	-		3652	11,980	Chladni.	
In wood-	-							
Pine, ald	ong	the fil	re,	, -	3320	10,900	Wertheim.	
Oak,	"	2:	,	-	3850	12,620	"	
Ash,	"	,,		-	467 0	15,310	**	
In water-	–At	13.7°	C.,	-	1437	4714	Martini.	

From the Smithsonian Physical Tables, p. 100.

Astronomical Constants (Harkness).

Sidereal year = 365.2563578 mean solar days. Sidereal day = 23 hours 56 min. 4.100 seconds mean solar time. Mean solar day = 24 hours 3 min. 56.546 seconds sidereal time. Mean distance of the earth from the sun = 92,800,000 miles.

Geodetic Constants.

Dimensions of the earth (Clarke's spheroid):

Equatorial semi-axis 3963.3 miles.

Polar ,, 3949.8 ,,

Perimeter of meridian ellipse 24,854.76 miles.

Circumference of equator 24,901.96 "

Area of earth's surface 196,940,400 sq. miles.

Mean density of the earth (Harkness) 5.576 ± 0.016 .

Surface density of the earth (Harkness) 2.56 \pm 0.16.

Acceleration of gravity at sea-level (Harkness)

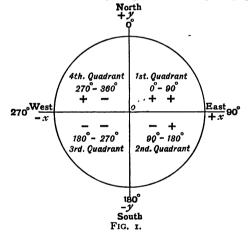
= 980.60 (1 – 0.002662 cos 2ϕ) centimetres per second, where ϕ = the latitude.

Length of seconds pendulum (Harkness)

= 0.990910 + 0.005290 $\sin^2 \phi$ metres, where ϕ = the latitude.

SECTION II. THE COORDINATION OF SURVEY POINTS.

The permanent stations of a modern survey are usually plotted by means of rectangular coordinates, the use of the protractor being restricted to the draughting of the temporary points and



detail. The customary method of coordinating a survey is as follows:

The most prominent and central station of the survey, from which the direction of the true meridian has been determined, is selected as the 'point of origin' o. At this point two fixed axes, y and x, are assumed to intersect at right angles, the direction of the y axis being made to coincide with the true meridian. From the starting point o, the *latitude* (distance north or south) and the *departure* (distance east or west) of each station of the survey are calculated, the latitudes being the y and the departures the x coordinates.

The y coordinates to the north of, and the x coordinates to the east of o are positive and carry a plus sign, while those to the south of and to the west of o are negative and carry a minus sign. They are stated with the ys before (to the left of) the xs; thus +950.13 - 726.48 may represent the coordinates of a point 950.13 units north of, and 726.48 units west of o. From o, the bearing of the true north (along the y axis) is taken as 360° or 0°, the east (along the x axis) as 90°, the south as 180° and the west as 270°. Therefore, if the coordinates of a point carry the signs:

+ +, its bearing from o is in the 1st quadrant between o° and 90°

Coordinates are usually calculated by means of logarithms and checked by natural sines and cosines, using 'short' multiplication.*

EXAMPLE. Given the measured lengths

$$oA = 377.92$$
, $AB = 1015.74$ and $BC = 284.63$,

and the observed angles $yoA = 47^{\circ}$ 19' 20" (the bearing of the line oA), $oAB = 83^{\circ} 47' 40''$ and $ABC = 321^{\circ} 33' 50''$. The coordinates of the points A, B and C are calculated as follows:

To Determine A.

		Cn	ecr.
' (By log	(By logarithms.)		
Length $oA = 377.92 = 2.5773999$ Bearing $oA = 47^{\circ} 19' 20'' \cos = 9.8311493$	= 2.5773999 sin = 0.8663022	37792 78776	37792 81537
2.4085492	2.4437921	22675 2645	26454 1134
+ 256.18	+ 277.84	265	189
<i>o</i> = ± 0.00	± 0.00	33	7
A = +256.18	+ 277.84	+256.18	+ 277.84

^{*} Rule for 'short' multiplication: Reverse the multiplier and place it below the multiplicand so that its unit figure (the one preceding the decimal point) is directly under that decimal place of the multiplicand to which the product is required. For example, to multiply 103.75 by 39.445, the product being required to two decimal places, the unit figure 9 is placed under the 5.

Therefore in checking by natural sines and cosines, in order to get the product to two decimal places reverse the function and place its initial figure under the first decimal place of the multiplicand. (See the above calculation, where .67787 = the nat. cos of 47° 19' 20").

CL . . 1

To Determine B.

Length $AB = 1015.74$	=3.0067826	= 3.0067826	Che	eck.
Bearing $Ao = 227^{\circ} 19' 20''$ Angle $oAB = 83^{\circ} 47' 40''$	• ,	.	101574 495756	101574 75337
Bearing $AB = 311^{\circ} 7' 00''$ s	in=9.8179581	cos=9.8770096	60944	71102
	2.8247407	2.8837922	5079 711	5079 305
	+ 667.95	- 765.23	61	37
	A = +256.18	+ 277.84	+667.95	- 765.23
	B = +924.13	- 487.39	+924.13	- 487.39

To Determine C.

Length $BC = 284.63$	=2.4542807	=2. 4542807	Chec	k.
Bearing $BA = 131^{\circ} 7' 00''$			28463	
Angle $ABC = 321^{\circ} 33' 50''$			77640	1 9 899
Bearing $BC = 92^{\circ} 40' 50''$	$\sin = 8.6699437$	cos=9.9995245	1138	25617
	1.1242244	2.4538052	171 20	2562 228
	- 13.31	+ 284.32	2	25
	B = +924.13	- 487.39	- 13.31 +	- 284.32
	C = +910.82	- 203.07	+910.82 -	- 203.07

The bearing of a line = that of the backsight + its angle with reference to the backsight (measured clockwise, from left to right); and the bearing of the line used as a backsight differs by 180° from its bearing when a foresight. For example, in the above calculations the bearing of the line oA is 47° 19' 20''; therefore, when used as a backsight from the station A, its bearing is 47° 19' $20'' + 180^{\circ} = 227^{\circ}$ 19' 20'', which, added to the observed angle oAB which Ao makes with AB, gives the bearing of the line AB.

Similarly the bearing BC =(the bearing $AB - 180^{\circ}$) + the angle ABC, which sum, being greater than 360°, has that amount deducted from it. A bearing is denoted by the prefix y. For example, yAB signifies the bearing of the line AB, or its direction with reference to y (the true north, o°).

If the bearing of a line be in the 1st quadrant, its length × the cosine of the bearing is the y distance or latitude, ., × the sine ,, ,, x ,, departure; if in the 2nd quadrant, its length × the sine of the (bearing - 90°) is the y distance or lat., ,, × the cosine ,, ,, x ,, departure;

if in the 3rd quadrant.

its length × the cosine of the (bearing – 180°) is the y distance or lat., , x the sine , y departure; and if in the 4th quadrant,

its length \times the sine of the (bearing – 270°) is the y distance or lat., , \times the cosine , , \times , departure.

To coordinate any point B which has been fixed from a coordinated point A, the y and the x distances of B from A are added algebraically to the coordinates of A. For example, in the foregoing calculations the y distance AB = +667.95, and the x distance AB = -765.23, which, when added algebraically to the coordinates of A, give the coordinates of B with reference to the point of origin o.

Method used in calculating the length and bearing of a line connecting two coordinated points:

Check.

$$A = +256.18 + 277.84$$
 $B = +924.13 - 487.39$
 $A = +256.18 + 277.84$
 $A = +256.18$
 $A = +256.18$

The signs before the y and x differences of the coordinates of the two points indicate the quadrant in which the bearing of the connecting line lies. Divide the y difference by the x difference. Then:

$$\frac{y \text{ difference}}{x \text{ difference}} = \begin{cases} \text{the cotangent of the bearing} & \text{if in the 1st quadrant.} \\ \text{the tangent of (the bearing - 90°)} & \dots & \text{2nd} & \dots \\ \text{the cotangent of (} & \dots & -180°) & \dots & 3\text{rd} & \dots \\ \text{the tangent of (} & \dots & -270°) & \dots & 4\text{th} & \dots \end{cases}$$

For example, in the foregoing calculation, as the differences carry the signs +-, the bearing is in the 4th quadrant. Consequently $\frac{667.95}{765.23}$ = the tangent of $41^{\circ}7'$ oo", which, $+270^{\circ}$, $=311^{\circ}7'$ oo" = yAB.

The distance between the two points =

 $\frac{y \text{ difference}}{\text{cosine of the bearing}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\text{sine of the bearing}}$ if the bearing be in the 1st quadrant.

y difference

the sine of (the bearing - 90°) or z difference
cosine of (the bearing - 90°)

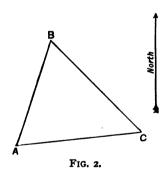
if the bearing be in the 2nd quadrant.

 $\frac{y \text{ difference}}{\text{cosine of (the bearing - 180°)}} \text{ or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\text{sine of (the bearing - 180°)}}$ if the bearing be in the 3rd quadrant.

 $\frac{y \text{ difference}}{\text{sine of (the bearing - 270°)}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\text{cosine of (the bearing - 270°)}}$ if the bearing be in the 4th quadrant.

For example, in the foregoing calculation the bearing is in the 4th quadrant. Consequently $\frac{765.23}{\text{cosine }41^{\circ}7'\text{ oo''}} = 1015.74$, the length of the line AB.

Method used in calculating the coordinates of a triangulation.



Given the coordinates of the points A and C, and by observation the interior angles of the triangle ABC. Required the coordinates of the point B.

Angles. Coordinates.

$$A = 72^{\circ} \ 15' \ 30''$$
 y x
 $B = 51^{\circ} \ 55' \ 40''$ $A = +7230.91 + 538.64$
 $C = 55^{\circ} \ 48' \ 50''$ $C = +8522.77 + 9367.05$

The first step is to determine the length and bearing of the line AC:

A = +7230.91 + 538.64	Ché	ck.
C = +8522.77 + 9367.05	892243	892243
+1291.86+8828.41	887441	364989
	89224	803019
3.1112155	35690	71379
3.9458825	3569	8030
	625	357
9.1653330=81° 40′ 30″=yAC 9.9953994	78	56
${3.9504831} = 8922.43 = AC.$	+ 1291.86	+8828.41

The coordinates of B are then determined from the two sides AB and CB, each calculation acting as a check on the other. The lengths of these sides are:

AB = AC sine C cosecant B, and BC = AC sine A cosecant B; and their bearings are derived from the known bearing yAC, and the observed angles of the triangle. The logarithm of the cosecant of B is got by subtracting the logarithm of the sine from 10.0000000. This is most easily done by subtracting each figure from 9, except the right-hand one, which is subtracted from 10.

$$yAC = 81^{\circ} \ 40' \ 30''$$

$$A = 72^{\circ} \ 15' \ 30''$$

$$yAB = 9^{\circ} \ 25' \ \infty''$$

$$yAB = 9^{\circ} \ 25' \ \infty''$$

$$B = 51^{\circ} \ 55' \ 40''$$

$$B = 9.9788377$$

$$Sin C = 9.9176193$$

$$Sin A = 9.9788377$$

$$Sin C = 9.9176193$$

$$Sin A = 9.9941079$$

$$YAB = 9.9941079$$

$$YAB = 9.9941079$$

$$YAB = 9.2138176$$

$$YCB = 9.8675537$$

$$YCB = 317^{\circ} 29' 20''$$

$$YCB = 317^$$

The method of calculating the lengths of the sides AB and CB is not clear in the finished calculation. It is as follows: First, to determine the length AB,

$$\log 8922.43 = 3.9504832$$

$$\operatorname{cosec} B = 0.1038961$$

$$\sin A = \\
\sin C = 9.9176193$$

$$\log AB = 3.9719986$$

the space for the $\log \sin A$ being left blank. Then, to determine the length CB, $\log \sin A$ is filled in, and the sum of the three top lines = $\log CB$, which is placed to the right of the repeated $\log AB$.

Then, as already described, $AB \times$ the cos and sin of yAB (1st quadrant) = the latitude and departure of B from A; and $CB \times$ the sin and cos of $yCB - 270^{\circ}$ (4th quadrant) = the latitude and departure of B from C.

Calculation of the area of a figure from its coordinates.

Area =
$$\frac{\text{sums of the } y \times \text{diffs. of the } xs}{2}$$
 or $\frac{\text{sums of the } x \times \text{diffs. of the } y \times \text{diffs. of the } y \times \text{diffs. of the } y \times \text{diffs.}}{2}$

The sum and difference of the coordinates of each two adjoining points is taken separately, and the sum of the products is divided by 2, care being taken to distinguish between the positive and the negative signs when making the addition. The computation is checked by calculating by each way separately, using either 'short' multiplication or logarithms as preferred, the former method being the more accurate for dealing with large amounts.

For example, in the triangle ABC we have the coordinates:

$$A = + 7230.91 + 538.64$$

$$B = + 16480.16 + 2072.61$$

$$C = + 8522.77 + 9367.05$$
Sums of the ys. Diffs. of the xs.
$$AB + 23711.07 \times + 1533.97 = + 36,372,070.04$$

$$BC + 25002.93 \times + 7294.44 = + 182,382,372.71$$

$$CA + 15753.68 \times - 8828.41 = -139,079,946.05$$

$$+ 79,674,496.70$$

$$\div 2 = 39,837,248.35$$

Check.

Sums of the xs. Diffs. of the ys.

AB +
$$2611.25 \times +9249.25 = +24,152,104.06$$

BC + $11439.66 \times -7957.39 = -91,029,836.09$

CA + $9905.69 \times -1291.86 = -12,796,764.68$
 $-79,674,496.69$
 $\div 2 = 39,837,248.35$

Area ABC = 39,837,248.35 square units.

The calculation of an area may often be simplified by deducting either a positive or a negative constant from each of the ys, and similarly, another positive or negative constant from each of the xs.

For example, in the foregoing calculation + 7000y and + 500x may be deducted from the coordinates of A, B and C, giving:

$$y x$$

$$A = + 230.91 + 38.64$$

$$B = + 9480.16 + 1572.61$$

$$C = + 1522.77 + 8867.05$$
Sums of the ys. Diffs. of the xs.
$$AB + 9711.07 \times + 1533.97 = + 14,896,490.05$$

$$BC + 11002.93 \times + 7294.44 = + 80,260,212.71$$

$$CA + 1753.68 \times - 8828.41 = - 15,482,206.05$$

$$+ 79,674,496.71$$

$$\div 2 = 39,837,248.35$$

$$Check.$$

Sums of the xs. Diffs. of the ys.

AB +
$$1611.25 \times +9249.25 = +14,902,854.06$$

BC + $10439.66 \times -7957.39 = -83,072,446.08$

CA + $8905.69 \times -1291.86 = -11,504,904.68$

- $79,674,496.70$
 $\div 2 = 39,837,248.35$

Area $ABC = 39,837,248.35$ square units.

Calculation of the coordinates of a point, the angles which it makes with three coordinated points having been observed.

Given the coordinates of the points A, C and B, and the observed angles ARC and BRC which subtend these points at R. Required the coordinates of the point R (Fig. 3).

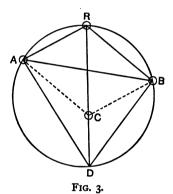
Describe a circle cutting A, B and R. Join RA, RB, RC

and AB. Produce RC to the circumference of the circle at D, and join AD and BD. Then:

the observed angle ARD = the angle ABD and the observed angle BRD = the angle BAD,

as they subtend the same chords AD and BD. Determine the length and bearing of AB and coordinate D from the triangle ABD. Then calculate the bearing yCD which = the bearing yRD. Determine yRA and yRB from yRC and the angles ARD and BRD, and coordinate R from the triangle ABR.

It is apparent that the calculation will not be accurate when the middle point C is close to the circumference of the circle,



and quite impossible when C is cut by the circle. It is therefore advisable to first add the observed angles ARC and BRC to the known angle ACB; if their sum be 180° , all four points will be cut by the circle, as the opposite angles of a quadrilateral inscribed within a circle are together equal to 180° . Therefore, when the sum of the angles ARC, BRC and ACB is more than 180° , C is inside the circle and yCD=yRD; and when it is less than 180° , C is outside the circle and yCD=yDR.

R may also be calculated by the following formula:

Let $T = (\angle RBC + \angle RAC) = 360^{\circ} - (\angle ACB + \angle ARC + \angle BRC)$. When T is 90° or under,

$$\cot RBC = \cot T \left(\frac{BC \sin ARC}{AC \sin BRC \cos T} + 1 \right).$$

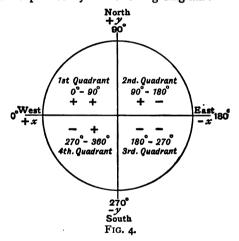
When T is between 90° and 180°, the 1 in the formula is negative instead of positive, thus:

$$\cot RBC = \cot T \left(\frac{BC \sin ARC}{AC \sin BRC \cos T} - 1 \right).$$

R is then coordinated from the triangle CBR.

The Cape System.

In South Africa, a method of coordination which is known as the *Cape System* is in general use. It differs from the conventional method in that the x axis is positive to the *west*, which is taken as 360° or 0° , and the bearings are therefore stated with reference to the west instead of to the north, the bearing of a line being consequently denoted by the prefix x instead of y. It is best explained by the following diagram:



The methods of calculation are similar to those already described, but the arrangement of the quadrants is of course quite different. Therefore, if the bearing of a line be:

In determining the length and bearing of a line between two coordinated points:

$$\frac{y \text{ difference}}{x \text{ difference}} = \begin{cases} \text{the tan of the bearing if in the 1st quadrant.}}, & \text{cotan of (the bearing - 90°) if in the 2nd quadrant.} \\ \text{,, tan ,, (,, -180°) ,, 3rd ,, } \\ \text{,, cotan ,, (,, -270°) ,, 4th ,, } \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Length} = \frac{y \text{ difference}}{\sin \text{ of bearing}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\cos \text{ of bearing}} \quad \text{if in the 1st quadrant.}$$

$$\text{,, =} \frac{y \text{ difference}}{\cos \text{ of (bearing - 90°)}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\sin \text{ of (bearing - 90°)}} \quad \text{,, 2nd } \quad \text{,, }$$

$$\text{,, =} \frac{y \text{ difference}}{\sin \text{ of (bearing - 180°)}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\cos \text{ of (bearing - 180°)}} \quad \text{,, 3rd } \quad \text{,, }$$

$$\text{,, =} \frac{y \text{ difference}}{\cos \text{ of (bearing - 270°)}} \quad \text{or } \frac{x \text{ difference}}{\sin \text{ of (bearing - 270°)}} \quad \text{,, 3rd } \quad \text{,, }$$

SECTION III. THE COMPARISON AND VERI-FICATION OF STANDARD MEASURES OF LENGTH.

1. The following measures of length can be tested by the Board of Trade Standards Department, Westminster:

Metal measures in the form of 'ribands' or 'tapes':

```
100 links or 66 feet.
50 links or 33 feet.
100 feet.
50 feet.
25 feet.
20 metres.
10 metres.
```

- 2. The whole or total length only of each of the above measures will be tested, except in the case of a standard measure required for survey purposes, when the corrected values of each part or interval of the measure will be given, e.g. every 5 metres on 20 metres, or every 10 feet on 100 feet.
- 3. Unless otherwise required, each measure will be tested under the following condition as to normal tension, 'pull,' or

stretching-weight, when the measure under test is supported throughout its whole length on a plane and even base:

		Metal Measures.
100 link riband - 100 feet to 50 feet- 20 metres 10 metres	-} -}	10 lb. avoir. 5 kilograms.

Linked chains, or round-wire chains composed of links and rings and tapes made of linen or other fabric are only verified for certain official purposes.

4. All results are reduced to 62°F. for links and feet and to 0°C. for metres.

The coefficient of linear expansion of a metal measure is taken to be as follows, unless otherwise stated:

	For 1° F.	For 1° C.
Steel 'Invar' or Nickel Steel - (35.7 Nickel, 64.3 Steel:)	o.ooooo689 o.oooooo487	0.00001240 0.000000877

5. The following design of stamp or mark of verification (including the year) is placed on a verified measure:



Metal measures should have a brass disc $(\frac{1}{2}$ -inch diameter) affixed upon which to place the official stamp.

6. In certain cases Treasury fees are required, particulars of which can be obtained at the Standards Office. Fees are not payable on measures for Government Departments or for Local Authorities.

A certificate of verification is given with each measure, in which its error or difference from Standard is stated, and also, in some instances, the modulus of elasticity and 'sag' of a chain.

In standard steel tapes for the use of local Inspectors of Weights and Measures an error in manufacture of 0.1 inch is allowed in excess or deficiency. In other steel standards 0.25 inch is allowed, and in linen tapes 0.5 inch is permitted.

Metric measures should be accurate to about 5 millimetres in 20 metres or to one four-thousandth of the whole length. The verification of measures can be carried out to nearly one four-thousandth part of the whole length.

The above regulations were issued by the Board of Trade Standards Department on the 1st of August, 1904.

SECTION IV. TACHEOMETRY.

The Use of the Tacheometer in Contouring.

For accurate contouring, a sufficient number of stations should be flagged so that any part of the ground is not more than about 1200 feet distant from at least one station, this being about the limit for accurate reading with the usual 5-inch instrument. The levels of the stations should then be determined, and their positions fixed by triangulation in the following manner. When the instrument is levelled up over a station, set it so that the clamped bottom plate has always the same position relative to the true or to the magnetic meridian. This is done by clamping the top plate at the known bearing which the instrument station makes with the back-sight, and then directing the telescope on the back sight with the bottom plate unclamped. The bearing of each sight can thus be booked direct, which saves time in plotting. The angles to all the fixed stations to be located by triangulation should be carefully read and booked before any staff readings are taken. With one man observing and another booking, two or even three staff men can be kept going. Great care should be insisted on in the holding of the staffs perpendicularly, more especially at a point above or below the level of the instrument station, where the sight has to be taken with The form of field book given on the an inclined telescope. following page is recommended.

A pocket steel tape 6 feet long, in a circular metal case and winding up by means of a spring, will be found very convenient for measuring the height of the instrument. In setting up at a

of Field Book.	rieldOffice	
Specimen Page of Field Book.		
ຜ		-
	Field	-

!					
	KEMARKS.				
Red.	Level.	+91.89 + 87.35	+123.90	+ 84.68	+ 58.97
Axis	Level.	+91.89			
1	- Fell			7.21	32.92
;	Kise.		32.01		
	Vert.		369.45 +41.01 32.01		- 23.92
DISTANCES.	Hor.		369.45	348	294.06
	Slope.		374		562
	X II GS		10.87 9.00 7.13	8.95 7.21 5.47	10.48 9.00 7.52
Vert	Angle.		73° 15′ 83° 40′	level	4° 18′ 94° 21′
	Hght. Sighted Bearing. Vert. Inst.		73° 15′	129° 43′	4° 18′
Sighted	Sighted Stn.		H	64	89
Hoh	Hght. Inst.		-		
i i	Stn	₽ ₽			

station, first level up, then take height of instrument (from centre of telescope axis to top of peg), then set bottom plate to correct bearing as already described. Take sights with a level telescope where possible, so as to save calculation in the office. Book the readings of the top, middle and bottom wires in the same column. When sighting to the rise or dip, bring the middle wire on to the same even number on the staff whenever possible, as an error in the reading of the top or bottom wire can then be easily detected when booking, and there is less liability to error in working out reduced levels. For instance, on sighting an ordinary 16 feet level staff, keep cutting the 9 foot mark with the middle wire, then the sum of the top and bottom wire readings should always be $9 \times 2 = 18$, and the 'Rise' or 'Fall' is more easily calculated. In the office first get the slope distance from the wire readings, then work out the horizontal and vertical readings by multiplying by the constants given in the table on pages 141-171. Enter them up, putting a + sign before the vertical distance for a rise, and a - sign for a fall. Then fill in the Axis Level, which is the Reduced Level + the height of the instrument. In case of a rise (see Sighted Station 1 in field book) subtract the middle wire reading from the Vertical Distance and book the result in the 'Rise' column. With a level telescope (see Sighted Station 2 in field book) enter the middle wire reading in the 'Fall' column. In case of a fall (see Sighted Station 3 in field book) add the middle wire reading to the Vertical Distance and book result in the 'Fall' column. Although in the specimen page everything is worked out to two decimal places, it is usual to work the Horizontal Distance to the nearest foot, which is sufficiently accurate for plotting.

Corrections for Curvature and Refraction.

Distance.	Correction.	Distance.	Correction.	Distance.	Correction.
300	.002	800	.013	1300	.035
400	.003	900	.017	1400	.040
500	.005	1000	.020	1500	.046
600	.007	1100	.025	1600	.052
700	.010	1200	.030	1700	.059

In + or rise angles, add the correction to the amount of rise in 'Rise' column. In level distances, book the correction in the 'Rise' column. In - or dip angles, deduct correction from amount of fall in 'Fall' column.

The stadia wires of a tacheometer are usually set to a 'measuring angle' twice the tangent of the half of which is 0.01, i.e., the distance between the wires as read on the staff is 0.01 of the actual distance between the staff and the instrument, and consequently the difference between the top and bottom wire readings × 100 = the slope distance. Tacheometer telescopes are now made with an 'anallatic lens,' by which the stadia readings are referred to the centre of the instrument. If a telescope which is not 'anallatic' be used, a correction for 'focal length' has to be applied to all the readings.

The vertical circles of most tacheometers are graduated so that with a level telescope the right hand vernier is at 90° and the left hand vernier at 270°, with 360° at the tangent screw. Therefore a rise angle reads less, and a dip angle more than 90° on the right hand vernier, which is the one usually read. The following table is arranged for instruments of this type, but with an instrument where the actual rise or dip angle is read direct, add 90° when looking up the constants for the angle.

The horizontal distance and the difference in height are calculated from the slope distance and the vertical angle as follows:

Let G = the slope distance, or 'generating number.'

V= the vertical angle, or inclination of G from the horizontal.

D = the horizontal distance.

H= the vertical distance, or difference in height.

Then $D = G \cos^2 V$

and $H = G \sin V \cos V$.

The following table gives the values of $\cos^2 V$ and $\sin V \cos V$ for each minute of arc from o° to an inclination of 30° from the horizontal.

Rule: Multiply the slope distance by the constants given in the table for the vertical angle.

^{*} $H = D \tan V$.

90 DEGREES.

		Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	for Difference in Height.	
0	1.0000	.0000	60	30	.9999	.0087	30
I	1.0000	.0003	59	31	.9999	.0090	29
2	1.0000	.0006	59 58	32	.9999	.0093	28
	1.0000	.0009	57	33	.9999	.0096	27
3	1.0000	.0012	56	34	.9999	.0099	26
5	1.0000	.0015	55	35	-9999	.0102	25
6	1.0000	.0018	54	36	.9999	.0105	24
7	1.0000	.0020	53		.9999	.0108	23
7 8	1.0000	.0023	52	37 38	.9999	.0111	22
9	1.0000	.0026	51	39	.9999	.0113	21
10	1.0000	.0029	50	40	.9999	.0116	20
11	1.0000	.0032	49	41	.9999	.0119	1.9
12	1.0000	.0035	49 48	42	.9999	.0122	18
13	1.0000	.0038	47	43	.9998	.0125	17
14	1.0000	.0041	46	44	.9998	.0128	16
15	1.0000	.0044	45	45	.9998	.0131	15
16	1.0000	.0047	44	46	.9998	.0134	14
17	1.0000	.0050	43	47	.9998	.0137	13
18	1.0000	.0052	42	48	.9998	.0140	12
19	1.0000	.0055	41	49	.9998	.0143	11
20	1.0000	.0058	40	50	.9998	.0145	10
21	1.0000	.0061	39 38	51	.9998	.0148	9 8
22	1.0000	.0064		52	.9998	.0151	
. 23	1.0000	.0067	37	53	.9998	.0154	7 6
24	1.0000	.0070	36	54	.9998	.0157	
25	1.0000	.0073	35	55	-9997	.0160	5
26	.9999	.0076	34	56	-9997	.0163	4
27	-9999	.0079	33	57 58	-9997	.0166	3
28	-9999	.0081	32	58	-9997	.0169	2
29	-9999	.0084	31	59 60	-9997	.0172	I
30	.9999	.0087	30	60	·99 97	.0175	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes

91 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Mi	inutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
	.9997	.0175	60	j	30	•9993	*0262	30
ī	.9997	.0177		- 1	31	.9993	.0265	29
2	.9997	.0180	59 58	ł	32	.9993	.0268	28
3	.9997	.0183	57	-	33	.9993	.0270	27
3 4	.9997	.0186	56		34	.9993	.0273	26
5	.9996	.0189	55		35	.9992	.0276	25
6	.9996	.0192	54		36	.9992	.0279	24
7	.9996	.0195	53	ŀ	37	.9992	.0282	23
7 8	.9996	.0198	52		37 38	.9992	.0285	22
9	.9996	.0201	51	į	39	.9992	.0288	21
10	.9996	.0204	50		40	.9992	.0291	20
11	.9996	.0207	49		41	.9991	.0294	19
12	.9996	.0209	48		42	.9991	.0297	18
13	.9995	.0212	47		43	.9991	.0300	17
14	-9995	.0215	46		44	.9991	.0302	16
15	∙9995	.0218	45		45	.9991	.0305	15
16	.9995	.0221	44		46	.9991	.0308	14
17	.9995	.0224	43		47 48	.9990	.0311	13
18	.9995	.0227	42		48	.9990	.0314	12
19	.9995	.0230	41	ı	49	.9 990	.0317	11
20	.9995	.0233	40		50	.9990	.0320	10
21	.9994	.0236	39		51	.9990	.0323	9
22	.9994	.0238	38	1	52	.9989	.0326	8
23	.9994	.0241	37		53	.9989	.0328	7 6
24	.9994	.0244	36		54	.9989	.0331	6
25	·9994	.0247	35		55	.9989	.0334	5
26	.9994	.0250	34		56	.9989	.0337	4
27	·9994	.0253	33		57 58	.9988	.0340	3
28	.9994	.0256	32		58	.9988	.0343	2
29	-9993	.0259	31		59 60	.9988	0346	1
30	·9993	.0262	30		60	.9988	.0349	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

92 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for	Constant for Difference		
	Distance.	in Height.		
0	.9988	.0349	60	
ī	.9988	.0352	50	
2	.9987	.0355	59 58	
3	.9987	.0358	57	
4	.9987	.0360	56	
5	.9987	.0363	55	
	.9907			
6	.9987	.0366	54	
7 8	.9986	.0369	53	
	.9986	.0372	52	
9	.9986	.0375	51	
10	.9986	.0378	50	
11	.9986	.0381	49	
12	.9985	.0384	48	
13	.9985	.0387	47	
14	.9985	.0389	46	
15	.9985	.0392	45	
	.9903	.0392	43	
16	.9984	.0395	44	
17	.9984	.0398	43	
18	-9984	.0401	42	
19	.9984	.0404	4 I	
20	.9983	.0407	40	
21	.9983	.0410	39	
22	.9983	.0413	38	
23	.9983	.0416	37	
24	.9983	.0418	36	
25	.9982	.0421	35	
26	.9982	.0424	34	
27	.9982	.0427	33	
2/ 28	.9982	.0430	33	[-
29	.9981	.0433	31	ļ
30	.9981	.0436	30	l
	Constant	Constant for		
	for Distance.	Difference	Minutes	
	Distance.	in Height.	li	l

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
30 31	.9981 .9981	.0436 .0439	30 29
32	.9981	.0439	28
33	.9980	.0445	27
34	.9980	.0447	26
35	.9980	.0450	25
36	.9980	.0453	24
37	.9979	.0456	23
38	· 9 979	.0459	22
39	.9979	.0462	21
40	.9978	.0465	20
41	.9978	.0468	19
42	.9978	.0471	18
43	.9978	.0474	17
44 45	·9977 ·9977	.0476	16 15
45	.99//	.04/9	
46	•9977	.0482	14
47 48	.9976	.0485	13
40 49	.9976 .9976	.0487	12 11
49 50	.9976	.0494	10
	0075	.0497	
51 52	·9975 ·9975	.0500	8
53	•9975	.0502	7
54	•9974	.0505	7
55	.9974	.0508	5
56	•9974	.0511	4
57	-9974	.0514	3
58	.9973	.0517	2
59 60	-9973	.0520	1
60	•9973	.0523	0
	Constant for	Constant for Difference	Minutes
1	Distance.	in Height.	

93 DEGREES.

				-				
Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9973	.0523	60		30	.9963	.0609	30
ı		.0526		ŀ		.9962	.0612	
2	.9972		59 58	į	31	.9962	.0615	29 28
	.9972	.0529	50	l	32			
3 4	.9972	.0531	57	ł	33	.9962	.0618	27
4	.9971	.0534	56	İ	34	.9961	.0621	26
5	.9971	.0537	55		35	.9961	.0624	25
6	.9971	.0540	54		36	.9961	.0627	24
7	.9971	.0543	53	l	37	.9960	.0629	23
7 8	.9970	.0546	52	l	38	.9960	.0632	22
9	.9970	.0549	51		39	.9960	.0635	21
ιó	.9970	.0552	50		4ó	.9959	.0638	20
	.9969	.0554	49		41	.9959	.0641	19
12	.9969	.0557	48		. 42	.9958	.0644	18
13	.9969	.0560	47		43	.9958	.0647	17
- 1	.9968	.0563	46					16
14					44	.9958	.0650	
15	.9968	.0566	45		45	·9957	.0653	15
16	.9968	.0569	44		46	.9957	.0656	14
17	.9967	.0572	43	1	47	.9956	.0658	13
18	.9967	.0575	42	l i	48	.9956	.0661	12
19	.9967	.0578	41		49	.9956	.0664	11
20	.9966	.0580	40		50	.9955	.0667	10
21	.9966	.0583	39		51	•9955	.0670	0
22	.9966	.0586	38		52	.9955	.0673	9 8
23	.9965	.0589	37		53	.9954	.0676	7
24	.9965	.0592	36		54	.9954	.0679	7 6
25	.9965	.0595	35		55		.0682	5
	.9903	.0393				-9953	.0002	
26	.9964	.0598	34		56	-9953	.0684	4
27	-9964	.0601	33		57 58	.9953	.0687	3
28	.9964	.0604	32		58	.9952	.0690	2
29	.9963	.0607	31		59	.9952	.0693	1
30	.9963	.0609	30		59 60	.9951	.0696	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.
		in Height.					in Height.	l

94 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9951	.0696	60		30	.9938	.0782	30
1	.9951	.0699	59	ł	31	.9938	.0785	29
2	.9951	.0702	59 58	ŀ	32	.9938	.0788	28
3	.9950	.0705	57	1	33	.9937	.0791	27
3 4	.9950	.0707	56		34	.9937	.0794	26
5	.9949	.0710	55		35	.9936	.0797	25
6	.9949	.0713	54		36	.9936	.0799	24
7	.9949	.0716	53		37	.9935	.0802	23
7 8	.9948	.0719	52	l	38	.9935	.0805	22
9	.9948	.0722	51		39	·9934 ·	.0808	21
10	.9947	.0725	50		40	.9934	.0811	20
11	-9947	.0728	49		41	.9933	.0814	19
12	.9946	.0731	48		42	.9933	.0817	18
13	.9946	.0733	47		43	.9932	.0820	17
14	.9946	.0736	46	1	44	.9932	.0822	16
15	-9945	.0739	45		45	.9931	.0825	15
16	-9945	.0742	44		46	.9931	.0828	14
17	.9944	.0745	43		47	.9930	.0831	13
18	.9944	.0748	42	1	47 48	.9930	.0834	12
19	.9943	.0751	41		49	.9929	.0837	II
20	.9943	.0753	40		50	.9929	.0840	10
21	-9943	.0756	39		51	.9929	.0843	9
22	.9942	.0759	39 38	1	52	.9928	.0845	9 8
23	.9942	.0762	37	1	53	.9928	.0848	7 6
24	.9941	.0765	36		54	.9927	.0851	6
25	.9941	.0768	35	•	55	.9927	.0854	5
26	.9940	.0771	34		56	.9926	.0857	4
27 28	.9940	.0774	33		57	.9926	.0860	3
28	.9939	.0776	32		57 58	.9925	.0863	3 2
29	.9939	.0779	31	1	59	.9925	.0865	1
30	.9938	.0782	30		59 60	.9924	.0868	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

95 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Mi	inutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9924	.0868	60		30	.9908	.0954	30
I	.9924	.0871	50		31	.9908	.0957	29
2	.9923	.0874	59 58	1	32	.9907	.0960	28
3	.9923	.0877	57	1	33	.9907	.0963	27
4	.9922	.0880	56		34	.9906	.0965	26
3 4 5	.9922	.0883	55		35	.9905	.0968	25
6	.9921	.0885	54		36	.9905	.0971	24
7	.9921	.0888	53		37	.9904	.0974	23
7 8	.9920	.0891	52		38	.9904	.0977	22
9	.9920	.0894	51		39	.9903	.0980	21
10	.9919	.0897	50		40	.9903	.0983	20
11	.9918	.0900	49		41	.9902	.0985	19
12	.9918	.0903	48		42	.9901	.0988	18
13	.9917	.0905	47		43	.9901	.0991	17
14	.9917	.0908	46		44	.9900	.0994	16
15	.9916	.0911	45	}	45	.9900	.0997	15
16	.9916	.0914	44		46	.9899	.1000	14
17	.9915	.0917	43	1 1	47 48	.9898	.1003	13
18	.9915	.0920	42	l	48	.9898	.1005	12
19	.9914	.0923	41	1 1	49	.9897	8001.	11
20	.9914	.0926	40		50	.9897	.1011	10
21	.9913	.0928	39		51	.9896	.1014	9
22	.9913	.0931	39 38		52	.9896	.1017	9 8
23	.9912	.0934	37		53	.9895	.1020	7
24	.9912	.0937	36		54	.9894	.1023	7 6
25	.9911	.0940	35		55	.9894	. 1025	5
26	.9910	.0943	34		56	.9893	.1028	4
27	.9910	.0946	33		57	.9893	.1031	3
28	.9909	.0948	32		58	.9892	.1034	2
29	.9909	.0951	31		59	.9891	.1037	1
30	.9908	.0954	30		60	.9891	1040	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference	Minutes.			Constant	Constant for Difference	Minutes
[Distance.	in Height.			l	Distance.	in Height.	1

96 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9891	.1040	60	30	.9872	.1125	30
1	.9890	.1042	59	31	.9871	.1128	29
2	.9890	.1045	58	32	.9871	.1130	28
3	.9889	1048	57	33	.9870	.1133	27
4	.9888	.1051	56	34	.9869	.1136	26
5	.9888	. 1054	55	35	.9869	.1139	25
6	.9887	.1057	54	36	.9868	.1142	24
7 8	.9887	.1059	53	37	.9867	.1145	23
8	.9886	.1062	52	37 38	.9867	.1148	22
9	.9885	.1065	51	39	.9866	.1150	21
10	.9885	.1068	50	40	.9865	.1153	20
11	.9884	. 1071	49	41	.9865	.1156	19
12	.9883	.1074	48	42	.9864	.1159	18
13	.9883	.1077	47	43	.9863	.1162	17
14	.9882	.1079	46	44	.9863	.1164	16
15	.9882	.1082	45	45	.9862	.1167	15
16	.9881	. 1085	44	46	.9861	.1170	14
17	.9880	.1088	43	47	.9860	.1173	13
18	.9880	.1091	42	47 48	.9860	.1176	12
19	.9879	.1094	41	49	.985 9	.1179	11
20	.9878	.1096	40	50	.9858	.1181	10
21	.9878	.1099	39	51	.9858	.1184	9
22	.9877	.1102	39 38	52	.9857	.1187	
23	.9876	.1105	37	53	.9856	.1190	7
24	.9876	.1108	36	54	.9856	.1193	6
25	.9875	.1111	35	55	.9855	.1196	5
26	.9875	.1113	34	56	.9854	.1198	4
27	.9874	.1116	33		.9854	.1201	3
28	.9873	.1119	32	57 58	.9853	.1204	2
29	.9873	.1122	31	59	.9852	.1207	I
30	.9872	.1125	30	59 6 0	.9852	.1210	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

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Minutes.

Table for the Calculation of Heights and Distances from Tacheometer Readings-continued.

97 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.
0	.9852 .9851	.1210	60		30 31	.9830 .9829	.1294 .1297
2	.9850	.1215	59 58		32	.9828	.1300
3	.9849	.1218	57	1	33	.9827	.1303
4	.9849	.1221	56		34	.9827	.1305
5	.9848	.1224	55		35	.9826	.1308
6	.9847	.1227	54		36	.9825	.1311
7 8	.9847	.1229	53		37	.9824	.1314
	.9846	.1232	52		37 38	.9824	.1317
9	.9845	.1235	51		39	.9823	.1319
10	.9844	.1238	50		40	.9822	.1322
11	.9844	.1241	49		4I	.9821	.1325
12	.9843	.1243	48		42	.9821	.1328
13	.9842	.1246	47		43	.9820	.1331
14	.9842	.1249	46		44	.9819	.1333
15	.9841	.1252	45		45	.9818	.1336
16	.9840	.1255	44		46	.9817	.1339
17	.9839	.1258	43		47	.9817	.1342
18	.9839	.1260	42		48	.9816	.1345
19	.9838	.1263	41		49	.9815	-1347
20	.9837	.1266	40		50	.9814	.1350
21	.9836	.1269	39 38		51	.9814	.1353
22	.9836	.1272			52	.9813	.1356
23	.9835	.1274	37		53	.9812	.1359
24	.9834	.1277	36		54	.9811	.1361
25	.9833	.1280	35		55	.9810	.1364
26	.9833	.1283	34		56	.9810	.1367
27	.9832	.1286	33		57	.9809	.1370
28	.9831	.1289	32		58	.9808	.1373
29	.9830	.1291	31		59 60	.9807	.1375
30	.9830	.1294	30		60	.9806	.1378
	Constant for	Constant for Difference	Minutes.			Constant	Constant for Difference
	Distance.	in Height.				Distance.	in Height.

98 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
o	.9806	.1378	60	30	.9782	.1462	30
1	.9806	.1381	59	31	.9781	.1465	29
2	.9805	.1384	58	32	.9780	.1467	28
3	.9804	.1387	57	33	-9779	.1470	27
3 4 5	.9803	.1390	56	34	.9778	.1473	26
5	.9802	.1392	55	35	∙9777	.1476	25
6	.9802	.1395	54	36	9776	.1479	24
7 8	.9801	.1398	53	37 38	9776	.1481	23
8	.9800	.1401	52	38	.9775	.1484	22
9	-9799	.1403	51	39	.9774	.1487	21
10	.9798	.1406	50	40	.9773	.1490	20
11	.9797	.1409	49	41	.9772	.1492	19
12	.9797	.1412	48	42	.9771	.1495	18
13	.9796	.1415	47	43	.9770	.1498	17
14	.9795	.1417	46	44	.9770	.1501	16
15	·9794	.1420	45	45	.9769	.1504	15
16	.9793	.1423	44	46	.9768	.1506	14
17	.9792	.1426	43	47	.9767	.1509	13
18	.9792	.1429	42	48	.9766	.1512	12
19	.9791	.1431	41	49	.9765	.1515	11
20	.9790	.1434	40	50	.9764	.1517	10
21	.9789	. 1437	39	51	.9763	.1520	9
22	.9788	.1440	39 38	52	.9763	.1523	8
23	.9788	.1442	37	53	.9762	.1526	7 6
24	.9787	.1445	36	54	.9761	.1529	
25	.9786	.1448	35	55	.9760	.1531	5
26	.9785	.1451	34	56	•9759	.1534	4
27	.9784	.1454	33	57 58	.9758	.1537	3
28	.9783	.1456	32	58	.9757	.1540	2
29	.9782	.1459	31	59. 60	.9756	.1542	1
3ó	.9782	.1462	30	60	.9755	.1545	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

99 DEGREES.

Minutes. Constant for Difference in Height. O .9755 .1545 60 30 .9728	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0 .0755 .1545 60 30 .9728		ı
		30
I .9754 .1548 59 31 .9727		29
1 .9754 .1548 59 31 .9727 2 .9754 .1551 58 32 .9726	.1633	28
3 .9753 .1553 57 33 .9725	.1636	27
4 .9752 .1556 56 34 .9724	.1639	26
3	. 1642	25
6 .9750 .1562 54 36 .9722	.1644	24
6 .9750 .1562 54 36 .9722 7 .9749 .1565 53 37 .9721 8 .9748 .1567 52 38 .9720	.1647	23
7 .9749 .1565 53 37 .9721 8 .9748 .1567 52 38 .9720	.1650	22
9 .9747 .1570 51 39 .9719	.1653	21
10 .9746 .1573 50 40 .9718	.1655	20
11 .9745 .1575 49 41 .9717 12 .9744 .1578 48 42 .9716	. 1658	19
12 .9744 .1578 48 42 .9716	.1661	18
13 .9744 .1581 47 43 .9715	.1664	17
14 9743 .1584 46 44 .9714	.1666	16
15 .9742 .1587 45 45 .9713	.1669	15
16 .9741 .1589 44 46 .9712	.1672	14
17 .9740 .1592 43 47 .9711 18 .9739 .1595 42 48 .9710	.1675	13
18 .9739 .1595 42 48 .9710	.1677	12
19 .9738 .1598 41 49 .9709	.1680	II
20 .9737 .1600 40 50 .9708	.1683	10
21 .9736 .1603 39 51 .9707 22 .9735 .1606 38 52 .9706	.1686	9 8
22 .9735 .1606 38 52 .9706	.1688	8
23 .9734 .1609 37 53 .9705	.1691	7 6
24 9733 1611 36 54 9704	.1694	
25 .9733 .1614 35 55 .9703	.1697	5
26 .9732 .1617 34 56 .9702	.1700	4
27 .9731 .1620 33 57 .9701 28 .9730 .1622 32 58 .9701	.1703	3
28 .9730 .1622 32 58 .9701	.1705	2
29 .9729 .1625 31 59 .9700 30 .9728 .1628 30 60 .9699	.1707	1
30 .9728 .1628 30 60 .9699	.1710	0
Constant Constant Constant	Constant	
for profile Minutes. for	for Difference	Minutes.
Distance. Difference in Height. Distance.	in Height.	

100 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9699	.1710	60		30	.9668	.1792	30
1	.9698	.1713	59		31	.9667	.1795	29
2	.9697	.1716	59 58	l	32	.9666	.1797	28
3	.9696	.1718	57		33	.9665	.1800	27
4	.9695	.1721	56		34	.9664	.1803	26
5	.9694	.1724	55		35	.9663	. 1806	25
6	.9693	.1727	54		36	.9662	.1808	24
7 8	.9692	.1729	53		37 38	.9661	.1811	23
8	.9691	.1732	52		38	.9660	.1814	22
9	.9689	.1735	51		39	.9659	.1816	21
IO	.9688	.1737	50		40	.9657	.1819	20
11	.9687	. 1740	49	•	41	.9656	.1822	19
12	.9686	.1743	48		42	.9655	. 1824	18
13	.9685	.1746	47		43	.9654	.1827	17
14	.9684	.1748	46		44	.9653	.1830	16
15	.9683	.1751	45		45	.9652	. 1833	15
16	.9682	.1754	44		46	.9651	. 1835	14
17	.9681	.1757	43		47 48	.9650	. 1838	13
18	.9680	.1759	42		48	.9649	. 1841	12
19	.9679	.1762	41	l	49	.9648	.1843	11
20	.9678	.1765	40		50	.9647	.1846	10
21	.9677	.1767	39 38		51	.9646	.1849	9
22	.9676	.1770		1	52	.9645	.1851	9 8
23	.9675	.1773	37		53	.9643	.1854	7 6
24	.9674	.1776	36		54	.9642	. 1857	6
25	.9673	.1778	35		55	.9641	.1860	5
26	.9672	.1781	34		56	.9640	.1862	4
27	.9671	.1784	33		57 58	.9639	.1865	3
28	.9670	.1786	32	l	58	.9638	. 1868	2
29	.9669	.1789	31		59 60	.9637	. 1870	1
	.9668	.1792	30		60	.9636	.1873	0
	Constant	Constant for	Minutes.			Constant	Constant	M:
	Distance.	Difference in Height.	Minutes.			for Distance.	Difference in Height.	Minutes.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9636	.1873	60		30	.9603	.1954	30
1	.9635	.1876	59		31	.9601	.1956	29
2	.9634	.1878	59 58		32	.9600	.1959	28
3	.9633	.1881	57		33	·9599	.1962	27
3 4	.9632	.1884	56		34	.9598	.1964	26
5	.9630	.1887	55	•	35	-9597	.1967	25
6	.9629	.1889	54		36	.9596	.1970	24
	.9628	.1892	53		37	.9595	.1972	23
7 8	.9627	.1895	52		37 38	.9593	.1975	22
9	.9626	.1897	51		39	.9592	.1977	21
10	.9625	.1900	50		40	.9591	.1980	20
11	.9624	.1903	49		41	.9590	.1983	19
12	.9623	.1905	48		42	.9589	.1986	18
13	.9622	.1908	47		43	.9588	.1988	17
14	.9621	1101.	46		44	.9587	.1991	16
15	. 9 619	.1913	45		45	.9585	.1994	15
16	.9618	.1916	44		46	.9584	.1997	14
17	.9617	.1919	43		47	.9583	.1999	13
18	.9616	.1922	42		48	.9582	.2002	12
19	.9615	.1924	41		49	.9581	.2004	11
20	.9614	.1927	40		50	.9580	.2007	10
21	.9613	.1930	39		51	.9578	.2010	9
22	.9612	.1932	38		52	.9577	.2012	9 8
23	.9610	. 1935	37		53	.9576	.2015	7
24	.9609	.1938	36	l	54	-9575	.2018	7 6
25	.9608	.1940	35		55	.9574	.2020	5
26	.9607	.1943	34		56	-9573	.2023	4
27	.9606	.1946	33	[57	.9571	.2026	3
2 8	.9605	.1948	32	l	57 58	.9570	,2028	2
29	.9604	1951	31		50	.9569	.2031	ī
30	.9603	.1954	30		59 60	.9568	.2034	ō
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes

102 DEGREES.

					_
	Constant	Constant			
Minutes.	for	for	1		М
1	Distance.	Difference in Height.			1
0	.9568	.2034	60		
I	.9567	.2036	59 58		١
2	.9565	.2039	58		1
.3	.9564	.2042	57		1
4	.9563	.2044	57 56		l
5	.9562	.2047	55		l
6	0562		-		_
-	.9561	.2050	54		
7	•9559	.2052	53		ı
	.9558	.2055	52		
9	•9557	.2058	51		ı
10	.9556	.2060	50		1
11	.9555	.2063	49		Γ
12	.9553	.2066	48		1
13	.9552	.2068	47		ı
14	.9551	.2071	46		1
15	.9550	.2074	45		l
					_
16	-9549	.2076	44		
17	9547	.2079	43		1
18	.9546	.2081	42		ĺ
19	·9545	.2084	41		
20	∙9544	.2087	40		
21	·9543	.2089	20		Г
22	.9541	.2092	39 38		1
23	.9540	.2095	37		1
24	.9539	.2097	36		ĺ
25	.9539	.2100		Ì	
	.9550	.2100	35		<u></u>
26	-9537	.2103	34		
27	-9535	.2105	3 3		
28	-9534	.2108	32		
29	.9533	.2111	31		
30	.9532	.2113	30		
	<u> </u>	Constant			Г
	Constant for	for	Minutes.		
Ì	Distance.	Difference	Minutes.		
	1	in Height.		Į	L
				-	

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
30	.9532	.2113	30
31	.9530	.2116	29
32	.9529	.2118	28
33	.9528	.2121	27
34	.9527	.2124	26
35	.9525	.2126	25
36	.9524	.2129	24
37	.9523	.2132	23
38	.9522	.2134	22
39	.9520	.2137	21
40	.9519	.2139	20
41	.9518	.2142	19
42	.9517	.2145	18
43	.9515	.2147	17
44	.9514	.2150	16
45	.9513	.2153	15
46	.9512	.2155	14
47	.9510	.2158	13
48	.9509	.2160	12
49	.9508	.2163	I I
50	.9507	.2166	10
51	.9505	.2168	9
52	.9504	.2171	
53	.9503	.2174	7
54	.9502	.2176	
55	.9500	.2179	5
56	.9499	.2181	4
57	.9498	.2184	3 2
58	.9497	.2187	
59	-9495	.2189	I
60	∙9494	.2192	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9330	.2500	60	30	.9286	.2575	30
ī	.9329	.2503	59	31	.9284	.2578	29
2	.9327	.2505	58	32	.9283	.2580	28
	.9326	.2508	57	33	.9281	.2583	27
3 4	.9324	.2510	56	34	.9280	.2585	26
5	.9323	.2513	55	35	.9278	.2588	25
6	.9321	.2515	54	36	.9277	.2590	24
	.9320	.2518	53	37	.9275	.2593	23
7 8	.9319	.2520	52	38	.9274	.2595	22
9	.9317	.2523	51	39	.9272	.2598	21
ΙÓ	.9316	.2525	50	40	.9271	.2600	20
111	.9314	.2528	49	41	.9269	.2603	19
12	.9313	.2530	48	42	.9268	.2605	18
13	.9311	.2533	47	43	.9266	.2608	17
14	.9310	.2535	46	44	.9265	.2610	16
15	.9308	.2538	45	45	.9263	.2613	15
16	.9307	.2540	44	46	.9262	.2615	14
17	.9305	.2543	43	47 48	.9260	.2618	13
18	.9304	.2545	42	48	.9259	.2620	12
19	.9302	.2548	41	49	.9257	.2622	11
20	.9301	.2550	40	50	.9256	.2625	10
21	.9299	.2553	39	51	.9254	.2627	9
22	.9298	.2555	38	52	.9253	.2630	8
23	.9296	.2558	37	53	.9251	.2632	7 6
24	.9295	.2560	36	54	.9249	.2635	6
25	.9293	.2563	35	55	.9248	.2637	5
26	.9292	.2565	34	56	.9246	.2640	4
27	.9290	.2568	33	57 58	.9245	.2642	3
28	.9289	.2570	32	58	.9243	.2645	2
29	.9287	.2573	31	59 60	.9242	.2647	1
30	.9286	.2575	30	60	.9240	.2650	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

106 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		· Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9240	.2650	60	30	.9193	.2723	30
ī	.9239	.2652		31	.9192	.2726	29
2	.9237	.2655	59 58	32	.9190	.2728	28
3	.9236	.2657	57	33	.9189	.2731	27
3	.9234	.2660	56	34	.9187	.2733	26
4 5	.9233	.2662	55	35	.9185	.2735	25
6	.9231	.2664	54	36	.9184	.2738	24
	.9230	.2667	53	37	.9182	.2740	23
7 8	.9228	.2669	52	37 38	.9181	.2743	22
9	.9226	.2672	51	39	.9179	.2745	21
10	.9225	.2674	50	40	.9177	.2748	20
11	.9223	.2677	49	41	.9176	.2750	19
12	.9222	.2679	48	42	.9174	.2752	ıŚ
13	.9220	. 2682	47	43	.9173	.2755	17
14	.9219	.2684	46	44	.9171	.2757	16
15	.9217	. 2687	45	45	.9169	.2760	15
16	.9215	.2689	44	46	.9168	.2762	14
17	.9214	.2691	43	47	.9166	.2765	13
18	.9212	.2694	42	48	.9165	.2767	12
19	.9211	.2696	41	49	.9163	.2769	11
20	.9209	. 2699	40	50	.9161	.2772	10
21	.9208	.2701	39	51	.9160	.2774	9
22	.9206	.2704	38	52	.9158	.2777	9 8
23	.9204	.2706	37	53	.9157	.2779	7 6
24	.9203	.2709	36	54	.9155	.2781	6
25	.9201	.2711	35	55	.9153	.2784	5
26	.9200	.2713	34	56	.9152	.2786	4
27	.9198	.2716	33	57 58	.9150	.2789	3
28	.9197	.2718	32	58	.9148	.2791	2
29	.9195	.2721	31	59 60	.9147	.2794	1
30	.9193	.2723	30	60	.9145	.2796	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

Minutes.	Constant	Constant for		Minutes.	c
Minutes.	Distance.	Difference in Height.			D
0	.9145	.2796	60	30	
I	.9144	.2798	59 58	31	١.
2	.9142	.2801	58	32	
3	.9140	.2803	57 56	33	
4 5	.9139	.2806	56	34	-
5	.9137	. 2808	55	35	<u>_</u>
6	.9135	.2810	54	36	
7 8	.9134	.2813	53	37	
	.9132	.2815	52	38	
9	.9130	.2818	51	39	
10	.9129	-2820	50	40	_
11	.9127	.2822	49	41	
12	.9126	.2825	48	42	1
13	.9124	.2827	47	43	ŀ
14	.9122	.2830	46	44	
15	.9121	.2832	45	45	_
16	.9119	.2834	44	46	
17 18	.9117	.2837	43	47	
18	.9116	.2839	42	48	l
19	.9114	.2842	41	49	1
20	.9112	.2844	40	50	_
21	.9111	.2846	39 38	51	Ì
22	.9109	.2849	38	52	l
23	.9107	.2851	37	53	
24	.9106	.2854	36	54	
25	.9104	.2856	35	55	
26	.9102	.2858	34	56	
27	.9101	.2861	33	57	l l
28	.9099	.2863	32	57 58	1
29	.9098	.2866	31	59 60	1
30	.9096	.2868	30	60	
	Constant	Constant			6
	for	for Difference	Minutes.		11
	Distance.	in Height.	1 1		I
	Щ		11		11

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
30 31 32	.9096 .9094 .9092	.2868 .2870 .2873	30 29 28
33 34 35	.9091 .9089 .9087	.2875 .2878 .2880	27 26 25
36 37	.9086	.2882	24 23
38	.9082	.2887	22
39	1806.	.2889	21
40	.9079	.2892	20
41	.9077	.2894 .2896	19
42 43	.9076 .9074	.2890	17
43 44	.9072	.2901	16
45	.9071	.2904	15
46	.9069	.2906	14
47	.9067	.2908	13
48	.9066	.2911	12
49 5 0	.9064 .9062	.2913	10
51	.9060	.2918	9 8
52	.9059	.2920	
53	.9057	.2922	7
54	.9055	.2925	
55	.9054	.2927	5
56	.9052	.2930	4
57	.9050	.2932	3 2
58 50	.9049	.2934	1
59 60	.9047 .9045	.2937 .2939	ó
	Constant	Constant for Difference	Minutes
	Distance.	in Height.	

108 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.9045	.2939	60	30	.8993	.3009	30
1	.9043	.2941	59	31	.8991	.3011	29
2	.9042	.2944	58	32	.8990	.3014	28
3	.9040	.2946	57	33	.8988	.3016	27
4	.9038	.2948	56	34	.8986	.3018	26
5	.9037	.2951	55	35	.8984	.3021	25
6	.9035	.2953	54	36	.8983	.3023	24
7 8	.9033	.2955	53	37	.8981	.3025	23
8	.9031	.2958	52	37 38	.8979	.3028	22
9	.9030	.2960	51	39	.8977	.3030	21
10	.9028	.2962	50	40	.8976	.3032	20
11	.9026	.2965	49	41	.8974	.3035	19
12	.9024	.2967	48	42	.8972	.3037	18
13	.9023	.2969	47	43	.8970	.3039	17
14	.9021	.2972	46	44	.8969	.3041	16
15	.9019	.2974	45	45	.8967	.3044	15
16	.9018	.2977	44	46	.8965	.3046	14
17	.9016	.2979	43	47	.8963	.3048	13
18	.9014	.2981	42	48	.8962	.3051	12
19	.9012	.2984	4 I	49	.8960	.3053	11
20	.9011	.2986	40	50	.8958	.3055	10
21	.9009	.2988	39	51	.8956	.3058	9
22	.9007	.2991	38	52	.8954	.3060	
23	.9005	.2993	37	53	.8953	.3062	7 6
24	.9004	.2995	36	54	.8951	.3065	
25	.9002	.2998	35	55	.8949	.3067	5
26	.9000	.3000	34	56	.8947	.3069	4
27	.8998	.3002	33	57	.8946	.3071	3
28	.8997	.3004	32	58	.8944	.3074	2
29	.8995	.3007	31	59 60	.8942	.3076	1
30	.8993	.3009	30	60	.8940	.3078	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes

Constant for Difference in Height.

> .3147 .3149

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.3201

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. 3209

.3212

Constant for Difference in Height. 30 29 28

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Minutes.

Table for the Calculation of Heights and Distances from Tacheometer Readings—continued

io9 Degrees.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.
		- -				
0	.8940	.3078	60	i	30	.8886
I	.8938	.3081	59		31	.8884
2	.8937	.3083	59 58		32	.8882
3	.8935	.3085	57		33	.8880
4	.8933	.3088	56	ŀ	34	.8878
Š	.8931	.3090	55		35	.8877
6	.8929	.3092	54		36	.8875
	.8928	.3094	53	l	27	.8873
7 8	.8926	.3097	52	1	37 38	.8871
9	.8924	.3099	51	f	39	.8869
10	.8922	.3101	50		40	.8867
	.8920	.3103	40		41	.8866
12	.8918	.3106	49 48	ľ	42	.8864
13	.8917	.3108	47	l	43	.8862
13	.8917	.3110	46	1		.8860
	.0915			l	44	
15	.8913	.3113	45		45	.8858
16	.8911	.3115	44		46	.8856
17 18	.8909	.3117	43	l	47	.8854
	.8908	.3119	42	ŀ	48	.8853
19	.8906	.3122	41		49	.8851
20	.8904	.3124	40		50	.8849
21	.8902	.3126	39	İ	51	.8847
22	.8900	.3129	39 38	l	52	.8845
23	.8899	.3131	37		53	.8843
24	.8897	.3133	36	1	54	.8842
25	.8895	.3136	35		55	.8840
26	.8893	.3138	34		56	.8838
	.8891	.3140	33	l		.8836
27 28	.8889	.3142	33	1	57 58	.8834
29	.8888	.3144	31		20	.8832
	.8886		31	ł	59 60	
30	.0000	.3147	30			.8830
	Constant	Constant				Constant
	for	for Difference	Minutes.			for
	Distance.	in Height.				Distance.

110 DEGREES.

								
Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.8830	.3214	60		30	.8774	. 3280	30
1	.8828	.3216	59		31	.8772	.3283	29
2	.8826	.3218	58	.	32	.8770	.3285	28
3	.8825	.3221	57	l	33	.8768	.3287	27
4	.8823	.3223	56		34	.8766	.3289	26
5	.8821	.3225	5 5		35	.8764	.3291	25
6	.8819	.3227	54		36	.8762	.3293	24
7 8	.8817	.3230	53	ļ	37	.8760	.3296	23
8	.8815	.3232	52	İ	37 38	.8758	.3298	22
9	.8813	.3234	51	1	39	.8756	.3300	21
10	.8811	.3236	50		40	.8754	.3302	20
11	.8810	.3238	49		41	.8753	.3304	19
I 2	.8808	.3241	48	ł	42	.8751	.3307	18
13	.8806	.3243	47		43	.8749	.3309	17
14	.8804	.3245	46	ł	44	.8747	.3311	16
15	.8802	.3247	45		45	.8745	.3313	15
16	.8800	.3249	44		46	.8743	.3315	14
17	.8798	.3252	43	1	47	.8741	.3318	13
18	.8796	.3254	42	ĺ	48	.8739	.3320	12
19	.8794	.3256	41		49	.8737	.3322	11
20	.8793	.3258	40		50	.8735	.3324	10
21	.8791	.3261	39		51	.8733	.3326	9
22	.8789	.3263	39 38	l	52	.8731	.3328	8
23	.8787	.3265	37		53	.8729	.3331	
24	.8785	.3267	36		54	.8727	•3333	7 6
25	.8783	.3269	35		55	.8725	•3335	5
26	.8781	.3272	34		56	.8723	·3337	4
27	.8779	.3274	33		57	.8722	•3339	3
28	.8777	.3276	32		57 58	.8720	.3341	2
29	.8776	.3278	31	l	59	.8718	.3344	I
30	.8774	. 3280	30		59 60	.8716	.3346	o
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

III DEGREES.

l	Constant	Constant				Constant	Constant	1
Minutes.	for	Difference			Minutes.	for	Difference	
	Distance.	in Height.				Distance.	in Height.	
o	.8716	.3346	60		30	.8657	.3410	30
1	.8714	.3348	59		31	.8655	.3412	29
2	.8712	.3350	58	İ	32	.8653	.3414	28
3	.8710	.3352	57	1	33	.8651	.3416	27
3 4	.8708	-3354	56	į	34	.8649	.3419	26
5	.8706	.3356	55		35	.8647	.3421	25
6	.8704	·3359	54		36	.8645	.3423	24
	.8702	.3361	53	ł	37	.8643	.3425	23
7 8	.8700	.3363	52		38	.8641	.3427	22
9	.8698	3365	51	ł	39	.8639	3429	21
1Ó	.8696	.3367	50		40	.8637	.3431	20
11	.8694	.3369	49		41	.8635	·3433	19
1.2	.8692	.3372	48	i	42	.8633	.3436	18
13	.8690	•3374	47	l	43	.8631	.3438	17
14	.8688	.3376	46		44	.8629	.3440	16
15	.8686	.3378	45		45	.8627	.3442	15
16	.8684	.3380	44		46	.8625	.3444	14
17	.8682	.3382	43		47	.8623	.3446	13
18	.8680	.3384	42	i	48	.8621	.3448	12
19	.8678	.3387	41.		49	.8619	.3450	11
20	.8677	.3389	40		50	.8617	.3452	10
21	.8675	.3391	39		51	.8615	.3454	q
22	.8673	-3393	38	ŀ	52	.8613	·3457	8
23	.8671	-3395	37	ŀ	53	.8611	-3459	7
24	.8669	.3397	36	}	54	.8609	.3461	7 6
25	.8667	.3399	35		55	.8607	.3463	5
26	.8665	.3402	34	1	56	.8605	.3465	4
27	.8663	.3404	33		57	.8603	.3467	3
28	.8661	.3406	32		58	.8601	.3469	2
29	.8659	3408	31	l	50	.8599	.3471	1
30	.8657	.3410	30		59 60	.8597	.3473	0
	Constant	Constant				Constant	Constant	
	for	for	Minutes.	l		for	for	Minutes
	Distance.	Difference in Height.				Distance.	Difference in Height.	

112 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0 1 2 3 4 5	.8597 .8595 .8593 .8591 .8589 .8587	·3473 ·3475 ·3478 ·3480 ·3482 ·3484	60 59 58 57 56 55	30 31 32 33 34 35	.8536 .8534 .8531 .8529 .8527 .8525	.3536 .3538 .3540 .3542 .3544 .3546	30 29 28 27 26 25
6 7 8 9	.8585 .8583 .8581 .8579 .8576	.3486 .3488 .3490 .3492 .3494	54 53 52 51 50	36 37 38 39 40	.8523 .8521 .8519 .8517 .8515	.3548 .3550 .3552 .3554 .3556	24 23 22 21 20
11 12 13 14 15	.8574 .8572 .8570 .8568 .8566	.3496 .3498 .3500 .3503 .3505	49 48 47 46 45	41 42 43 44 45	.8513 .8511 .8509 .8507 .8505	.3558 .3560 .3562 .3564 .3566	19 18 17 16
16 17 18 19 20	.8564 .8562 .8560 .8558 .8556	.3507 .3509 .3511 .3513	44 43 42 41 40	46 47 48 49 50	.8503 .8500 .8498 .8496 .8494	.3568 .3570 .3572 .3574 .3576	14 13 12 11
21 22 23 24 25	.8554 .8552 .8550 .8548 .8546	.3517 .3519 .3521 .3523 .3525	39 38 37 36 35	51 52 53 54 55	.8492 .8490 .8488 .8486 .8484	.3578 .3581 .3583 .3585 .3587	9 8 7 6 5
26 27 28 29 30	.8544 .8542 .8540 .8538 .8536	·3527 ·3529 ·3531 ·3534 ·3536	34 33 32 31 30	56 57 58 59 60	.8482 .8480 .8478 .8475 .8473	.3589 .3591 .3593 .3595 .3597	4 3 2 1
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

113 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.8473	.3597	60		30	.8410	.3657	30
I	.8470	-3599	59	Į i	31	.8408	.3659	29
2	.8468	.3601	58		32	.8406	.3661	28
3	.8466	.3603	57		33	.8404	.3663	27
4	.8464	.3605	56		34	.8401	.3665	26
5	.8463	.3607	5 5		35	.8399	. 3667	25
6	.8461	.3609	54		36	.8397	.3669	24
7	.8459	.3611	53		37	.8395	.3671	23
8	.8457	.3613	52		37 38	.8393	.3673	22
9	.8454	.3615	51		39	.8391	.3675	21
10	.8452	.3617 .	50		40	.8389	.3677	20
II	.8450	.3619	49		41	.8387	.3679	19
12	.8448	.3621	48		42	.8384	.3681	18
13	.8446	.3623	47		43	.8382	. 3682	17
14	.8444	.3625	46		44	.8380	.3684	16
15	.8442	.3627	45		45	.8378	.3686	15
16	.8440	. 3629	44		46	.8376	.3688	14
17	.8438	.3631	43		47	.8374	.3690	13
18	.8436	.3633	42		47 48	.8372	. 3692	12
19	.8433	.3635	41		49	.8369	.3694	11
20	.8431	.3637	40		50	.8367	.3696	10
21	.8429	.3639	39		51	.8365	.3698	9
22	.8427	.3641	39 38		52	.8363	.3700	9 8
23	.8425	.3643	37		53	.8361	.3702	7
24	.8423	.3645	36		54	.8359	.3704	6
25	.8421	. 3647	35		55	.8356	.3706	5
26	.8419	.3649	34		56	.8354	.3708	4
27	.8416	.3651	33		57	.8352	.3710	3
28	.8414	. 3653	32		57 58	.8350	.3712	2
29	.8412	.3655	31		59 60	.8348	.3714	1
30	.8410	.3657	30		60	.8346	.3716	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

114 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
	.8346	.3716	60		30	.8280	.3774	30
ī	.8344	.3718			31	.8278	.3776	29
2	.8341	.3720	59 58	, ,	32	.8276	.3777	28
3	.8339	.3722	5 7		33	.8274	.3779	27
4	.8337	.3724	56	1 1	33	.8272	.3781	26
5	.8335	.3725	55		35	.8269	.3783	25
6	.8333	.3727	54		36	.8267	.3785	24
7 8	.8331	.3729	53			.8265	.3787	23
8	.8328	.3731	52		37 38	.8263	.3789	22
9	.8326	-3733	51	i	39	.8261	.3791	21
10	.8324	∙3735	50		40	.8258	.3793	20
11	.8322	·3737	49		41	.8256	·3794	19
12	.8320	.3739	48		42	.8254	.3796	18
13	.8318	.3741	47	i l	43	.8252	. 3798	17
14	.8315	.3743	46		44	.8249	.3800	16
15	.8313	∙3745	45		45	.8247	.3802	15
16	.8311	-3747	44		46	.8245	.3804	14
17	.8309	·3749	43	1	47	.8243	.3806	13
18	.8307	.3751	42	1	48	.8241	.3808	12
19	.8304	·3753	41	i i	49	.8238	.3810	11
20	.8302	-3754	40		50	.8236	.3811	10
21	.8300	.3756	39		51	.8234	.3813	9
22	.8298	.3758	38		52	.8232	.3815	
23	.8296	.3760	37		53	.8230	.3817	7 6
24	.8294	.3762	36		54	.8227	.3819	
25	.8291	.3764	35		55	.8225	.3821	5
26	.8289	.3766	34		56	.8223	.3823	4
27	.8287	.3768	33		57	.8221	.3825	3
28	.8285	-3770	32		58	.8218	. 3827	2
29	.8283	.3772	31		59 60	.8216	.3828	1
30	.8280	∙3774	30		60	.8214	.3830	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference	Minutes.
	Z.Diano	in Height.				Distance.	in Height.	

115 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.8214	.3830	60		30	.8147	.3886	30
I	.8212	.3832	59		31	.8144	.3888	29
2	.8210	.3834	58		32	.8142	.3889	28
3	.8207	.3836	57		33	.8140	.3891	27
4	.8205	.3838	56		34	.8138	.3893	26
5	.8203	.3840	55		35	.8135	. 3895	25
6	.8201	.3841	54		36	.8133	.3897	24
	.8198	.3843	53		37	.8131	.3899	23
7 8	.8196	.3845	52		38	.8128	.3900	22
9	.8194	.3847	51		39	.8126	. 3902	21
10	.8192	.3849	50		40	.8124	.3904	20
11	.8189	.3851	49		41	.8122	.3906	19
12	.8187	.3853	48		42	.8119	.3908	18
13	.8185	.3854	47		43	.8117	.3909	17
14	.8182	.3856	46		44	.8115	.3911	16
15	.81 80	.3858	45		45	.8113	.3913	15
16	.8178	.3860	44		46	.8110	.3915	14
17	.8176	.3862	43		47	.8108	.3917	13
18	.8174	.3864	42		48	.8106	.3919	12
19	.8171	.3866	4I		49	.8103	.3920	11
20	.8169	.3867	40		50	.8101	.3922	10
21	.8167	.3869	39		51	.8099	.3924	9
22	.8165	.3871	38		52	.8097	.3926	8
23	.8163	.3873	37		53	.8094	.3928	7 6
24	.8160	.3875	36		54	.8092	.3929	
25	.8158	.3877	35		55	.8090	.3931	5
26	.8156	. 3878	34		56	.8088	-3933	4
27 28	.8154	.3880	33		57	.8085	.3935	3
	.8151	.3882	32	1	58	.8083	·3937	2
29	.8149	.3884	31		59 60	.8081	.3938	1
30	.8147	.3886	30		60	.8078	.3940	0
	Constant	Constant	Minutes.			Constant	Constant	Minutes
	Distance.	Difference in Height.				Distance.	Difference in Height.	Minutes

116 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.8078	.3940	60	30	.8009	.3993	30
I	8076	.3942	59	31	.8007	.3995	29
2 '	.8074	·3944	58	32	.8004	·399 7	28
3 4 5	.8071	.3946	57	33	.8002	.3998	27
4	.8069	•3947	56	34	.8000	.4000	26
5	.8067	.3949	55	35	.7998	.4002	25
6	.8065	.3951	54	36	.7995	.4004	24
7	.8062	·3953	53	37	.7993	.4005	23
7 8	.8060	.3954	52	38	.7991	.4007	22
9	.8058	.3956	51	39	.7988	.4009	21
ΙÓ	.8055	.3958	50	40	.7986	.4011	20
11	.8053	. 3960	49	41	.7984	.4012	19
12	.8051	.3962	49 48	42	.7981	.4014	18
13	.8048	.3963	47	43	.7979	.4016	17
14	.8046	.3965	46	44	.7976	.4018	16
15	.8044	.3967	45	45	.7974	.4019	15
16	.8042	. 3969	44	46	.7972	.4021	14
17	8039	.3970	43	47	.7970	.4023	13
18	.8037	.3972	42	48	.7967	.4025	12
19	.8035	-3974	41	49	.7965	.4026	II
20	.8032	. 3976	40	50	.7962	.4028	10
21	.8030	-3977	39	51	.7960	.4030	9
22	.8028	3979	38	52	.7958	.4031	9 8
23	.8025	.3981	37	53	.7955	.4033	7
24	.8023	.3983	36	54	.7953	.4035	
25	.8021	.3984	35	55	.7951	.4037	5
26	.8018	.3986	34	56	.7948	.4038	4
27	.8016	.3988	33	57	.7946	.4040	3
28	.8014	.3990	32	58	•7944	.4042	2
29	.8o1 i	.3991	31	59 60	.7941	.4043	1
3Ó	.8009	•3993	30	60 l	· 7939	.4045	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

117 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	· 7 93 9	.4045	60
I	·7937	.4047	59 58
2	· 79 34	.4049	
3	.7932	.4050	57
4	. 7 930	.4052	56
5	.7927	.4054	55
6	.7925	.4055	54
7	.7922	.4057	53
7.	.7920	.4059	52
9	.7918	.4060	51
IÓ	.7915	.4062	50
11	.7913	.4064	49
12	.7911	.4066	48
13	.7908	.4067	47
14	.7906	.4069	46
15	. 7904	.4071	45
16	.7901	.4072	44
17	.7899	.4074	43
18	.7896	.4076	42
19	.7894	.4077	41
20	.7892	.4079	40
21	.7889	.4081	39
22	.7887	.4082	39 38
23	.7885	.4084	37
24	.7882	.4086	36
25	.788o	.4087	35
26	.7877	.4089	34
27	.7875	.4091	33
28	.7873	.4092	32
29	.7870	.4094	31
30	.7868	.4096	30
	Constant for	Constant for Difference	Minutes.
	Distance.	in Height.	

REES.			
Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
30 31 32 33 34 35	.7868 .7866 .7863 .7861 .7858	.4096 .4098 .4099 .4101 .4102	30 29 28 27 26 25
36 37 38 39 40	.7854 .7851 .7849 .7846 .7844	.4106 .4107 .4109 .4111 .4112	24 23 22 21 20
41 42 43 44 45	.7842 .7839 .7837 .7835 .7832	.4114 .4116 .4117 .4119	19 18 17 16
46 47 48 49 50	.7830 .7827 .7825 .7822 .7820	.4122 .4124 .4126 .4127 .4129	14 13 12 11 10
51 52 53 54 55	.7818 .7815 .7813 .7810 .7808	.4131 .4132 .4134 .4135 .4137	9 8 7 6 5
56 57 58 59 60	.78c6 .78c3 .78c1 .7798 .7796	.4139 .4140 .4142 .4144 .4145	4 3 2 1
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

118 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.			Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.7796	.4145	60		30	.7723	.4193	30
1	·7794	.4147	59		31	.7721	.4195	29
2	.7791	.4149	58		32	.7718	.4197	28
3	.7789	.4150	57		33	.7716	.4198	27
4	.7786	.4152	56		34	.7713	.4200	26
5	-7784	.4153	55		35	.7711	.4201	25
6	.7782	.4155	54	1	36	.7709	.4203	24
7	.7779	.4157	53		37	.7706	.4204	23
8	· 7 777	.4158	52		38	.7704	.4206	22
9	-7774	.4160	51		39	.7701	.4208	21
10	.7772	.4162	50		40	. 769 9	.4209	20
11	.7769	.4163	49		41	.7696	.4211	19
12	.7767	.4165	48		42	.7694	.4212	18
13	.7765	.4166	47		43	.7692	.4214	17
14	.7762	.4168	46		44	.7689	.4215	16
15	.7760	.4169	45		45	.7687	.4217	15
16	-7757	.4171	44		46	.7684	.4219	14
17	-7755	.4173	43		47	.7682	.4220	13
18	.7752	.4174	42		48	.7679	.4222	12
19	.7750	.4176	41		49	.7677	.4223	II
20	.7748	.4177	40	. 1	50	.7674	.4225	10
21	·7745	.4179	39		51	.7672	.4226	9
22	.7743	.4181	38] !	52	.7669	.4228	8
23	.7740	.4182	37		53	.7667	.4230	7
24	.7738	.4184	36	:	54	.7664	.4231	6
25	-7735	.4185	35		55	.7662	.4233	5
26	.7733	.4187	34		56	.7659	.4234	4
27	.7731	.4189	33		57	.7657	.4236	3
28	.7728	.4190	32		57 58	.7655	.4237	2
2 9	.7726	.4192	31		59 60	.7652	.4239	I
30	-7723	.4193	30		60	.7650	.4240	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.			Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

119 DEGREES

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0 1 2 3 4 5	.7650 .7647 .7645 .7642 .7640	.4240 .4242 .4243 .4245 .4246	60 59 58 57 56 55
6 7 8 9	.7635 .7632 .7630 .7627 .7625	.4250 .4251 .4253 .4255 .4256	54 53 52 51 50
11	.7622	.4257	49
12	.7620	.4259	48
13	.7617	.4260	47
14	.7615	.4262	46
15	.7613	.4263	45
16	.7610	.4265	44
17	.7608	.4266	43
18	.7605	.4268	42
19	.7603	.4269	41
20	.7600	.4271	40
21	.7598	.4272	39
22	.7595	.4274	38
23	.7593	.4275	37
24	.7590	.4277	36
25	.7588	.4278	35
26	.7585	.4280	34
27	.7583	.4281	33
28	.7580	.4283	32
29	.7578	.4284	31
30	.7575	.4286	30
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

EES.			
Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
30 31 32 33 34 35	.7575 .7573 .7570 .7568 .7565 .7563	.4286 .4287 .4289 .4290 .4292 .4293	30 29 28 27 26 25
36 37 38 39 40	.7560 .7558 .7555 .7553 .7550	.4295 .4296 .4298 .4299 .4301	24 23 22 21 20
41 42 43 44 45	.7548 .7545 .7543 .7540 .7538	.4302 .4304 .4305 .4307 .4308	19 18 17 16
46 47 48 49 50	·7535 ·7533 ·7530 ·7528 ·7525	.4310 .4311 .4313 .4314 .4316	14 13 12 11
51 52 53 54 55	.7523 .7520 .7518 .7515 .7513	.4317 .4318 .4320 .4321 .4323	9 8 7 6 5
56 57 58 59 60	.7510 .7508 .7505 .7503 .7500	.4324 .4326 .4327 .4329 .4330	4 3 2 1
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

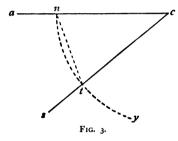
120 DEGREES.

Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.		Minutes.	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	
0	.7500	.4330	60	30	.7424	-4373	30
I	.7498	.4332	59	31	.7422	.4375	29
2	-7495	·4333	58	32	.7419	.4376	28
3	.7492	·4335	57	33	.7416	·4377	27
4	.7490	.4336	56	34	.7414	·4379	26
5	.7487	·4337	55	35	.7411	.4380	25
6	.7485	•4339	54	36	.7409	.4382	24
7 8	.7482	.4340	53	37	.7406	.4383	23
	.7480	.4342	52	38	.7404	.4384	22
9	·7477	•4343	51	39	.7401	.4386	2 I
10	·7475	·4345	50	40	·7399	.4387	20
11	.7472	.4346	49	41	.7396	.4389	19
12	.7470	.4348	48	42	.7394	.4390	18
13	.7467	•4349	47	43	.7391	.4391	17
14	.7466	.4350	46	44	.7388	.4393	16
15	.7462	.4352	45	45	.7386	-4394	15
16	.7460	•4353	44	46	.7383	.4396	14
17	· 7 457	·4355	43	47	.7381	.4397	13
18	· 7 455	.4356	42	48	.7378	.4398	12
19	.7452	.4358	41	49	.7376	.4400	II
20	·7449	·4359	40	50	-7373	.4401	10
21	.7447	.4360	39	51	.7370	.4402	9
22	.7444	.4362	38	52	.7368	.4404	
23	.7442	.4363	37	53	.7365	.4405	7 6
24	·7439	.4365	36	54	.7363	.4407	
25	•7437	.4366	35	55	.7360	.4408	5
26	-7434	.4368	34	56	.7358	.4409	4
27	.7432	.4369	33	57	·7355	.4411	3
28	.7429	.4370	32	57 58	.7353	.4412	2
29	.7427	.4372	31	59 60	.7350	.4413	I
. 30	.7424	·4373	30	60	.7347	.4415	0
	Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.		Constant for Distance.	Constant for Difference in Height.	Minutes.

SECTION V. TABLE OF CHORDS.

The Accurate Plotting of Angles on Large Scale Plans by means of Chords.

The TABLE OF CHORDS furnishes a means of laying down angles on paper more accurately than by an ordinary protractor. The procedure is as follows: after having drawn and measured the first side (say ac) of the figure to be plotted, describe from its end c as a centre, an arc ny of sufficient length to subtend the angle at that point. The radius cn with which the arc is described should be as great as convenience will permit. It must be decimally sub-divided, to be used as a scale for laying down the



chords taken from the table, in which their lengths are given in terms of the radius taken as 1. Having described the arc, find in the table the length of the chord nt corresponding to the angle act. Suppose this angle to be 45°, the corresponding chord is .7654. Therefore from n lay off the chord nt, equal to .7654 of the radius-scale; and the line as drawn through the point t will form the required angle act of 45°. The degree of accuracy attained will evidently depend on the length of the radius, and the care taken in drafting. The dividers in boxes of instruments are rarely fit for accurate arcs of more than about 6 inches diameter. For larger radii the beam-compass is the best instrument to use, or if not obtainable, a straight strip of paper with the length of the radius marked on one edge; by laying it from c toward s, and at the same time placing another strip (with one edge divided to a radius-scale) from n toward t, we can by trial find their exact point of intersection at the required point t. The fastest method of plotting the chords is by the use of a beam-compass and a $\frac{1}{1000}$ scale, the compass being set to the length of the scale.

	Table	of	Chords, in	parts of a	radius I; for	protracting	g .
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8	10	20 14 18 18 18 18	2 4 2 8 8	25 33 34 36 38 40 38 40 40 38 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	44486	2,488.8
10°	.1743 .1749 .1755 .1761	.1772	.1778 .1784 .1789 .1795 .1801	.1813 .1818 .1818 .1824 .1830	.1836 .1842 .1847 .1853 .1859	.1865 .1871 .1876 .1882 .1888	.1894 .1900 .1905 .1911
°6	.1575 .1575 .1581 .1587	.1598	.1604 .1610 .1616 .1621	.1633 .1639 .1645 .1650	.1662 .1668 .1674 .1679 .1685	.1691 .1697 .1703 .1708	.1720 .1726 .1732 .1737
ထိ	.1395 .1401 .1407 .1413	.1424	.1430 .1436 .1442 .1447 .1453	.1459 .1465 .1471 .1476	.1488 .1494 .1500 .1505 .1511	.1523 .1529 .1539 .1534 .1540	.1546 .1552 .1558 .1563
٦.	. 1221 . 1227 . 1233 . 1238	.1250	.1256 .1262 .1267 .1273 .1279	.1285 .1291 .1296 .1302	.1314 .1320 .1325 .1331 .1337	.1343 .1349 .1355 .1360 .1366	.1372 .1378 .1384 .1389
.	. 1047 . 1053 . 1058 . 1064	9201.	.1082 .1087 .1093 .1099	.1111 .1116 .1122 .1128	.1140 .1145 .1151 .1157	.1169 .1175 .1186 .1186	.1198 .1204 .1209 .1215
ထိ	.0872 .08878 .0884 .0890	1060.	.0907 .0913 .0919 .0925 .0931	.0936 .0942 .0954 .0956	.0965 .0977 .0983 .0989	.0994 .1000 .1012 .1018	.1023 .1029 .1035 .1041
ଝ	.0698 .0704 .0710 .0715	.0727	.0733 .0739 .0745 .0750	.0762 .0768 .0774 .0779 .0785	.0791 .0797 .0803 .0808	.0826 .0826 .0832 .0838 .0843	.0855 .0861 .0867 .0872
တိ	.0524 .0529 .0535 .0541	.0553	.0558 .0564 .0570 .0576 .0582	.0588 .0593 .0599 .0605	.0617 .0628 .0628 .0634	.0646 .0651 .0657 .0663 .0669	.06875 .0681 .0692 .0693
°64	.0349 .0355 .0361 .0366	.0378	.0384 .0396 .0401 .0407	.0413 .0419 .0425 .0430	.0442 .0448 .0454 .0465	.0471 .0477 .0483 .0489 .0494	.0500 .0506 .0512 .0518
ı°	.0175 .0180 .0186 .0192	.0204	.0209 .0215 .0221 .0227 .0233	.0239 .0244 .0250 .0256	.0268 .0273 .0279 .0285	.0297 .0303 .0308 .0314 .032 0	.0326 .0332 .0343 .0349
0,	.0000 .0006 .0012 .0017	.0029	.0035 .0041 .0047 .0052 .0058	.0064 .0070 .0076 .0081	.0093 .0105 .0105 .0110.	.0122 .0128 .0134 .0140	.0151 .0157 .0163 .0169
Minutes	0 4 40 %	2	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	2 4 8 8 8 8	2, 2, 2, 8, 9	44448	2,2,5,8,8

	Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)					
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8 0	21 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3 2 2 2 2 3 0 8 0 0 0	2 4 % % 0 2 4 % % 0	44448 o	2 4 5 8 8 8
20°	3473 3484 3484 3496 3496	.3507 .3513 .3519 .3525	.3536 .3542 .3547 .3553 .3553	.3565 .3576 .3576 .3582 .3587	.3593 .3599 .3605 .3616	.3622 .3628 .3633 .3639 .3645
.61	.3301 .3307 .3312 .3318 .3324	.3335 .3341 .3347 .3353	.3364 .3370 .3376 .3381	.3393 .3398 .3404 .3410	.3421 .3427 .3433 .3439 .3444	.3450 .3456 .3462 .3467 .3473
18°	.3129 .3134 .3146 .3152	.3163 .3169 .3175 .3180	.3192 .3198 .3203 .3209	.3221 .3226 .3236 .3238 .3244	.3249 .3255 .3261 .3267 .3272	.3278 .3284 .3289 .3295
17°	.2956 .2962 .2968 .2973 .2979	.2991 .2996 .3002 .3008	.3019 .3025 .3031 .3037 .3042	.3048 .3054 .3060 .3065 .3071	.3077 .3083 .3088 .3094 .3100	.3106 .3111 .3117 .3123
.91	.2783 .2789 .2795 .2801 .2807	.2818 .2824 .2830 .2835 .2841	.2847 .2853 .2858 .2864 .2870	.2876 .2881 .2887 .2893 .2899	.2904 .2910 .2916 .2922 .2927	.2933 .2939 .2945 .2950 .2956
15°	.2611 .2616 .2622 .2628 .2634	.2645 .2651 .2657 .2662 .2668	.2674 .2680 .2685 .2691 .2697	.2703 .2709 .2714 .2720	.2732 .2737 .2743 .2749	.2766 .2772 .2772 .2778
14°	2437 2443 2449 2455 2460	.2472 .2478 .2484 .2489 .2495	.2501 .2507 .2512 .2518 .2518	.2530 .2536 .2541 .2547 .2553	.2559 .2564 .2576 .2576 .2582	.2587 .2593 .2599 .2605
13°	.2264 .2270 .2276 .2281 .2287	.2299 .2305 .2310 .2316	.2328 .2333 .2339 .2345	.2357 .2362 .2368 .2374 .2380	.2385 .2391 .2397 .2403	.2414 .2420 .2426 .2432 .2437
12°	.2091 .2096 .2102 .2108 .2114	.2125 .2131 .2137 .2143	.2154 .2160 .2166 .2172	.2183 .2189 .2195 .2200 .2206	.2212 .2218 .2224 .2229	.2241 .2253 .2253 .2258
្នុដ	.1917 .1923 .1928 .1934 .1940	.1952 .1957 .1963 .1969	.1981 .1986 .1992 .1998	.2010 .2015 .2021 .2027	.2038 .2044 .2050 .2056	.2067 .2073 .2079 .2085
Minutes	0 4 4 9 8 0	12 16 18 18 20	22 26 30 30	25 45 85 04	4 4 4 & °	2, 4, 2, 8, 8

	Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)					
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8 0	12 14 16 18 20	22 26 28 30	2 7 5 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9	2.4.5%	
30°	.5176 .5182 .5188 .5193 .5199	.5210 .5216 .5221 .5227 .5233	.5238 .5244 .5249 .5255	. 5266 . 5272 . 5277 . 5283 . 5289 . 5289 . 5300 . 5306	.5327 .5328 .5334 .5339 .5339	
29°	.5008 .5013 .5019 .5024 .5030	.5041 .5047 .5053 .5058	.5070 .5075 .5081 .5086	.5098 .5103 .5115 .5115 .5120 .5126 .5131	.5140 .5154 .5160 .5165 .5171	
28°	.4838 .4844 .4850 .4855 .4861	.4872 .4878 .4884 .4889	.4901 .4906 .4912 .4917	. 4929 . 4934 . 4946 . 4954 . 4957 . 4963 . 4968	.4985 .4996 .4996 .5002 .5008	
27°	.4669 .4675 .4686 .4686 .4692	.4703 .4708 .4714 .4720	.4731 .4737 .4742 .4748	4759 4765 4776 4776 4782 4783 4793 4799 4799	.4816 .4827 .4833 .4833 .4833	
36°	.4505 .4510 .4510 .4516 .4522	.4533 .4539 .4544 .4550	.4561 .4567 .4573 .4578	.4590 .4595 .4601 .4612 .4612 .4618 .4624 .4629	.4646 .4652 .4653 .4663 .4663	
25°	.4329 .4334 .4340 .4346 .4352	.4363 .4369 .4374 .4386	.4391 .4397 .4403 .4408	.4425 .44437 .44437 .44448 .4454 .4459	.4471 .4482 .4488 .4493 .4493	
************************************	4158 4164 4170 4175 4181 4181	.4192 .4198 .4204 .4209 .4215	. 4221 . 4226 . 4232 . 4238	.4249 .4255 .4256 .4276 .4278 .4283 .4283 .4289	.4306 .4312 .4317 .4323	
23°	.3987 .3993 .3999 .4004 .4010	.4022 .4027 .4033 .4039	.4050 .4056 .4061 .4067	.4079 .4084 .4096 .4096 .4101 .4107 .4113 .4113	.4135 .4141 .4147 .4153	
25°	.3822 .3822 .3828 .3833 .3839	.3850 .3856 .3862 .3868	.3885 .3885 .3890 .3896	.3908 .3913 .3919 .3925 .3930 .3936 .3942 .3947	.3959 .3965 .3976 .3982 .3982	
21°	.3645 .3650 .3656 .3662 .3668	.3679 .3685 .3690 .3696 .3702	.3708 .3713 .3719 .3725	3736 3742 3742 3743 3753 3755 3765 3776 3776	.3786 .3799 .3895 .3805 .3816	
Ites						

		7	Га	.bl	е	of	Cł	101	ds	3,	in	-					r a d ?d.)		S	Ι;	fe	or	pr	ot	ra	cti	ıg.				
Minutes	0	81	4	9	∞	2	12	14	91	<u>%</u>	8	22	77	- 50:	82	8	32	*	36	 %	9	42	4	46	84	50	52	75	56	85	8
40 ,	.6840	.6846	.6851	.6857	.6862	8989.	.6873	6829	.6884	9890	.6895	1009.	9069	1169.	.6917	.6922	8269.	.6933	.6939	.6944	.6950	.6955	1969.	9969.	1269.	2269.	.6982	8869.	.6993	6669.	.7004
39.	9299.	.6682	.6687	.6693	8699.	.6704	60/9	.6715	.6720	.6725	.6731	9249.	.6742	.6747	.6753	.6758	.6764	6929	.6775	.6780	9849.	1629.	7679.	.6802	8089.	.6813	6189.	.6824	.6829	.6835	.6840
38°	1159.	6517	.6522	.6528	.6533	.6539	.6544	.6550	.6555	.6561	.6566	.6572	.6577	.6583	.6588	.6594	.6599	5099.	.661ō	9199.	.6621	.6627	.6632	.6638	.6643	6649	.6654	9999	5999.	1299.	9299.
37°	.6346	.6352	6357	.6363	.6368	.6374	.6379	.6385	.6390	.6396	.6401	.6407	.6412	.6418	.6423	.6429	.6434	.6440	.6445	.6451	.6456	.6462	.6467	.6473	.6478	.6484	.6489	.6495	9.	9059.	.6511
36°	0819.	9819:	1619.	7619.	.6202	.6208	.6214	6129.	.6225	.6230	.6236	.6241	.6247	.6252	.6258	.6263	6929.	.6274	.6280	.6285	1629.	9629.	.6302	.6307	.6313	.6318	.6324	.6330	.6335	.6341	.6346
32°	.6014	.6020	.6025	.6031	.6036	.6042	.6047	.6053	.6058	.6064	0209.	5009.	.608ĭ	9809.	.6092	2609.	.6103	8019.	6114	6119.	.6125	0£19.	.6136	.6142	.6147	.6153	.6158	.6164	6919.	.6175	.6180
34°	.5847	.5853	.5859	.5864	.5870	.5875	.5881	.5886	.5892	.5897	.5903	005	. 5914	.5920	.5925	.5931	.5936	.5942	.5947	. 5953	.5959	.5964	.5970	. 5975	1865.	.5986	.5992	. 5997	.603	6009.	.6014
33°	.5680	.5686	.5691	.5697	.5703	.5708	.5714	6125	.5725	.5730	.5736	.5742	.5747	.5753	.5758	.5764	6925.	5775	.5781	.5786	.5792	7675.	5803	808	5814	.5820	.5825	. 5831	.5836	.5842	.5847
35°	.5513	.5518	.5524	.5530	.5535	.5541	.5546	.5552	.5557	.5563	.5569	.5574	.85.	5585	.5591	.5597	.5602	.5608	.5613	.5619	.5625	.5630	.5636	.5641	. 5647	.5652	.5658	1,5664	.5669	.5675	.5680
31°	.5345	.5350	.5356	.5362	.5367	.5373	.5378	.5384	.5390	.5395	.5401	5406	5412	5418	5423	.5429	.5434	.5440	.5446	.5451	.5457	.5462	.5468	.5474	.5479	.5485	.5490	5496	.5502	.5507	.5513
linutes	0	7	4	9	∞	2	12	14	91	81	8	22	24	- 56	82	<u>ي</u>	32	45	36	38	\$	42	4	- 94	84	જ	22	7	.9	85	8

	Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)												
Minutes	0 4 4 9 8 0	27 4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	25 26 30 30	2,4,5,8,4	24 4 4 4 4 6 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5	52 54 58 60							
200	.8458 .8458 .8463 .8463 .8473	.8484 .8489 .8495 .8500	.8510 .8521 .8521 .8526 .8531	.8547 .8547 .8552 .8552	.8563 .8568 .8573 .8579 .8584	.8589 .8594 .8600 .8605 .8605							
4 8°	.8294 .8299 .8304 .8310 .8315	.8326 .8331 .8336 .8341	.8352 .8357 .8363 .8368 .8368	.8384 .8384 .8389 .8394 .8400	.8405 .8410 .8415 .8421	.8431 .8442 .8447 .8447							
.83 .83	.8135 .8146 .8145 .8151 .8156	.8167 .8172 .8177 .8183	.8193 .8198 .8204 .8209 .8214	.8225 .8225 .8230 .8236	.8246 .8251 .8257 .8262	.8273 .8278 .8283 .8289							
47°	.7975 .7980 .7986 .7991 .7996	.8012 .8018 .8023 .8023	.8034 .8039 .8044 .8050 .8055	.8060 .8071 .8076 .8076	.8087 .8092 .8098 .8103	.8113 .8119 .8124 .8129 .8135							
.94	.7815 .7820 .7825 .7831 .7836	.7847 .7852 .7857 .7863 .7868	.7873 .7884 .7884 .7890 .7895	.7900 .7906 .7911 .7916	.7927 .7932 .7938 .7943 .7948	.7954 .7959 .7964 .7970							
24	.7654 .7659 .7664 .7670 .7675	.7686 .7691 .7702 .7707	.7713 .7718 .7723 .7729 .7734	.7740 .7745 .7750 .7756	.7766 .7772 .7777 .7782 .7782	.7793 .7799 .7804 .7809							
4	.7492 .7498 .7503 .7508 .7514	.7524 .7530 .7535 .7541 .7546	.7551 .7557 .7562 .7568 .7568	.7578 .7584 .7589 .7595	.7605 .7611 .7616 .7621	.7632 .7638 .7643 .7648							
43°	.7330 .7335 .7341 .7346 .7352	.7362 .7368 .7373 .7379 .7384	.7390 .7395 .7400 .7406	.7417 .7422 .7427 .7433	.7443 .7449 .7454 .7460	.7471 .7476 .7481 .7487							
42 °	.7167 .7173 .7178 .7184 .7189 .7195	.7200 .7205 .7211 .7216	.7227 .7232 .7238 .7243 .7249	.7254 .7260 .7265 .7270	.7281 .7287 .7292 .7298	.7308 .7314 .7319 .7325 .7325							
41°	.7004 .7010 .7015 .7020 .7026	.7037 .7042 .7048 .7053	.7064 .7069 .7075 .7086	.7091 .7097 .7102 .7108	.7118 .7124 .7129 .7135	.7146 .7151 .7156 .7162							
Minutes	0 4 40 % 0	12 14 18 18 20	22 26 28 30	2. 4. 38. 34. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 45. 4	44 46 48 50	58 58 58 60							

	Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)												
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8 Ö	2 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 4 4 4 4 4 5 S	2.4888									
°09	1.0005 1.0005 1.0016 1.0015 1.0020	1.0030 1.0035 1.0040 1.0045 1.0050 1.0055 1.0065 1.0065 1.0070	1.0080 1.0086 1.0091 1.0091 1.0101 1.0116 1.0116 1.0121 1.0121	1.0131 1.0136 1.0141 1.0146 1.0151									
.69	.9848 .9854 .9859 .9864 .9869	989 989 989 989 989 999 999 999 999 999	. 9929 9934 9939 9950 9950 9950 9950 9950 9970	.9985 .9985 .9996 .9995									
28°	.9696 .9701 .9705 .9717 .9717	9727 9732 9737 9742 9742 9752 9752 9762 9767	9778 9783 9783 9783 9793 9893 9803 9813 9818	.9828 .9833 .9843 .9848									
.22	.9543 .9548 .9553 .9559 .9564	9574 9579 9584 9584 9584 9584 9684 9684 9615	9625 9633 9640 9640 9650 9650 9660 9660	.9676 .9681 .9696 .9696									
26°	.9389 .9395 .9400 .9405 .9410	.9425 .9425 .9430 .9441 .9441 .9451 .9451 .9461	.9472 .9477 .9487 .9487 .9492 .9492 .9502 .9507 .9512 .9512	.9523 .9528 .9533 .9538									
200	.9235 .9246 .9245 .9256 .9256	.9266 .9271 .9281 .9287 .9287 .9297 .9302 .9307	.9317 .9323 .9328 .9333 .9333 .9343 .9348 .9359 .9359	.9369 .9374 .9384 .9389									
° 4 °	9080. 9085. 9090. 9095. 1010.	.9111 .9116 .9126 .9126 .9137 .9137 .9147 .9152	.9163 .9168 .9173 .9178 .9188 .9194 .9204 .9204	.9214 .9219 .9225 .9230									
63°	.8924 .8934 .8946 .8945 .8945	8955 8966 8966 8971 8976 8986 8997 8997 8997 8997	.9007 .9012 .9018 .9023 .9028 .9033 .9049 .9049	.9059 .9069 .9075 .9080									
62°	.8773 .8778 .878 .8783 .8783	.8825 .8830 .8830 .8830 .8830 .8830 .8830 .8841	.8856 .8867 .8867 .8877 .8877 .8887 .8887 .8887 .8887 .8887 .8887	.8903 .8908 .8914 .8919									
°11°	.8610 .8615 .8621 .8626 .8631	.8642 .8647 .8657 .8657 .8663 .8663 .8673 .8678 .8678 .8684	.8694 .8699 .8710 .8710 .8715 .8726 .8726 .8731 .8731	.8747 .8752 .8757 .8762									
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8 O	2 4 5 6 8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2,4,8,8,4 4,4,4,8,0	2,45,85,0									

Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)											
Minutes	0 4 4 9 8 0	12 14 16 18 10 20	2 4 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 4 4 4 8 5 2 2 4 5 8 5							
°07	1.1472 1.1476 1.1481 1.1486 1.1491 1.1495	1.1500 1.1505 1.1510 1.1514 1.1519	1.1524 1.1529 1.1533 1.1538 1.1538 1.1548 1.1552 1.1552	1.1571 1.1576 1.1586 1.1586 1.1590 1.1595 1.1600 1.1600							
.69°	1.1328 1.1333 1.1338 1.1342 1.1347 1.1347	1.1357 1.1362 1.1366 1.1371 1.1376	1.1381 1.1386 1.1390 1.1395 1.1400 1.1409 1.1419	1.1429 1.1438 1.1443 1.1448 1.1448 1.1457 1.1467 1.1467							
.89	1.1184 1.1189 1.1194 1.1198 1.1203 1.1203	1. 1213 1. 1218 1. 1222 1. 1227 1. 1232	1.1237 1.1242 1.1246 1.1251 1.1256 1.1266 1.1266 1.1271	1.1285 1.1290 1.1299 1.1309 1.1309 1.1319 1.1319 1.1328							
67°	1.1039 1.1048 1.1048 1.1053 1.1058 1.1063	1.1068 1.1073 1.1078 1.1082 1.1087	1.1092 1.11097 1.11102 1.11107 1.11111 1.11116 1.11126 1.11131	1.1145 1.1145 1.1150 1.1165 1.1169 1.1174 1.1174							
.99	1.0893 1.0898 1.0903 1.0907 1.0912	1.0922 1.0927 1.0932 1.0937 1.0942	1.0946 1.0951 1.0956 1.0956 1.0976 1.0976 1.0986	1.0995 1.1000 1.1005 1.1010 1.1014 1.1024 1.1024 1.1029 1.1039							
92	1.0746 1.0751 1.0756 1.0761 1.0761	1.0775 1.0780 1.0785 1.0790	1.0800 1.0805 1.0815 1.0815 1.0824 1.0824 1.0829 1.0839	1.0849 1.0854 1.0859 1.0863 1.0873 1.0873 1.0883 1.0883							
64°	1.0598 1.0603 1.0608 1.0613 1.0618	1.0628 1.0633 1.0638 1.0643 1.0648	1.0653 1.0658 1.0667 1.0672 1.0672 1.0687 1.0687	1.0702 1.0707 1.0712 1.0717 1.0721 1.0736 1.0736 1.0736							
63°	1.0450 1.0455 1.0460 1.0465 1.0470	1.0480 1.0485 1.0490 1.0495 1.0500	1.0504 1.0509 1.0514 1.0519 1.0529 1.0539 1.0539	1.0554 1.0559 1.0559 1.0569 1.0579 1.0589 1.0589							
63°	1.0301 1.0306 1.0311 1.0316 1.0321	1.0331 1.0336 1.0341 1.0346 1.0351	1.0356 1.0351 1.0356 1.0370 1.0375 1.0380 1.0385 1.0395	1.0405 1.0410 1.0415 1.0425 1.0425 1.0436 1.0446							
°19	1.0151 1.0156 1.0161 1.0166 1.0171	1.0181 1.0186 1.0191 1.0196	1.0206 1.0211 1.0216 1.0221 1.0226 1.0231 1.0231 1.0241	1.0256 1.0256 1.0266 1.0271 1.0271 1.0286 1.0286 1.0286							
nutes	0 4 40 8 0	21 411 16 02 18 02	2 4 2 8 8 8 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	\$ 444\&0 \\ \times \tim							

	Tabl	e of	Chords, in	parts of a :	· ·	or protractin	g.
Minutes	0 4 40	∞ o	21 4 5 6 8 6	2 7 2 8 8 8 3 8 8 8 8	22,48,88.4	4 4 4 8 8 8	2,45,828
°08	1.2856 1.2860 1.2865 1.2865	1.2874	1.2882 1.2887 1.2891 1.2896 1.2900	1.2905 1.2909 1.2914 1.2918 1.2922	1.2927 1.2931 1.2936 1.2940 1.2945	1.2949 1.2954 1.2958 1.2962 1.2967	1.2971 1.2976 1.2980 1.2985 1.2989
79°	1.2722 1.2726 1.2731 1.2731	1.2740	1.2748 1.2753 1.2757 1.2762 1.2766	1.2771 1.2775 1.2780 1.2784 1.2789	1.2793 1.2798 1.2802 1.2807 1.2811	1.2816 1.2820 1.2825 1.2829 1.2833	1.2838 1.2842 1.2847 1.2851 1.2856
78°	1.2586 1.2591 1.2595 1.2600	1.2604	1.2614 1.2618 1.2623 1.2627 1.2627	1.2636 1.2641 1.2645 1.2650 1.2650	1.2659 1.2663 1.2668 1.2672 1.2677	1.2681 1.2686 1.2690 1.2695 1.2699	1.2704 1.2708 1.2713 1.2717 1.2722
770	1.2450 1.2455 1.2459 1.2464	1.2468	1.2478 1.2482 1.2487 1.2491 1.2496	1.2505 1.2505 1.2509 1.2514 1.2518	1.2523 1.2528 1.2532 1.2537 1.2537	1.2546 1.2550 1.2555 1.2559 1.2564	1.2568 1.2573 1.2577 1.2582 1.2586
.91	1.2313 1.2318 1.2322 1.2322	1.2332	1.2341 1.2345 1.2350 1.2354 1.2354 1.2359	1.2364 1.2368 1.2373 1.2377 1.2382	1.2386 1.2391 1.2396 1.2400 1.2405	1.2409 1.2414 1.2418 1.2423 1.2423	1.2432 1.2437 1.2441 1.2446 1.2450
75°	1.2175 1.2180 1.2184 1.2189	1.2194	1.2203 1.2208 1.2212 1.2217 1.2221	1.2226 1.2231 1.2235 1.2240 1.2244	1.2249 1.2254 1.2258 1.2263 1.2267	1.2272 1.2277 1.2281 1.2286 1.2290	1.2295 1.2299 1.2304 1.2309 1.2313
74°	1.2036 1.2041 1.2046 1.2050	1.2055	1.2064 1.2069 1.2073 1.2078 1.2083	1.2087 1.2092 1.2097 1.2101 1.2106	1.2111 1.2115 1.2120 1.2124 1.2129	1.2134 1.2138 1.2143 1.2148 1.2152	1.2157 1.2161 1.2166 1.2171 1.2175
78°	1.1896 1.1901 1.1906 1.1900	1.1915	1.1924 1.1929 1.1934 1.1938 1.1943	1.1948 1.1952 1.1957 1.1962 1.1966	1.1971 1.1976 1.1980 1.1985 1.1995	1.1994 1.1999 1.2004 1.2013	1.2018 1.2022 1.2027 1.2032 1.2036
.82	1.1756 1.1760 1.1765 1.1765	1.1775	1.1784 1.1789 1.1793 1.1798 1.1803	1.1807 1.1812 1.1817 1.1821 1.1826	1.1831 1.1836 1.1840 1.1845 1.1850	1.1854 1.1859 1.1864 1.1868 1.1873	1.1878 1.1882 1.1887 1.1892 1.1896
11°	1.1614 1.1619 1.1624 1.1624	1.1633	1.1642 1.1647 1.1652 1.1657 1.1661	1.1666 1.1671 1.1676 1.1680 1.1685	1.1690 1.1694 1.1699 1.1704 1.1709	1.1713 1.1718 1.1723 1.1727 1.1732	1.1737 1.1742 1.1746 1.1751 1.1756
Minutes	0 4 40	∞ 2	2 4 5 8 8	2 4 % % °	22880	4448°	2,2,5,8,8

	Table of Chords, in parts of a radius 1; for protracting. (Continued.)										
Minutes	0 4 40 % O	,	25 8 8 9 7 4 4 4 8 9 S	2 4 5 8 8							
88°	1.4018 1.4022 1.4031 1.4035 1.4035	1.4043 1.4047 1.4055 1.4050 1.4064 1.4068 1.4072 1.4080 1.4080	1,4089 1,4093 1,4097 1,4101 1,4109 1,4113 1,4113 1,4113	1.4126 1.4130 1.4134 1.4138 1.4142							
°88	1.3893 1.3897 1.3902 1.3906 1.3910	1.3918 1.3922 1.3927 1.3931 1.3935 1.3947 1.3952 1.3956 1.3956	1.3964 1.3968 1.3977 1.3981 1.3985 1.3989 1.3993 1.3993	1.4002 1.4006 1.4010 1.4014 1.4018							
8T°	1.3767 1.3771 1.3776 1.3780 1.3784 1.3788	1.3792 1.3797 1.3805 1.3805 1.3809 1.3813 1.3822 1.3826 1.3826 1.3826 1.3830	1.3853 1.3847 1.3851 1.3851 1.3856 1.3864 1.3868 1.3868	1.3876 1.3881 1.3885 1.3889 1.3893							
36°	1.3640 1.3644 1.3648 1.3653 1.3651	1.3665 1.3674 1.3678 1.3678 1.3682 1.3697 1.3695 1.3699 1.3699 1.3704	1.372 1.372 1.372 1.372 1.372 1.373 1.373 1.374 1.374	1.3750 1.3754 1.3759 1.3763 1.3767							
86°	1.3512 1.3516 1.3520 1.3525 1.3529	1.3538 1.3542 1.3546 1.3550 1.3555 1.3553 1.3567 1.3572 1.3572 1.3572 1.3572 1.3572	1.3585 1.3583 1.3593 1.3602 1.3606 1.3606 1.3610 1.3610	1.3623 1.3627 1.3631 1.3636 1.3640							
8 4 °	1.3383 1.3387 1.3391 1.3400 1.3404	1.3409 1.3413 1.3413 1.3426 1.3426 1.3430 1.3434 1.3434 1.3447	1.3456 1.3465 1.3465 1.3469 1.3473 1.3486 1.3486 1.3486	1.3495 1.3499 1.3503 1.3508 1.3512							
83°	1.3252 1.3257 1.3261 1.3265 1.3270	1.3279 1.3283 1.3287 1.3292 1.3292 1.3390 1.3309 1.3313 1.3313 1.3318	1.3326 1.3331 1.3333 1.3344 1.3348 1.3357 1.3357	1.3365 1.3370 1.3374 1.3378 1.3383							
82°	1.3121 1.3126 1.3130 1.3134 1.3139	1.3147 1.3152 1.3156 1.3161 1.3165 1.3169 1.3178 1.3178 1.3183 1.3183	1.3213 1.3204 1.3204 1.3213 1.3213 1.3222 1.3222 1.3226 1.3226	1.3235 1.3239 1.3244 1.3248 1.3252							
81°	1.2989 1.2993 1.2998 1.3002 1.3007	1.3015 1.3020 1.3024 1.3024 1.3033 1.3042 1.3046 1.3046 1.3051 1.3051	1.3064 1.3068 1.3073 1.3082 1.3086 1.3090 1.3095 1.3095	1.3104 1.3108 1.3112 1.3117 1.3121							
Minutes	0 4 4 0 8 O	21	4 4 4 4 8 5	2.45880							

APPENDIX.

Table giving the circumference and area of a circle corresponding to a given diameter.*

Dia- meter.	Circum- ference.	Area.	Dia- meter.	Circum- ference.	Area.	Dia- meter.	Circum- ference.	Area.
10	31.416	78.5398	40	125.66	1256.64	70	219.91	3848.45
II	34.558	95.0332	4I	128.81	1320.25	71	223.05	3959.19
12	37.699	113.097	42	131.95	1385.44	72	226.19	4071.50
13	40.841	132.732	43	135.09	1452.20	73	229.34	4185.39
14	43.982	153.938	44	138.23	1520.53	74	232.48	4300.84
15	47.124	176.715	45	141.37	1590.43	75	235.62	4417.86
16	50.265	201.062	46	144.51	1661.90	76	238.76	4536.46
17	53.407	226.980	47	147.65	1734.94	77	241.90	4656.63
18	56.549	254.469	48	150.80	1809.56	78	245.04	4778.36
19	59.690	283.529	49	153.94	1885.74	79 80	248.19	4901.67
20	62.832	314.159	50	157.08	1963.50		251.33	5026.55
21	65.973	346. 361	51	160.22	2042.82	81	254.47	5153.00
22	69.115	380.133	52	163.36	2123.72	82	257.61	5281.02
23	72.257	415.476	53	166.50	2206.18	83	260.75	5410.61
24	75.398	452.389	54	169.65	2290.22	84	263.89	5541.77
25 26	78.540	490.874	55	172.79	2375.83	85	267.04	5674.50
26	81.681	530.929	56	175.93	2463.01	86	270.18	5808.80
27	84.823	572.555	57	179.07	2551.76	87	273.32	5944.68
28	87.965	615.752	58	182.21	2642.08	88	276.46	6082.12
29	91.106	660.520	59	185.35	2733.97	89	279.60	6221.14
30	94.248	706.858	60	188.50	2827.43	90	282.74	6361.73
31	97.389	754.768	61	191.64	2922.47	91	285.88	6503.88
32	100.53	804.248	62	194.78	3019.07	92	289.03	6647.61
33	103.67	855.299	63	197.92	3117.25	93	292.17	6792.91
34	106.81	907.920	64	201.06	3216.99	94	295.31	6939.78
35	109.96	962.113	65	204.20	3318.31	95	298.45	7088.22
35 36	113.10	1017.88	66	207.35	3421.19	96	301.59	7238.23
37	116.24	1075.21	67	210.49	3525.65	97	304.73	7389.81
38	119.38	1134.11	68	213.63	3631.68	98	307.88	7542.96
39	122.52	1194.59	69	216.77	3739.28	99	311.02	7697.69

^{*} From The Smithsonian Geographical Tables, Washington, 1906, p. 23.

APPENDIX

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from 1 to 1000.*

In the roots, wherever the effect of a fifth decimal would be to add I to the fourth and final decimal, the addition has been made.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100	1 8 27 64 125 216 343 512 729 1000	1. 1.4142 1.7321 2. 2.2361 2.4495 2.6458 2.8284	1. 1.2599 1.4422 1.5874 1.7100 1.8171 1.9129	51 52 53 54 55 56	2601 2704 2809 2916 3025	132651 140608 148877 157464	7.1414 7.2111 7.2801 7.3485	3.7084 3.7325 3.7563 3.7798
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100	8 27 64 125 216 343 512 729	1.4142 1.7321 2. 2.2361 2.4495 2.6458	1.2599 1.4422 1.5874 1.7100 1.8171	52 53 54 55	2704 2809 2916	140608 148877 157464	7.2111 7.2801 7.3485	3.7325 3.7563
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	9 16 25 36 49 64 81	27 64 125 216 343 512 729	1.7321 2. 2.2361 2.4495 2.6458	1.4422 1.5874 1.7100 1.8171	53 54 55	2809 2916	148877 157464	7.2801 7.3485	3.7563
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	16 25 36 49 64 81	64 125 216 343 512 729	2. 2.2361 2.4495 2.6458	1.5874 1.7100 1.8171	54 55	2916	157464	7.3485	
5 6 7 8 9 10	25 36 49 64 81 100	125 216 343 512 729	2.2361 2.4495 2.6458	1.7100	55				2.770X
6 7 8 9 10	36 49 64 81 100	216 343 512 729	2.4495 2.6458	1.8171		3025			
7 8 9 10 11	49 64 81 100	343 512 729	2.6458		56		166375	7.4162	3.8030
8 9 10 11	64 81 100	512 729	2.6458 2.8284	1.0120		3136	175616	7.4833	3.8259
9 10 11	8i 100	729	2.8284		57 58	3249	185193	7.5498	3.8485
10 11	100		•	2.		3364	195112	7.6158	3.8709
11	1	1000	3.	2.0801	59	3481	205379	7.6811	3.8930
	121		3. 1623	2. 1 544	60	3600	216000	7.7460	3.9149
12		1331	3.3166	2.2240	61	3721	226981	7.8102	3.9365
	144	1728	3.4641	2.2894	62	3844	2 38328	7.8740	3.9579
13	169	2197	3.6056	2.3513	63	3969	250047	7.9373	3.9791
14	196	2744	3.7417	2.4101	64	4096	262144	8.	4.
15	225	3375	3.8730	2.4662	65	4225	274625	8.0623	4.0207
16	256	4096	4.	2.5198	66	4356	287496	8.1240	4.0412
17	289	4913	4.1231	2.5713	67	4489	300763	8.1854	4.0615
18	324	5832	4.2426	2.6207	68	4624	314432	8.2462	4.0817
19	36i	6859	4.3589	2.6684	69	476i	328509	8.3066	4.1016
20	400	8000	4.4721	2.7144	70	4900	343000	8.3666	4.1213
21	441	9261	4.5826	2.7589	71	5041	357911	8.4261	4.1408
22	484	10648	4.6904	2.8020	72	5184	373248	8.4853	4.1602
23	529	12167	4.7958	2.8439	73	5329	389017	8.5440	4.1793
24	576	13824	4.8990	2.8845	74	5476	405224	8.6023	4.1983
25	625	15625	5.	2.9240	75	5625	421875	8.6603	4.2172
26	676	17576	5.0990	2.9625	76	5776	438976	8.7178	4.2358
27	729	19683	5.1962	3.	77	5929	456533	8.7750	4.2543
28	784	21952	5.2915	3.0366	78.	6084	474552	8.7750 8.8318	4.2727
29	841	24389	5.3852	3.0723	79	6241	493039	8.8882	4.2908
30	900	27000	5.4772	3.1072	80	6400	512000	8.9443	4.3089
31	961	29791	5.5678	3.1414	81	6561	531441	9.	4.3267
32	1024	32768	5.6569	3.1748	82	6724	551368	9.0554	4.3445
33	1089	35937	5.7446	3.2075	83	6889	571787	9.1104	4.3621
34	1156	39304	5.8310	3.2396	84	7056	592704	9.1652	4.3795
35	1225	42875	5.9161	3.2711	85	7225	614125	9.2195	4.3968
36	1296	46656	6.	3.3019	86	7396	636056	9.2736	4.4140
37 38	1369	5 0653	6.0828	3.3322	87	7569	658503	9.3274	4.4310
38	1444	54872	6.1644	3.3620	88	7744	681472	9.3808	4.4480
39	1521	59319	6.2450	3.3912	89 .	7921	704969	9.4340	4.4647
40	1600	64000	6.3246	3.4200	90	8100	729000	9.4868	4.4814
41	1681	68921	6.4031	3.4482	91	8281	753571	9.5394	4.4979
42	1764	74088	6.4807	3.4760	92	8464	778688	9.5917	4.5144
43	1849	79507	6.5574	3.5034	93	8649	804357	9.6437	4.5307
44	1936	85184	6.6332	3.5303	94	8836	830584	9.6954	4.5468
45	2025	91125	6.7082	3.5569	95	9025	857375	9.7468	4.5629
46	2116	97336	6.7823	3.5830	96	9216	884736	9.7980	4.5789
47	2209	103823	6.8557	3.6088	97	9409	912673	9.8489	4.5947
48	2304	110592	6.9282	3.6342	98	9604	941192	9.8995	4.6104
49	2401	117649	7.	3.6593	99	980i	970299	9.9499	4.6261
50	2500	125000	7.0711	3.6840	100	10000	1000000	10.	4.6416

^{*} From Smithsonian Geographical Tables, Washington, 1906, checked by comparison with a similar table in The Civil Engineer's Pocket-book, Trautwine, New York, 1900.

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

								 	
No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
101		1030301	10.0499	4.6570	151	22801	3442951	12.2882	5.3251
	10201	1061208	10.0995	4.6723	152	23104	3511808	12.3288	5.3368
102	10404						3581577	12.3693	5.3485
103	10609	1092727	10.1489	4.6875	153	23409			5.3601
104	10816	1124864	10.1980		154	23716	3652264	12.4097	
105	11025	1157625	10.2470	4.7177	155	24025	3723875	12.4499	5.3717
106	11236	1191016	10.2956	4.7326	156	24336	3796416	12.4900	5.3832
107	11449	1225043	10.3441	4.7475	157	24649	3869893	12.5300	5-3947
108	11664	1259712	10.3923	4.7622	158	24964	3944312	12.5698	5.4061
109	11881	1295029	10.4403	4.7769	159	25281	4019679	12.6095	5.4175
011	12100	1331000	10.4881	4.7914	160	25600	4096000	12.6491	5.4288
111	12321	1367631	10.5357	4.8059	161	25921	4173281	12.6886	5.4401
112	12544	1404928	10.5830	4.8203	162	26244	4251528	12.7279	5.4514
113	12769	1442897	10.6301	4.8346	163	26569	4330747	12.7671	5.4626
114	12996	1481544	10.6771	4.8488	164	26896	4410944	12.8062	5.4737
115	13225	1520875	10.7238	4.8629	165	27225	4492125	12.8452	5.4848
116		1560896	10.7703	4.8770	166	27556	4574296	12.8841	5.4959
	13456		10.7/03	4.8910	167	27889	4657463	12.9228	5.5069
117	13689	1601613			168	28224	4741632	12.9615	5.5178
118	13924	1643032	10.8628	4.9049				13.	5.5288
119	14161	1685159	10.9087	4.9187	169	28561	4826809		
120	14400	1728000	10.9545	4.9324	170	28900	4913000	13.0384	5-5397
121	14641	1771561	11.	4.9461	171	29241	5000211	13.0767	5.5505
122	14884	1815848	11.0454	4.9597	172	29584	5088448	13.1149	5.5613
123		1860867	11.0905	4.9732	173	29929	5177717	13.1529	5.5721
124	15376	1906624	11.1355	4.9866	174	30276	5268024	13.1909	5. 5 828
125	15625	1953125	11.1803	5.	175	30625	5359375	13.2288	5-5934
126	15876	2000376	11.2250	5.0133	176	30976	5451776	13.2665	5.6041
127	16129	2048383	11.2694	5.0265	177	31329	5545233	13.3041	5.6147
128	16384	2097152	11.3137	5.0397	178	31684	5639752	13.3417	5.6252
	16641	2146689	11.3578	5.0528	179	32041	5735339	13.3791	5.6357
129		2197000	11.33/8	5.0658	180	32400	5832000	13.4164	5.6462
130	16900	1	l '	1 -	1	•		l - ' ' '	
131	17161	2248091	11.4455	5.0788	181	32761	5929741	13.4536	5.6567
132	17424	2299968	11.4891	5.0916	182	33124	6028568	13.4907	5.6671
133	17689	2352637	11.5326	5.1045	183	33489	6128487	13.5277	5.6774
134	17956	2406104	11.5758	5.1172	184	33856	6229504	13.5647	5.6877
135	18225	2460375	11.6190	5.1299	185	34225	6331625	13.6015	5.6980
136	18496	2515456	11.6619	5.1426	186	34596	6434856	13.6382	5.7083
137	18769	2571353	11.7047	5. 1551	187	34969	6539203	13.6748	5.7185
138	19044	2628072	11.7473	5. 1676	188	35344	6644672	13.7113	5.7287
139	19321	2685619	11.7898	5.1801	189	35721	6751269	13.7477	5.7388
140	19600	2744000	11.8322	5.1925	190	36100	6859000	13.7840	5.7489
141	19881	2803221	11.8743	5.2048	191	36481	6967871	13.8203	5.7590
142	20164	2863288	11.0/43	5.2171	192	36864	7077888	13.8564	5.7690
	20104	2924207	11.9583	5.2293	193	37249	7189057	13.8924	5.7790
143		2985984			193	37636	7301384	13.9284	5.7890
144 145	20736 21025	3048625	12.0416	5.2415 5.2536	194	38025	7414875	13.9642	5.7989
	_		•		196	38416	1	14.	5.8088
146	21316	3112136	12.0830	5.2656	197	38809	7529536 7645373	14.0357	5.8186
147	21609	3176523	12.1244	5.2776					5.8285
148	21904	3241792	12.1655	5.2896	198	39204	7762392	14.0712	
149	22201	3307949	12.2066	5.3015	199	39601	7880599	14.1067	5.8383
150	22500	3375000	12.2474	5.3133	200	40000	8000000	14.1421	5.8480
			<u> </u>		II			1	

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

							<u> </u>		
No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
201	40401	8120601	14.1774	5.8578	251	63001	15813251	15.8430	6.3080
202	40804	8242408	14.2127	5.8675	252	63504	16003008	15.8745	6.3164
203	41209	8365427	14.2478	5.8771	253	64009	16194277	15.9060	6.3247
204	41616	8489664	14.2829	5.8868	254	64516	16387064	15.9374	6.3330
205	42025	8615125	14.3178	5.8964	255	65025	16581375	15.9687	6.3413
-					256			1	
206	42436	8741816	14.3527	5.9059		65536	16777216	16.	6.3496
207	42849	8869743	14.3875	5.9155	257	66049	16974593	16.0312	6.3579
208	43264	8998912	14.4222	5.9250	258	66564	17173512	16.0624	6.3661
209	43681	9129329	14.4568	5.9345	259	67081	17373979	16.0935	6.3743
210	44100	9261000	14.4914	5.9439	260	67600	17576000	16.1245	6.3825
211	44521	9393931	14.5258	5.9533	261	68121	17779581	16.1555	6.3907
212	44944	9528128	14.5602	5.9627	262	68644	17984728	16.1864	6.3988
213	45369	9663597	14.5945	5.9721	263	69169	18191447	16.2173	6.4070
214	45796	9800344	14.6287	5.9814	264	69696	18399744	16.2481	6.4151
215	46225	9938375	14.6629	5.9907	265	70225	18609625	16.2788	6.4232
-]	_			1	
216	46656	10077696	14.6969	6.	266	70756	18821096	16.3095	6.4312
217	47089	10218313	14.7309	6.0092	267	71289	19034163	16.3401	6.4393
218	47524	10360232	14.7648	6.0185	268	71824	19248832	16.3707	6.4473
219	47961	10503459	14.7986	6.0277	269	72361	19465109	16.4012	6.4553
220	48400	10648000	14.8324	6.0368	270	72900	19683000	16.4317	6.4633
221	48841	10793861	14.8661	6.0459	271	73441	19902511	16.4621	6.4713
222	49284	10941048	14.8997	6.0550	272	73984	20123648	16.4924	6.4792
223		11089567	14.9332	6.0641	273	74529	20346417	16.5227	6.4872
224	49729 50176	11009307	14.9552	6.0732	274	75076	20570824	16.5529	6.4951
•				6.0822	1		20796875	16.5831	
225	50625	11390625	15.	_	275	75625			6.5030
226	51076	11543176	15.0333	6.0912	276	76176	21024576	16.6132	6.5108
227	51529	11697083	15.0665	6.1002	277	76729	21253933	16.6433	6.5187
228	51984	11852352	15.0997	6.1091	278	77284	21484952	16.6733	6.5265
229	52441	12008989	15.1327	6.1180	279	77841	21717639	16.7033	6.5343
230	52900	12167000	15.1658	6.1269	280	78400	21952000	16.7332	6.5421
231	53361	12326391	15.1987	6.1358	281	78961	22188041	16.7631	6.5499
232	53824	12487168	15.2315	6.1446	282	79524	22425768	16.7929	6.5577
233	54289	12649337	15.2643	6.1534	283	80089	22665187	16.8226	6.5654
234	54756	12812904	15.2971	6. 1622	284	80656	22906304	16.8523	6.5731
		12977875	15.3297	6.1710	285	81225	23149125	16.8819	6.5808
235	55225								
236	55696	13144256	15.3623	6.1797	286	81796	23393656	16.9115	6.5885
237	56169	13312053	15.3948	6.1885	287	82369	23639903	16.9411	6.5962
238	56644	13481272	15.4272	6.1972	288	82944	23887872	16.9706	6.6039
239	57121	13651919	15.4596	6.2058	289	83521	24137569	17.	6.6115
240	576 0 0	13824000	15.4919	6.2145	290	84100	24389000	17.0294	6.6191
241	58081	13997521	15.5242	6.2231	291	84681	24642171	17.0587	6.6267
242	58564	14172488	15.5563	6.2317	292	85264	24897088	17.0880	6.6343
243	59049	14348907	15.5885	6.2403	293	85849	25153757	17.1172	6.6419
244	59536	14526784	15.6205	6.2488	294	86436	25412184	17.1464	6.6494
245	60025	14706125	15.6525	6.2573	295	87025	25672375	17.1756	6.6569
					1			1	-
246	60516	14886936	15.6844	6.2658	296	87616	25934336	17.2047	6.6644
247	61009	15069223	15.7162	6.2743	297	88209	26198073	17.2337	6.6719
248	61504	15252992	15.7480	6.2828	298	88804	26463592	17.2627	6.6794
2 49	62001	15438249	15.7797	6.2912	299	89401	26730899	17.2916	6.6869
250	62500	15625000	15.8114	6.2996	300	90000	27000000	17.3205	6.6943
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Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
301	90601	27270901	17.3494	6.7 018	851	123201	43243551	18.7350	7.0540
302	91204	27543608	17.3781	6.7092	352	123904	43614208	18.7617	7.0607
303	91809	27818127	17.4069	6.7166	353	124609	43986977	18.7883	7.0674
304	92416	2809 4464	17.4356	6.7240	354	125316	44361864	18.8149	7.0740
305	93025	28372625	17.4642	6.7313	355	126025	44738875	18.8414	7.0807
306	93636	28652616	17.4929	6.7387	356	126736	45118016	18.8680	7.0873
307	94249	28934443	17.5214	6.7460	357	127449	45499293	18.8944	7.0940
308	94864	29218112	17.5499	6.7533	358	128164	45882712	18.9209	7.1006
309	95481	29503629	17.5784	6.7606	359	128881	46268279	18.9473	7.1072
310	96100	29791000	17.6068	6.7679	360	129600	46656000	18.9737	7.1138
311	96721	30080231	17.6352	6.7752	361	130321	47045881	19.	7.1204
312	97344	30371328	17.6635	6.7824	362	131044	47437928	19.0263	7.1269
313	97969	30664297	17.6918	6.7897	363	131769	47832147	19.0526	7.1335
314	98596	30959144	17.7200	6.7969	364	132496	48228544	19.0788	7.1400
315	99225	31255875	17.7482	6.8041	365	133225	48627125	19.1050	7.1466
316	99856	31554496	17.7764	6.8113	866	133956	49027896	19.1311	7.1531
317	100489	31855013	17.8045	6.8185	367	134689	49430863	19.1572	7.1596
318	101124	32157432	17.8326	6.8256	368	135424	49836032	19.1833	7.1661
319	101761	32461759	17.8606	6.8328	369	136161	50243409	19.2094	7.1726
320	102400	32768000	17.8885	6.8399	370	136900	50653000	19.2354	7.1791
321	103041	33076161	17.9165	6.8470	371	137641	51064811	19.2614	7. 1855
322	103684	33386248	17.9444	6.8541	372	138384	51478848	19.2873	7.1920
323	104329	33698267	17.9722	6.8612	373	139129	51895117	19.3132	7.1984
324	104976	34012224	18.	6.8683	374	139876	52313624	19.3391	7.2048
325	105625	34328125	18.0278	6.8753	375	140625	52734375	19.3649	7.2112
326	106276	34645976	18.0555	6.8824	376	141376	53157376	19.3907	7.2177
327	106929	34965783	18.0831	6.8894	377	142129	53582633	19.4165	7.2240
328	107584	35287552	18.1108	6.8964	378	142884	54010152	19.4422	7.2304
329	108241	35611289	18.1384	6.9034	379	143641	5 4439939	19.4679	7.2368
330	108900	35937000	18.1659	6.9104	380	144400	54872000	19.4936	7.2432
331	109561	36264691	18.1934	6.9174	381	145161	55306341	19.5192	7.2495
332	110224	36594368	18.2209	6.9244	382	145924	55742968	19.5448	7.2558
333	110889	36926037	18.2483	6.9313	383	146689	56181887	19.5704	7.2622
334	111556	37259704	18.2757	6.9382	384	147456	56623104	19.5959	7.2685
335	112225	37595375	18.3030	6.9451	385	148225	57066625	19.6214	7.2748
336	112896	37933056	18.3303	6.9521	386	148996	57512456	19.6469	7.2811
337	113569	38272753	18.3576	6.9589	387	149769	57960603	19.6723	7.2874
338	114244	38614472	18.3848	6.9658	388	150544	58411072	19.6977	7.2936
339	114921	38958219	18.4120	6.9727	389	151321	58863869	19.7231	7.2999
340	115600	39304000	18.4391	6.9795	390	152100	59319000	19.7484	7.3061
341	116281	39651821	18.4662	6.9864	391	152881	59776471	19.7737	7.3124
342	116964	40001688	18.4932	6.9932	392	153664	60236288	19.7990	7.3186
343	117649	40353607	18.5203	7.	393	154449	60698457	19.8242	7.3248
344	118336	40707584	18.5472	7.0068	394	155236	61162984	19.8494	7.3310
345	119025	41063625	18.5742	7.0136	395	156025	61629875	19.8746	7.3372
346	119716	41421736	18.6011	7.0203	396	156816	62099136	19.8997	7.3434
347	120409	41781923	18.6279	7.0271	397	157609	62570773	19.9249	7.3496
348	121104	42144192	18.6548	7.0338	398	158404	63044792	19.9499	7.3558
349	121801	42508549	18.6815	7.0406	399	159201	63521199	19.9750	7.3619
350	122500	42875000	18.7083	7.0473	400	160000	64000000	20.	7.3681

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
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401	160801	64481201	20.0250	7.3742	451	203401	91733851	21.2368	7.6688
402	161604	64964808	20.0499	7.3803	452	204304	92345408	21.2603	7.6744
403	162409	65450827	20.0749	7.3864	453	205209	92959677	21.2838	7.6801
404	163216	65939264	20.0998	7.3925	454	206116	93576664	21.3073	7.6857
405	164025	66430125	20.1246	7.3986	455	207025	94196375	21.3307	7.6914
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406	164836	66923416	20.1494	7.4047	456	207936	94818816	21.3542	7.6970
407	165649	67419143	20.1742	7.4108	457	208849	95443993	21.3776	7.7026
408	166464	67917312	20.1990	7.4169	458	209764	96071912	21.4009	7.7082
409	167281	68417929	20.2237	7.4229	459	210681	96702579	21.4243	7.7138
410	168100	68921000	20.2485	7.4290	460	211600	97336000	21.4476	7.7194
	-60				461				
411	168921	69426531	20.2731	7.4350		212521	97972181	21.4709	7.7250
412	169744	69934528	20.2978	7.4410	462	213444	98611128	21.4942	7.7306
413	170569	70444997	20.3224	7.4470	463	214369	99252847	21.5174	7.7362
414	171396	70957944	20.3470	7.4530	464	215296	99897344	21.5407	7.7418
415	172225	71473375	20.3715	7.4590	465	216225	100544625	21.5639	7.7473
416	173056	71991296	20.3961	7.4650	466	217156	101194696	21.5870	7.7529
					467	218089			
417	173889	72511713	20.4206	7.4710			101847563	21.6102	7.7584
418	174724	73034632	20.4450	7.4770	468	219024	102503232	21.6333	7.7639
419	175561	73560059	20.4695	7.4829	469	219961	103161709	21.6564	7.7695
420	176400	74088000	20.4939	7.4889	470	220900	103823000	21.6795	7.7750
421	177241	74618461	20.5183	7.4948	471	221841	104487111	21.7025	7.7805
422	178084	75151448	20.5426	7.5007	472	222784	105154048	21.7256	7.7860
423	178929	75686967	20.5670	7.5067	473	223729	105823817	21.7486	7.7915
424	179776	76225024				224676	106496424	, ,,	7.7970
	180625	76765625	20.5913	7.5126	474		100490424	21.7715	7.8025
425	_	70703025	20.6155	7.5105	475	225625	10/1/10/5	21./945	7.0025
426	181476	77308776	20.6398	7.5244	476	226576	107850176	21.8174	7.8079
427	182329	77854483	20.6640	7.5302	477	227529	108531333	21.8403	7.8134
428	183184	78402752	20.6882	7.5361	478	228484	109215352	21.8632	7.8188
429	184041	78953589	20.7123	7.5420	479	22944 i	109902239	21.8861	7.8243
430	184900	79507000	20.7364	7.5478	48ó	230400	110592000	21.9089	7.8297
		1			1 1		••		
431	185761	80062991	20.7605	7.5537	481	231361	111284641	21.9317	7.8352
432	186624	80621568	20.7846	7.5595	482	232324	111980168	21.9545	7.8406
433	187489	81182737	20.8087	7.5654	483	233289	112678587	21.9773	7.8460
434	188356	81746504	20.8327	7.5712	484	234256	113379904	22.	7.8514
435	189225	82312875	20.8567	7.5770	485	235225	114084125	22.0227	7.8568
436	190096	82881856	20.8806	7.5828	486	236196	114791256	22.0454	7.8622
					1			22.0454	
437	190969	83453453	20.9045	7.5886	487	237169	115501303		7.8676
438	191844	84027672	20.9284	7.5944	488	238144	116214272	22.0907	7.8730
439	192721	84604519	20.9523	7.6001	489	239121	116930169	22.1133	7.8784
440	193600	85184000	20.9762	7.6059	490	240100	117649000	22.1359	7.8837
441	194481	85766121	21.	7.6117	491	241081	118370771	22.1585	7.8891
442	195364	86350888	21.0238	7.6174	492	242064	119095488	22.1811	7.8944
443	196249	86938307	21.0476	7.6232	493	243049	119823157	22.2036	7.8998
444	197136	87528384	21.0713	7.6289		244036	120553784	22.2261	7.9051
	198025	88121125	21.0950	7.6346	494			22.2486	
445	, ,	1	21.0950	7.0340	495	245025	121287375	22.2400	7.9105
446	198916	88716536	21.1187	7.6403	496	246016	122023936	22.2711	7.9158
447	199809	89314623	21.1424	7.6460	497	247009	122763473	22.2935	7.9211
448	200704	89915392	21.1660	7.6517	498	248004	123505992	22.3159	7.9264
449	201601	90518849	21.1896	7.6574	499	24900I	124251499	22.3383	7.9317
450	202500	91125000	21.2132	7.6631	500	250000	125000000	22.3607	7.9370
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Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
501	251001	125751501	22.3830	7.9423	551	303601	167284151	23.4734	8.1982
502	252004	126506008	22.4054	7.9476	552	304704	168196608	23.4947	8.2031
503	253009	127263527	22.4277	7.9528	553	305809	169112377	23.5160	8.2081
504	254016	128024064	22.4499	7.9581	554	306916	170031464	23.5372	8.2130
	255025	128787625	22.4722	7.9634		308025	170953875		8.2180
505					555	-		23.5584	l .
506	256036	129554216	22.4944	7.9686	556	309136	171879616	23.5797	8.2229
507	257049	130323843	22.5167	7.9739	557	310249	172808693	23.6008	8.2278
508	258064	131096512	22.5389	7.9791	558	311364	173741112	23.6220	8.2327
509	259081	131872229	22.5610	7.9843	559	312481	174676879	23.6432	8.2377
510	260100	132651000	22.5832	7.9896	560	313600	175616000	23.6643	8.2426
511	261121	T2242282T	22.6053	7.9948	561	314721	176558481	02 6854	8 2455
	262144	133432831		8.	562			23.6854	8.2475
512	263169	134217728	22.6274	7.		315844	177504328	23.7065	8.2524
513		135005697	22.6495	8.0052	563	316969	178453547	23.7276	8.2573
514	264196	135796744	22.6716	8.0104	564	318096	179406144	23.7487	8.2621
515	265225	136590875	22.6936	8.0156	565	319225	180362125	23.7697	8.2670
516	266256	137388096	22.7156	8.0208	566	320356	181321496	23.7908	8.2719
517	267289	138188413	22.7376	8.0260	567	321489	182284263	23.8118	8.2768
518	268324	138991832	22.7596	8.0311	568	322624	183250432	23.8328	8.2816
519	269361	139798359	22.7816	8.0363	569	323761	184220009	23.8537	8.2865
520	270400	140608000	22.8035	8.0415	57Ó	324900	185193000	23.8747	8.2913
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521	271441	141420761	22.8254	8.0466	571	326041	186169411	23.8956	8.2962
522	272484	142236648	22.8473	8.0517	572	327184	187149248	23.9165	8.3010
523	273529	143055667	22.8692	8.0569	573	328329	188132517	23.9374	8.3059
524	274576	143877824	22.8910	8.0620	574	329476	189119224	23.9583	8.3107
525	27 50 2 5	144703125	22.9129	8.0671	575	330625	190109375	23.9792	8.3155
526	276676	145531576	22.9347	8.0723	576	331776	191102976	24.	8.3203
527	277729	146363183	22.9565	8.0774	577	332929	192100033	24.0208	8.3251
528	278784	147197952	22.9783	8.0825	578	334084	193100552	24.0416	8.3300
529	279841	148035889	23.	8.0876	579	335241	194104539	24.0624	8.3348
530	280900	148877000	23.0217	8.0927	580	336400	195112000	24.0832	8.3396
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531	281961	149721291	23.0434	8.0978	581	337561	196122941	24.1039	8.3443
532	283024	150568768	23 0651	8. 1028	582	338724	197137368	24. 1247	8.3491
533	284089	151419437	23.0868	8.1079	583	339889	198155287	24.1454	8.3539
534	285156	152273304	23.1084	8.1130	584	341056	199176704	24.1661	8.3587
535	286225	153130375	23.1301	8.1180	585	342225	200201625	24.1868	8.3634
536	287296	153990656	23.1517	8.1231	586	343396	201230056	24.2074	8.3682
537	288369	154854153	23. 1733	8. 1281	587	344569	202262003	24.2281	8.3730
538	289444	155720872	23.1948	8.1332	588	345744	203297472	24.2487	8.3777
539	290521	156590819	23.2164	8.1382	589	346921	204336469	24.2693	8.3825
540	291600	157464000	23.2379	8. 1433	590	348100	205379000	24.2899	8.3872
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541	292681	158340421	23.2594	8.1483	591	349281	206425071	24.3105	8.3919
542	293764	159220088	23.2809	8.1533	592	350464	207474688	24.3311	8.3967
543	294849	160103007	23.3024	8.1583	593	351649	208527857	24.3516	8.4014
544	295936	160989184	23.3238	8.1633	594	352836	209584584	24.3721	8.4061
545	297025	161878625	2 3.3452	8. 1683	595	354025	210644875	24.3926	8.4108
546	298116	162771336	23.3666	8.1733	596	355216	211708736	24.4131	8.4155
547	299209	163667323	23.3880	8.1783	597	356409	212776173	24.4336	8.4202
548	300304	164566592	23.4094	8.1833	598	357604	213847192	24.4540	8.4249
549	301401	165469149	23.4307	8.1882	599	358801	214921799	24.4745	8.4296
550	302500	166375000	23.4521	8.1932	600	360000	216000000	24.4949	8.4343

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

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No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
01	361201	217081801	24.5153	8.4390	651	423801	275894451	25.5147	8.6668
	362404	218167208	24.5357	8.4437	652	425104	277167808	25.5343	8.6713
03	363609	219256227	24.5561	8.4484	653	426409	278445077	25.5539	8.6757
04	364816	220348864	24.5764	8.4530	654	427716	279726264	25.5734	8.6801
05	366025	221445125	24.5967	8.4577	655	429025	281011375	25.5930	8.6845
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106	367236	222545016	24.6171	8.4623	656	430336	282300416	25.6125	8.6890
07	368449	223648543	24.6374	8.4670	657	431649	283593393	25.6320	8.6934
io8	369664	224755712	24.6577	8.4716	658	432964	284890312	25.6515	8.6978
io9	370881	225866529	24.6779	8.4763	659	434281	286191179	25.6710	8.7022
010	372100	226981000	24.6982	8.4809	660	435600	287496000	25.6905	8.7066
311	272201	228099131	24.7184	8.4856	661	436921	288804781	25 7000	8.7110
12	373321	220220928		8.4902	662	438244		25.7099	
513	374544		24.7386				290117528	25.7294	8.7154
	375769	230346397	24.7588	8.4948	663	439569	291434247	25.7488	8.7198
14	376996	231475544	24.7790	8.4994	664	440896	292754944	25.7682	8.7241
515	378225	232608375	24.7992	8.5040	665	442225	294079625	25.7876	8.7285
316	379456	233744896	24.8193	8.5086	666	443556	295408296	25.8070	8.7329
517	380689	234885113	24.8395	8.5132	667	444889	296740963	25.8263	8.7373
816	381924	236029032	24.8596	8.5178	668	446224	298077632	25.8457	8.7416
19	383161	237176659	24.8797	8.5224	669	447561	299418309	25.8650	8.7460
20	384400	238328000	24.8998	8.5270	670	448900	300763000	25.8844	8.7503
- [•		1			• • •	• • •	•	1 -
321	385641	239483061	24.9199	8.5316	671	450241	302111711	25.9037	8.7547
22	386884	240641848	24.9399	8.5362	672	451584	303464448	25.9230	8.7590
23	388129	241804367	24.9600	8.5408	673	452929	304821217	25.9422	8.7634
24	389376	242970624	24.9800	8.5453	674	454276	306182024	25.9615	8.7677
25	390625	244140625	25.	8.5499	675	455625	307546875	25.9808	8.7721
326	391876	245314376	25.0200	8.5544	676	456976	308915776	26.	8.7764
527	393129	246491883	25.0400	8.5590	677	458329	310288733	26.0192	8.7807
28	394384	247673152	25.0599	8.5635	678	459684	311665752	26.0384	8.7850
529	395641	248858189	25.0799	8.5681	679	461041	313046839	26.0576	8.7893
30	396900	250047000	25.0998	8.5726	680	462400	314432000	26.0768	8.7937
331	• • •	•	1						
	398161	251239591	25.1197	8.5772	681	463761	315821241	26.0960	8.7980
32	399424	252435968	25.1396	8.5817	682	465124	317214568	26.1151	8.8023
33	400689	253636137	25.1595	8.5862	683	466489	318611987	26.1343	8.8066
34	401956	254840104	25. 1794	8.5907	684	467856	320013504	26.1534	8.8109
35	403225	256047875	25.1992	8.5952	685	469225	321419125	26.1725	8.8152
336	404496	257259456	25.2190	8.5997	686	470596	322828856	26.1916	8.8194
537	405769	258474853	25.2389	8.6043	687	471969	324242703	26.2107	8.8237
538	407044	259694072	25.2587	8.6088	688	473344	325660672	26.2298	8.8280
539	408321	260917119	25.2784	8.6132	689	474721	327082769	26.2488	8.8323
540	409600	262144000	25.2982	8.6177	690	476100	328509000	26.2679	8.8366
341	410881	263374721	25.3180	8.6222	691	477481		26.2869	8.8408
542	412164	264609288		8.6267	692	478864	329939371	26.3059	8.8451
543		265847707	25.3377	8.6312	693	480249	331373888		8.8493
544	413449	267089984	25.3574			481636	332812557	26.3249	8.8536
545	414736	268336125	25.3772	8.6357 8.6401	694	483025	334255384	26.3439	8.8578
-		00			695		335702375	26.3629	٠.
346	417316	269586136	25.4165	8.6446	696	484416	337153536	26.3818	8.8621
547	418609	270840023	25.4362	8.6490	697	485809	338608873	26.4008	8.8663
548	419904	272097792	25.4558	8.6535		487204	340068392	26.4197	8.8706
549	421201	273359449	25.4755	8.6579	699	488601	341532099	26.4386	8.8748
550	422500	274625000	25.4951	8.6624	700	490000	343000000	26.4575	8.8790
548 549	419904 421201	272097792 273359449	25.4558 25.4755	8.6535 8.6579	698 699	487204 488601	34006839 2 341532099	26.4 26.4	1197 1386

Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

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No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
701	491401	344472101	26.4764	8.8833	751	564001	423564751	27.4044	9.0896
702	492804	345948408	26.4953	8.8875	752	565504	425259008	27.4226	9.0937
703	494209	347428927	26.5141	8.8917	753	567009	426957777	27.4408	9.0977
704	495616	348913664	26.5330	8.8959	754	568516	428661064	27.4591	9.1017
		350402625	26.5518	8.9001		570025			
705	497025	330402023	20.3310	1 -	755	3/0025	430368875	27.4773	9.1057
706	4 98 436	351895816	26.5707	8.9043	756	571536	432081216	27.4955	9.1098
707	499849	353393243	26.5895	8.9085	757	573049	433798093	27.5136	9.1138
708	501264	354894912	26.6083	8.9127	758	574564	435519512	27.5318	9.1178
709	502681	356400829	26.6271	8.9169	759	576081	437245479	27.5500	9.1218
710	504100	357911000	26.6458	8.9211	760	577600	438976000	27.5681	9.1258
711	FOFFOR	Ī	26.6646	8 0050	761			' •	l • • .
	505521	359425431		8.9253	762	579121	440711081	27.5862	9.1298
712	506944	360944128	26.6833	8.9295		580644	442450728	27.6043	9.1338
713	508369	362467097	26.7021	8.9337	763	582169	444194947	27.6225	9.1378
714	509796	363994344	26.7208	8.9378	764	583696	445943744	27.6405	9.1418
715	511225	365525875	26.7395	8.9420	765	585225	447697125	27.6586	9.1458
716	512656	367061696	26.7582	8.9462	766	586756	449455096	27.6767	9.1498
717	514089	368601813	26.7769	8.9503	767	588289	451217663	27.6948	9.1537
718	515524	370146232	26.7955	8.9545	768	589824	452984832	27.7128	9.1577
719	516961	371694959	26.8142	8.9587	769	591361	454756609	27.7308	9.1617
720	518400	373248000	26.8328	8.9628	770	592900	456533000	27.7489	9.1657
- 1				· -				1	1
721	519841	374805361	26.8514	8.9670	771	594441	458314011	27.7669	9.1696
722	521284	376367048	26 .8701	8.9711	772	595984	460099648	27.7849	9. 1736
723	522729	37793306 7	26.8887	8.9752	773	597529	461889917	27.8029	9.1775
724	524176	379503424	26.9072	8.9794	774	599076	463684824	27.8209	9. 1815
725	525625	381078125	26.9258	8.9835	775	600625	465484375	27.8388	9. 1855
726	527076	382657176	26.9444	8.9876	776	602176	467288576	27.8568	9. 1894
727	528529	384240583	26.9629	8.9918	777	603729	469097433	27.8747	9.1933
728	529984	385828352	26.9815	8.9959	778	605284	470910952	27.8927	9.1973
729	531441	387420489	27.	9.		606841	472729139	27.9106	9.2012
730	532900	389017000	27.0185	9.0041	779 780	608400	474552000	27.9285	9.2052
-			' -		1	•	1		1 -
731	534361	390617891	27.0370	9.0082	781	609961	476379541	27.9464	9.2091
732	535824	392223168	27.0555	9.0123	782	611524	478211768	27.9643	9.2130
733	537289	393832837	27.0740	9.0164	783	613089	480048687	27.9821	9.2170
734	538756	395446904	27.0924	9.0205	784	614656	481890304	28.	9.2209
735	540225	397065375	37.1109	9.0246	785	616225	483736625	28.0179	9.2248
736	541696	398688256	27.1293	9.0287	786	617796	485587656	28.0357	9.2287
737	543169	400315553	27.1477	9.0328	787	619369	487443403	28.0535	9.2326
738	544644	401947272	27.1662	9.0369	788	620944	489303872	28.0713	9.2365
739	546121	403583419	27.1846	9.0410	789	622521	491169069	28.0891	9.2404
740	547600	405224000	27.2029	9.0450	790	624100	493039000	28.1069	9.2443
741		' • '		, ,	'-	•	1,50 05	1	1
	549081	406869021	27.2213	9.0491	791	625681	494913671	28.1247	9.2482
742	550564	408518488	27.2397	9.0532	792	627264	496793088	28.1425	9.2521
743	552049	410172407	27.2580	9.0572	793	628849	498677257	28.1603	9.2560
744	553536	411830784	27.2764	9.0613	794	630436	500566184	28.1780	9.2599
745	555025	413493625	27.2947	9.0654	795	632025	502459875	28. 1957	9.2638
746	556516	415160936	27.3130	9.0694	796	633616	504358336	28.2135	9.2677
747	558009	416832723	27.3313	9.0735	797	635209	506261573	28.2312	9.2716
748	559504	418508992	27.3496	9.0775	798	636804	508169592	28.2489	9.2754
749	561001	420189749	27.3679	9.0816	799	638401	510082399	28.2666	9.2793
750	562500	421875000	27.3861	9.0856	800	640000	512000000	28.2843	9.2832
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Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from I to 1000—continued.

801 641601 513922401 28.3019 9.2870 881 724201 61629551 29.1719 9.476 802 643204 515849608 28.3196 9.2909 852 725904 618470208 29.1809 9.480 803 644809 517781627 28.3373 9.2948 853 727609 62050477 29.2062 9.483 804 646416 519718464 28.3549 9.2908 854 72910 620650477 29.2062 9.483 805 648025 521660125 28.3727 9.3022 855 731025 625026375 29.2404 9.491 806 649636 523666616 28.3901 9.3063 886 732736 62902375 29.2404 9.491 807 651249 525557943 28.4077 9.3102 857 734449 629422793 29.2746 9.4981 808 652804 527514112 28.4253 9.3140 888 736164 631628712 29.2916 9.502 809 654481 529475129 28.4429 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 810 656105 53144100 28.4005 9.3217 860 739600 63605600 29.3258 9.509 811 657721 533411731 28.4253 9.3328 862 743044 649503928 29.3598 9.513 812 659344 5235387328 28.4956 9.3329 862 743044 649503928 29.3389 9.513 813 660969 537367797 28.5132 9.3332 864 746496 644972544 29.3399 9.522 816 665856 543388496 28.5657 9.3370 864 746496 644972544 29.3399 9.522 816 665856 543388496 28.5657 9.3447 866 749956 649461896 29.4279 9.531 818 669124 547343432 28.6007 9.3323 885 736424 65397203 29.4469 9.532 819 670761 549333259 28.6182 9.3361 869 755161 656234909 29.4788 9.542 822 675684 555412248 28.6705 9.3575 877 760346 660763761 29.5750 9.526 822 675684 555412248 28.6705 9.3575 877 760346 660763761 29.5750 9.526 823 677249 555412248 28.7054 9.3751 874 763876 66072624 29.5359 9.502 824 678076 559476224 28.7054 9.3751 874 763876 66072624 29.535 9.501 823 675284 555472248 28.7054 9.3751 874 763876 660762764 29.5950 9.5804 823 677240 55158600 28.6356 9.3359 877 75690 65958064 29.5359 9.501 824 678076 559476224 28.7054 9.3751 874 763876 6607627624 29.5059 9.593 825 686655 5650283 28.7576 9.3865 877 770446 660704613 29.5179 9.550 826 68808 5787279 59.38979 9.3908 877 77604 66076242 29.535 9.501 828 685848 559676325 28.7750 9.3802 877 760540 660921879 29.5839 9.501 829 6970761 5493933259 28.6182 9.3351 887 770560 6908074 29.5359 9.501 829 670761 5493933259 28.6182 9.3351 887 770560 6908074 29.5359 9.501 820										
802 643204 517584968 8.3 106 9.2009 852 725904 618470268 29, 1890 9.4888 803 646416 519718464 28,3373 9.2948 853 727609 620650477 29,2062 9.483 806 646416 519718464 28,3378 9.3024 857 731025 6205375 29,2404 9.494 806 648025 521660125 28,3725 9.3023 857 731025 62723564 29,2275 9.494 808 652864 525751412 28,4077 9.3102 857 734449 629422793 29,2916 9.498 806 654841 529475129 28,4429 9.3179 860 733600 63605000 29,3258 9.509 810 656710 531411000 28,4059 9.3217 860 739600 63605000 29,3258 9.502 811 657721 534411343375 28,5132 9.3332 863 74409 642735647 29,3769 <td>No.</td> <td>Square.</td> <td>Cube.</td> <td>Sq. Rt.</td> <td>Cu. Rt.</td> <td>No.</td> <td>Square.</td> <td>Cube.</td> <td>Sq. Rt.</td> <td>Cu. Rt.</td>	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
803 64abool 51ry781627 28.3373 9.2986 853 727609 620650477 29.2062 9.438 804 64abot 51ry18464 28.3373 9.2986 854 723105 62203375 29.2023 9.487 806 649636 523660616 28.3901 9.3063 866 712736 627020375 29.2046 9.488 807 651249 525557943 28.4077 9.3102 857 734449 62422793 29.2746 9.408 809 654481 529475129 28.4429 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 811 657721 533411731 28.4781 9.3255 861 741321 638277381 29.3428 9.513 812 659344 535387348 28.5307 9.3370 864 744596 644972544 29.3399 9.524 812 664255 543338496 28.5329 9.3487 866 749956 649461896 29.44929 </td <td>801</td> <td>641601</td> <td>513922401</td> <td>28.3019</td> <td>9.2870</td> <td>851</td> <td>724201</td> <td>616295051</td> <td>29.1719</td> <td>9.4764</td>	801	641601	513922401	28.3019	9.2870	851	724201	616295051	29.1719	9.4764
803 64abool 51ry781627 28.3373 9.2986 853 727609 620650477 29.2062 9.438 804 64abot 51ry18464 28.3373 9.2986 854 723105 62203375 29.2023 9.487 806 649636 523660616 28.3901 9.3063 866 712736 627020375 29.2046 9.488 807 651249 525557943 28.4077 9.3102 857 734449 62422793 29.2746 9.408 809 654481 529475129 28.4429 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 811 657721 533411731 28.4781 9.3255 861 741321 638277381 29.3428 9.513 812 659344 535387348 28.5307 9.3370 864 744596 644972544 29.3399 9.524 812 664255 543338496 28.5329 9.3487 866 749956 649461896 29.44929 </td <td>802</td> <td>643204</td> <td>515849608</td> <td>28.3196</td> <td>9.2909</td> <td>852</td> <td>725904</td> <td>618470208</td> <td>29.1890</td> <td>9.4801</td>	802	643204	515849608	28.3196	9.2909	852	725904	618470208	29.1890	9.4801
804 646416 5 19718464	803				9.2948				29,2062	
806 648025 521660125 28.3725 9.3025 855 731025 625026375 29.2404 9.4948 806 649036 52360616 28.3901 9.3063 856 732736 627222016 29.2575 9.4948 808 652864 527514112 28.4253 9.3102 857 734449 629422793 29.2469 9.498 800 656100 531441000 28.4605 9.3217 860 739600 63605600 29.3258 9.509 811 657721 333411731 28.4781 9.3255 861 741321 638277381 29.3288 9.509 812 659344 5337333144 28.5329 9.3378 862 744769 642735647 29.3769 9.522 814 662565 533383144 28.5329 9.3342 867 744769 644972544 29.3799 9.522 816 665856 54338496 28.557 9.3461 867 745225 647414625 29.4449 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>854</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						854				
806 649636 523606616 28.3901 9.3063 866 732736 627222016 29.2575 9.494 807 651249 525557943 28.4077 9.3102 877 734449 629422793 29.2746 9.494 809 654481 529475129 28.4429 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 810 657721 533414731 28.4956 9.3217 860 739600 636056000 29.3258 9.507 812 659344 533387328 28.4956 9.3294 862 743044 649503928 29.3358 9.517 813 660959 537367797 28.5132 9.3358 862 744769 642733647 29.3769 9.327 816 662585 543333496 28.5657 9.3474 866 74996 649472544 29.3399 9.524 816 667286 543338531 28.5832 9.3447 866 74996 649472544 29.4499				28. 2725		See				
808 652464 5257514112 28.4253 7.3140 629422793 29.2746 9.498 808 652464 5257514112 28.4253 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 811 657721 533411731 28.4429 9.3179 859 737881 633839779 29.3087 9.506 811 657721 533411731 28.4781 9.3255 861 741321 638277381 29.3218 9.507 813 660969 537367797 28.5132 9.3328 86.5 744509 64273547 29.3769 9.528 814 662505 533351344 28.5307 9.3370 864 74506 64275 547343375 28.5482 9.3408 865 748225 647214625 29.4109 9.528 816 66586 543338496 28.5657 9.3342 86.65 748225 647214625 29.4109 9.528 818 669124 547343432 28.6007 9.3352 867 751689 651714363 29.4440 9.5338 28.2 67240 55136800 28.6536 9.3598 870 75690 658903000 29.4789 9.536 828 678976 55547224 28.8670 9.3367 871 758641 6607689 55547224 28.86705 9.3675 872 760384 66356488 29.5968 9.3753 823 6773729 5574417407 28.6889 9.3715 873 76502 66921875 29.5808 9.3715 873 660921875 29.5808 9.3715 873 6609224 7799 9.531 873 672129 6553470224 28.7050 9.3865 877 76502 66921875 29.5804 9.3751 873 76922 6692247 75930368 28.7750 9.3865 877 769129 674526133 29.4618 9.533 828 68329 565609283 28.7576 9.3865 877 769129 674526133 29.4618 9.533 828 68329 565609283 28.7576 9.3808 877 76502 66921875 29.5804 9.553 824 678976 555476224 28.7509 9.3902 878 77669129 674526133 29.6142 9.5714 833 69389 575609287 28.87924 9.3904 887 770504 681472000 29.6686 9.553 828 668227 683929 565609283 28.7576 9.3865 877 769129 674526133 29.6142 9.5714 833 69389 575809537 28.8647 9.4016 885 783225 693154125 29.9763 9.593 9.59468 855 7809237 28.8649 9.4166 885 783225 693154125 29.7689 9.593 9.59468 833 703921 890589719 28.9655 9.4316 889 799321 702595369 29.4869 9.593 888 779089 5884807102 29.6686 9.953 888 770969 5864807010 29.7689 9.4424 889 790321 702595369 29.4899 9.4424 889 790321 702595369 29.8896 9.4358 887 770969 5864807010 29.7689 9.4424 889 790321 702595369 29.8896 9.4358 891 703921 702595369 29.9899 9.4424 889 790321 702595369 29.9669 9.633 9.4658 891 702460 607645423 29.0861 9.4578 899 800201 72459529 29.9686 9.633 9.4658 891 70240 607645423 29.0861 9.4578	-		•							
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Table of Squares, Cubes, Square Roots, and Cube Roots of Numbers from 1 to 1000—continued.

No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.	No.	Square.	Cube.	Sq. Rt.	Cu. Rt.
901	811801	731432701	30.0167	9.6585	951	904401	860085351	30.8383	9.8339
	813604	733870808	30.0333	9.6620	952	906304	862801408	30.8545	9.8374
902									
903	815409	736314327	30.0500	9.6656	953	908209	865523177	30.8707	9.8408
904	817216	738763264	30.0666	9.6692	954	910116	868250664	30.8869	9.8443
905	819025	741217625	30.0832	9.6727	955	912025	870983875	30.9031	9.8477
906	820836	743677416	30.0998	9.6763	956	913936	873722816	30.9192	9.8511
907	822649	746142643	30.1164	9.6799	957	915849	876467493	30.9354	9.8546
908	824464	748613312	30.1330	9.6834	958	917764	879217912	30.9516	9.8580
909	826281	751089429	30.1496	9.6870	959	919681	881974079	30.9677	9.8614
910	828100	753571000	30.1662	9.6905	960	921600	884736000	30.9839	9.8648
911	829921	756058031	30.1828	9.6941	961	923521	887503681	31.	9.8683
912	831744	758550528	30.1993	9.6976	962	925444	890277128	31.0161	9.8717
913	833569	761048497	30.2159	9.7012	963	927369	893056347	31.0322	9.8751
		763551944	30.2324	9.7047	964	929296	895841344	31.0483	9.8785
914	835396				1				
915	837225	766060875	30.2490	9.7082	965	931225	898632125	31.0644	9.8819
916	839056	768575296	30.2655	9.7118	966	933156	901428696	31.0805	9.8854
917	840889	771095213	30.2820	9.7153	967	935089	904231063	31.0966	9.8888
918	842724	773620632	30.2985	9.7188	968	937024	907039232	31.1127	9.8922
919	844561	776151559	30.3150	9.7224	969	938961	909853209	31.1288	9.8956
920	846400	778688000	30.3315	9.7259	970	940900	912673000	31.1448	9.8990
921	848241	781229961	30.3480	9.7294	971	942841	915498611	31.1609	9.9024
922	850084	783777448	30.3645	9.7329	972	944784	918330048	31.1769	9.9058
923	8519 29	786330467	30.3809	9.7364	973	946729	921167317	31.1929	9.9092
924	853776	788889024	30.3974	9.7400	974	948676	924010424	31.2090	9.9126
	855625	791453125	30.4138			950625	926859375	31.2250	9.9160
925				9.7435	.975	"		-	
926	857476	794022776	30.4302	9.7470	976	952576	929714176	31.2410	9.9194
927	859329	796597983	30.4467	9.7505	977	954529	932574833	31.2570	9.9227
928	861184	799178752	30.4631	9.7540	978	956484	935441352	31.2730	9.9261
929	863041	801765089	30.4795	9-7575	979	958441	938313739	31.2890	9.9295
930	864900	804357000	30.4959	9.7610	980	960400	941192000	31.3050	9.9329
981	866761	806954491	30.5123	9.7645	981	962361	944076141	31.3209	9.9363
932	868624	809557568	30. 5287	9.7680	982	964324	946966168	31.3369	9.9396
933	870489	812166237	30.5450	9.7715	983	966289	949862087	31.3528	9.9430
934	872356	814780504	30.5614	9.7750	984	968256	952763904	31.3688	9.9464
935	874225	817400375	30.5778	9.7785	985	970225	955671625	31.3847	9.9497
936	876096	820025856	30. 5941	9.7819	986	972196	958585256	31.4006	9.9531
937	877969	822656953	30.6105	9.7854	987	974169	961504803	31.4166	9.9565
938	879844	825293672	30.6268	9.7889	988	976144	964430272	31.4325	9.9598
939	881721	827936019	30.6431	9.7924	989	978121	967361669	31.4484	9.9632
940	883600	830584000	30.6594	9.7959	990	980100	970299000	31.4643	9.9666
941	885481	833237621	30.6757	9.7993	991	982081	973242271	31.4802	9.9699
942	887364	835896888	30.6920	9.8028	992	984064	975191488	31.4960	9.9099
	889249	838561807							
943			30.7083	9.8063	993	986049	979146657	31.5119	9.9766
944	891136	841232384	30.7246	9.8097	994	988036	982107784	31.5278	9.9800
945	893025	843908625	30.7409	9.8132	995	990025	985074875	31.5436	9.9833
946	894916	846590536	30.7571	9.8167	996	992016	988047936	31.5595	9.9866
947	896809	849278123	30.7734	9.8201	997	994009	991026973	31.5753	9.9900
948	898704	851971392	30.7896	9.8236	998	996004	994011992	31.5911	9.9933
949	900601	854670349	30.8058	9.8270	999	998001	997002999	31.6070	9.9 967
950	902500	857375000	30.8221	9.8305	1000	1000000	1000000000	31.6228	10.
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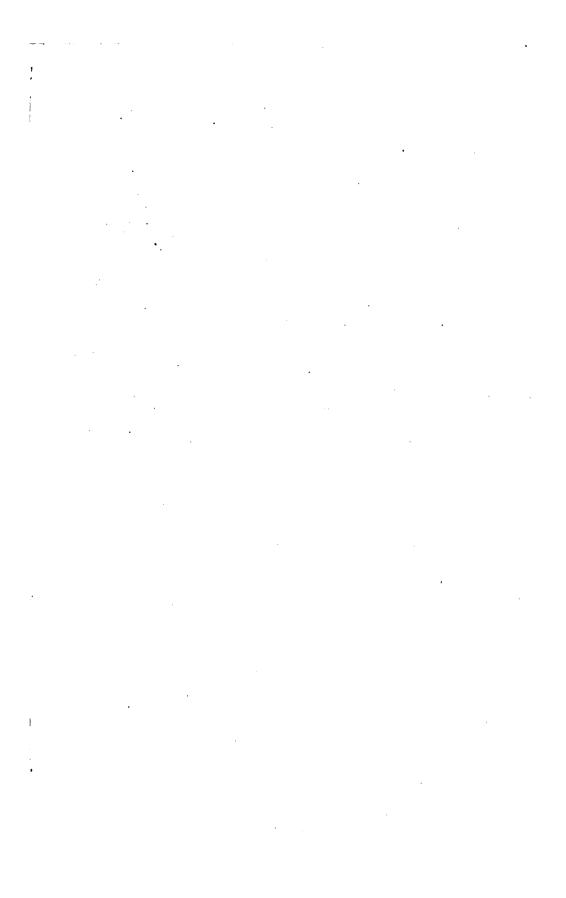
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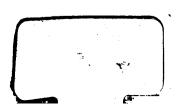
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